

Contractor Report

**Propulsion Stability Codes
for Liquid Propellant Propulsion Systems
Developed for Use on a PC Computer
(5-32441)**

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Summary

Last year, several programs designed to run on a PC computer were developed for MSFC. These codes covered the low, intermediate, and high frequency modes of oscillation of a liquid rocket propulsion system. No graphics were built into these programs and only simple piping layouts were supported. This year's effort has been to add run time graphics to the low and intermediate frequency codes, allow new types of piping elements (accumulators, pumps, and split pipes) in the low frequency code, and develop a new code for the PC to generate Nyquist plots.

Introduction

This year began with the computer programs at the stage described in NASA Contractor Report 5-32176, June 1990. The programs written for the Macintosh had plot capability, but were slow because of the interpretive language used. Programs for the PC were written in FORTRAN to increase the speed of execution. The PC programs discussed in Report 5-32176 contained no graphics.

This year, the PC programs were expanded to include graphics and to address more types of feedline elements. The effort this year was primarily in the low frequency area. In addition to the admittance calculations, the pressure transfer function was evaluated. A new PC program was written to generate the Nyquist plots already implemented on the Macintosh. Graphics were added to the intermediate mode program. Frequency may be input (and output) in either radians per second or in Hertz.

This report will trace the development of these enhancements. A summary of the working equations for impedance are presented first. Then, the equations are derived for each of the types of piping elements handled: straight piped, inline accumulator, tuned stub, Helmholtz resonator, parallel resonator, pumps, and split pipes. The bend is handled as an equivalent straight pipe based on the procedure presented in NASA Contractor Report 5-32176. All impedances are nondimensionalized by chamber pressure divided by chamber mass flow (p_c/\dot{m}_c). In the split pipe case, this factor for one engine is multiplied by the number of engines [$m \cdot (p_c/\dot{m}_c)$].

The Nyquist program is discussed next. The equations used are presented. In addition the Nyquist plots, phase-gain plots have been added.

The primary modifications to the intermediate mode program concern simplifying the operation and the plotting of the n vs τ curves.

There were no modifications to the high frequency program made this year. However, the code was used to study the stability of a couple of engines (see Appendix A).

Feedline Program

The feedline program has undergone extensive enhancements. The addition of graphics allows the user to run a case, look at the results, interactively modify the input, and repeat the cycle. All this may be done with one running of the code. Also, the input was rearranged into a more useful form for this type interactive operation.

The addition of graphics made it feasible to add the pressure transfer function to the code. This required restructuring the logic of the program. The original program was only required to compute the admittance looking toward the tank. The calculation of the pressure transfer function required the computation of impedance looking toward the engine.

Major changes to the code were required to accommodate more complex pipe layouts. The most complex addition was allowing a line to split into m identical lines. This calculation requires an iteration to determine the impedances. The addition of four types of accumulators was more straight forward. Inline accumulators, tuned stubs, Helmholtz resonators, and parallel resonators may be handled by the program. A pump also may be included in the piping layout.

The first graphics incorporated into the program displays the piping layout in the upper half of the screen and the admittance vs frequency curve in the lower half of the screen. A split pipe is represented by only one of the m identical lines. Accumulators are all shown as on the upper part of the pipe. The drawing of the pump has not been added to the graph.

A surface plot and a contour plot were added to display the pressure transfer function vs frequency and distance. The surface plot may be displayed from any viewpoint and as a solid surface or a wire-frame drawing. The contour plot displays nine contour lines with the values of lines 1, 5, and 9 displayed.

All aspects of the plots are under the control of the user. Defaults are set by the program, but these are easily changed. The colors used may be changed and these remain in effect until changed again. Colors are assigned separately to the three graphs. The surface plot and contour plot may be bypassed. The pipe layout - admittance graph is always displayed, but the admittance curve may be plotted as the calculations are made or after they are finished.

These enhancements to the feedline program will be illustrated by a series of runs. The four type of accumulators will be compared to the same layout without an accumulator. The results for the basic configuration are shown in Figure 1. The pipe layout and admittance vs frequency curve are in Figure 1a, the surface plot of the pressure transfer function vs frequency and location is in Figure 1b, and a contour plot of the pressure transfer function is in figure 1c. The peak pressure appears to occur after the second bend from the tank. The accumulators will be inserted at this point.

It should be noted that a coarse grid may underestimate the peak. In all cases run, the finest grid available was run to obtain the peak, then a coarser grid with the same peak was run to produce the plots. For example, the surface shown in Figure 1b was generated using 33 frequencies between 1 and 30 Hertz. The code was run again using 34 frequencies over the same interval giving the surface in Figure 2. The user must be aware of this problem and act accordingly.

An Inline Accumulator was inserted and the code rerun. The accumulator was 2 ft. long with a diameter of 4 ft. No attempt was made to minimize the peak, only to reduce it significantly. The results are given in Figure 3 which shows a drop in the peak pressure of 80%.

Next, a Tuned Stub was used. It was 10.5 ft. long and had a 0.74 ft. diameter. Figure 4 presents the results. The reduction in peak pressure was 70% for this configuration.

A Helmholtz Resonator with a 0.001 ft. diameter stem 0.4 ft. long leading to a volume of 5 ft³ was run (Fig. 5). This reduced the peak pressure by 72%.

The last accumulator was a Parallel Resonator 1 ft. long with a diameter of 0.05 ft. It bypassed a volume of 1 ft³. Figure 6 shows the results of the run. This configuration reduced the peak pressure by only 47%. Remember, this configuration was not fine tuned as only a reduction in the peak was desired.

The effect of splitting a pipe into three identical lines going to identical engines was investigated by first running a case where the pipe is unsplit, but has an area equivalent to the three pipes. The results of the unsplit pipe are shown in Figure 7. Then the split pipe case was run giving the results shown in Figure 8. These figures show that a split pipe cannot be properly analyzed using an equivalent single pipe.

Summary of Equations for Impedance

In the following equations, $n = s/a$.

1. Straight Pipe

$$Z_t(I) = Z_o(I) \cdot \left[\frac{Z_t(I-1) + Z_o(I) \cdot \tanh(n \cdot l)}{Z_o(I) + Z_t(I-1) \cdot \tanh(n \cdot l)} \right]$$

$$Z_g(I) = \{e^{n \cdot l_1} \cdot [Z_o(I+1) + Z_g(I+1)] \cdot (1 - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l}) - Z_o(I+1) \cdot (1 - N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot l_1})\} / (1 + N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot l_1})$$

$$\text{where } N = [Z_o(I+1) - Z_t(I-1)] / [Z_o(I+1) + Z_t(I-1)]$$

$$M = [Z_o(I+1) - Z_g(I+1)] / [Z_o(I+1) + Z_g(I+1)]$$

$$l = L(I) + L(I+1)$$

$$l_1 = L(I+1)$$

2. Inline Accumulator

$$Z_\bullet = 1 / (C \cdot s)$$

$$Z_t(I) = Z_\bullet \cdot Z_t(I-1) / [Z_t(I-1) + Z_\bullet]$$

$$Z_g(I) = Z_\bullet \cdot Z_g(I+1) / [Z_g(I+1) + Z_\bullet]$$

3. Tuned Stub

$$Z_\bullet = Z_o / \tanh(n \cdot l)$$

$$Z_t(I) = Z_\bullet \cdot Z_t(I-1) / [Z_t(I-1) + Z_\bullet]$$

$$Z_g(I) = Z_\bullet \cdot Z_g(I+1) / [Z_g(I+1) + Z_\bullet]$$

4. Helmholtz Resonator

$$Z_\bullet = (1 + L \cdot C \cdot s^2) / (C \cdot s)$$

$$Z_t(I) = Z_\bullet \cdot Z_t(I-1) / [Z_t(I-1) + Z_\bullet]$$

$$Z_g(I) = Z_\bullet \cdot Z_g(I+1) / [Z_g(I+1) + Z_\bullet]$$

5. Parallel Resonator

$$Z_{\bullet} = L \cdot s / (1 + L \cdot C \cdot s^2)$$

$$Z_t(I) = Z_t(I-1) + Z_{\bullet}$$

$$Z_g(I) = Z_g(I+1) + Z_{\bullet}$$

6. Pump

$$Z_p = \frac{\partial p}{\partial \dot{m}}$$

$$Z_t(I) = \{Z_t(I-1) + (Z_p + L \cdot s) \cdot [1 + Z_t(I-1) \cdot C \cdot s]\} / [1 + Z_t(I-1) \cdot C \cdot s]$$

$$Z_g(I) = [L \cdot s - Z_p + Z_g(I+1)] / \{1 + C \cdot s \cdot [L \cdot s - Z_p + Z_g(I+1)]\}$$

7. Split Pipe

$$Z_{\bullet} = Z_g(I-1) \cdot Z_t(I-1) / [(m-1) \cdot Z_t(I-1) + Z_g(I-1)]$$

$$Z_t(I) = Z_o(I) \cdot \left[\frac{Z_{\bullet} + Z_o(I) \cdot \tanh(n \cdot l)}{Z_o(I) + Z_{\bullet} \cdot \tanh(n \cdot l)} \right]$$

$$Z_g(I) = \{e^{n \cdot l_1} \cdot [Z_o(I+1) + Z_g(I+1)] \cdot (1 - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l}) - Z_o(I+1) \cdot (1 - N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot l_1})\} / [m \cdot (1 + N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot l_1})]$$

$$\text{where } N = [Z_o(I+1) - Z_t(I-1)] / [Z_o(I+1) + Z_t(I-1)]$$

$$M = [Z_o(I+1) - Z_g(I+1)] / [Z_o(I+1) + Z_g(I+1)]$$

$$l = L(I) + L(I+1)$$

$$l_1 = L(I+1)$$

Straight Pipe

The equation for the pressure at any point in a pipe is derived on page 25 of NASA Contractor Report 5-32176.

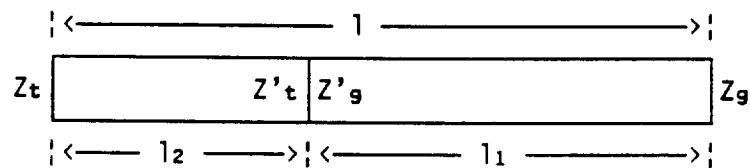
$$\frac{p(x,s)}{p_g(s)} = \left(\frac{Z_0}{Z_0 + Z_g} \right) \cdot \left[\frac{e^{-n \cdot x} - N \cdot e^{-n \cdot (2 \cdot l - x)}}{1 - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l}} \right]$$

$$\text{where } n = s/a$$

$$\text{where } N = \frac{Z_0 - Z_t}{Z_0 + Z_t}$$

$$M = \frac{Z_0 - Z_g}{Z_0 + Z_g}$$

Consider the case where the pipe is divided into two sections:



Case 1. Solve for Z_t . Z_g is the same for l and l_1

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(\frac{Z_0}{Z_0 + Z_g} \right) \cdot \left[\frac{e^{-n \cdot x} - N \cdot e^{-n \cdot (2 \cdot l - x)}}{1 - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l}} \right] \\ &= \left(\frac{Z_0}{Z_0 + Z_g} \right) \cdot \left[\frac{e^{-n \cdot x} - N' \cdot e^{-n \cdot (2 \cdot l_1 - x)}}{1 - N' \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}} \right] \end{aligned}$$

evaluate at $x = l_1$

$$\left(\frac{e^{-n \cdot l_1} - N \cdot e^{-n \cdot (2 \cdot l - l_1)}}{1 - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l}} \right) = \left[\frac{e^{-n \cdot l_1} - N' \cdot e^{-n \cdot (2 \cdot l_1 - l_1)}}{1 - N' \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}} \right]$$

$$\left(\frac{e^{-n \cdot l_1} - N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1} \cdot e^{n \cdot l_1}}{1 - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}} \right) = \left(\frac{e^{-n \cdot l_1} - N' \cdot e^{-n \cdot l_1}}{1 - N' \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}} \right)$$

$$\left(\frac{1 - N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}}{1 - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}} \right) = \left(\frac{1 - N'}{1 - N' \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}} \right)$$

$$(1 - N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}) \cdot (1 - N' \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}) \\ = (1 - N') \cdot (1 - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1})$$

$$1 - N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot l_1} - N' \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1} + N \cdot N' \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1} \\ = 1 - N' - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1} + N \cdot N' \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}$$

$$(1 - M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}) \cdot N' = (e^{2 \cdot n \cdot l_1} - M) \cdot N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}$$

$$N' = N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}$$

but, $l_2 = l - l_1$, therefore

$$N' = N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_2} = N \cdot [\cosh(2 \cdot n \cdot l_2) - \sinh(2 \cdot n \cdot l_2)]$$

$$N' = N \cdot [\cosh^2(n \cdot l_2) + \sinh^2(n \cdot l_2) - 2 \cdot \cosh(n \cdot l_2) \cdot \sinh(n \cdot l_2)]^2$$

$$N' = N \cdot [\cosh(n \cdot l_2) - \sinh(n \cdot l_2)]^2$$

$$N' = N \cdot \left\{ \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \tanh^2(n \cdot l_2)}} - \frac{\tanh(n \cdot l_2)}{\sqrt{1 - \tanh^2(n \cdot l_2)}} \right\}^2$$

$$N' = N \cdot \left\{ \frac{[1 - \tanh(n \cdot l_2)]^2}{1 - \tanh^2(n \cdot l_2)} \right\} = N \cdot \left[\frac{1 - \tanh(n \cdot l_2)}{1 + \tanh(n \cdot l_2)} \right]$$

let $l_2 = l$ and expand N and N'

$$\left(\frac{Z_0 - Z'_t}{Z_0 + Z'_t} \right) = \left(\frac{Z_0 - Z_t}{Z_0 + Z_t} \right) \cdot \left[\frac{1 - \tanh(n \cdot l)}{1 + \tanh(n \cdot l)} \right]$$

$$(Z_0 - Z'_t) \cdot (Z_0 + Z_t) \cdot [1 + \tanh(n \cdot l)]$$

$$= (Z_0 - Z_t) \cdot (Z_0 + Z'_t) \cdot [1 - \tanh(n \cdot l)]$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& (Z_0^2 + Z_0 \cdot Z_t - Z_0 \cdot Z'_t - Z_t \cdot Z'_t) \cdot [1 + \tanh(n \cdot l)] \\
& = (Z_0^2 - Z_0 \cdot Z_t + Z_0 \cdot Z'_t - Z_t \cdot Z'_t) \cdot [1 - \tanh(n \cdot l)] \\
& Z_0 \cdot (Z_t - Z'_t) + (Z_0^2 - Z_t \cdot Z'_t) \cdot \tanh(n \cdot l) \\
& = -Z_0 \cdot (Z_t - Z'_t) - (Z_0^2 - Z_t \cdot Z'_t) \cdot \tanh(n \cdot l) \\
& Z_0 \cdot (Z_t - Z'_t) + (Z_0^2 - Z_t \cdot Z'_t) \cdot \tanh(n \cdot l) = 0 \\
& [Z_0 + Z_t \cdot \tanh(n \cdot l)] \cdot Z'_t = Z_0 \cdot [Z_t + Z_0 \cdot \tanh(n \cdot l)]
\end{aligned}$$

$$Z'_t = Z_0 \cdot \left[\frac{Z_t + Z_0 \cdot \tanh(n \cdot l)}{Z_0 + Z_t \cdot \tanh(n \cdot l)} \right]$$

or,

$$Z_t(I) = Z_0(I) \cdot \left[\frac{Z_t(I-1) + Z_0(I) \cdot \tanh(n \cdot l)}{Z_0(I) + Z_t(I-1) \cdot \tanh(n \cdot l)} \right]$$

Case 2. Solve for Z_g . Z_t is the same for l and l_2

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(\frac{Z_0}{Z_0 + Z_g} \right) \cdot \left[\frac{e^{-n \cdot x} - N \cdot e^{-n \cdot (2 \cdot l - x)}}{1 - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l}} \right] \\
& = \left(\frac{Z_0}{Z_0 + Z'_g} \right) \cdot \left[\frac{e^{-n \cdot x} - N \cdot e^{-n \cdot (2 \cdot l_2 - x)}}{1 - N \cdot M' \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_2}} \right]
\end{aligned}$$

evaluate at $x = l_1$ for l and $x = 0$ for l_2

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(\frac{1}{Z_0 + Z_g} \right) \cdot \left[\frac{e^{-n \cdot l_1} - N \cdot e^{-n \cdot (2 \cdot l - l_1)}}{1 - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l}} \right] \\
& = \left(\frac{1}{Z_0 + Z'_g} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{1 - N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_2}}{1 - N \cdot M' \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_2}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

substitute $l - l_1$ for l_2

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(\frac{1}{Z_0 + Z_g} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{e^{-n \cdot 1_1} - N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot 1} \cdot e^{n \cdot 1_1}}{1 - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot 1}} \right) \\ &= \left(\frac{1}{Z_0 + Z'_g} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{1 - N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot 1} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot 1_1}}{1 - N \cdot M' \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot 1} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot 1_1}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(\frac{e^{-n \cdot 1_1}}{Z_0 + Z_g} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{1 - N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot 1} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot 1_1}}{1 - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot 1}} \right) \\ &= \left(\frac{1}{Z_0 + Z'_g} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{1 - N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot 1} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot 1_1}}{1 - N \cdot M' \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot 1} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot 1_1}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(\frac{e^{-n \cdot 1_1}}{Z_0 + Z_g} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{1 - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot 1}} \right) \\ &= \left(\frac{1}{Z_0 + Z'_g} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{1 - N \cdot M' \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot 1} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot 1_1}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & (Z_0 + Z'_g) \cdot e^{-n \cdot 1_1} \cdot (1 - N \cdot M' \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot 1} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot 1_1}) \\ &= (Z_0 + Z_g) \cdot (1 - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot 1}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & (Z_0 + Z'_g) \cdot e^{-n \cdot 1_1} \cdot \left[1 - N \cdot \left(\frac{Z_0 - Z'_g}{Z_0 + Z'_g} \right) \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot 1} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot 1_1} \right] \\ &= (Z_0 + Z_g) \cdot (1 - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot 1}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & (Z_0 + Z'_g) \cdot e^{-n \cdot 1_1} - N \cdot (Z_0 - Z'_g) \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot 1} \cdot e^{n \cdot 1_1} \\ &= (Z_0 + Z_g) \cdot (1 - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot 1}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & Z_0 + Z'_g - N \cdot (Z_0 - Z'_g) \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot 1} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot 1_1} \\ &= e^{n \cdot 1_1} \cdot (Z_0 + Z_g) \cdot (1 - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot 1}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & Z_0 \cdot (1 - N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot 1} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot 1_1}) + Z'_g \cdot (1 + N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot 1} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot 1_1}) \\ &= e^{n \cdot 1_1} \cdot (Z_0 + Z_g) \cdot (1 - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot 1}) \end{aligned}$$

$$Z'_g \cdot (1 + N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}) = e^{n \cdot l_1} \cdot (Z_0 + Z_g) \cdot (1 - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l}) \\ - Z_0 \cdot (1 - N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot l_1})$$

$$Z'_g = [e^{n \cdot l_1} \cdot (Z_0 + Z_g) \cdot (1 - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l}) - Z_0 \cdot (1 - N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot l_1})] \\ / (1 + N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot l_1})$$

or,

$$N = [Z_0(I+1) - Z_t(I-1)] / [Z_0(I+1) + Z_t(I-1)]$$

$$M = [Z_0(I+1) - Z_g(I+1)] / [Z_0(I+1) + Z_g(I+1)]$$

$$l = L(I) + L(I+1)$$

$$l_1 = L(I+1)$$

$$Z_g(I) = \{e^{n \cdot l_1} \cdot [Z_0(I+1) + Z_g(I+1)] \cdot (1 - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l}) \\ - Z_0(I+1) \cdot (1 - N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot l_1})\} / (1 + N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot l_1})$$

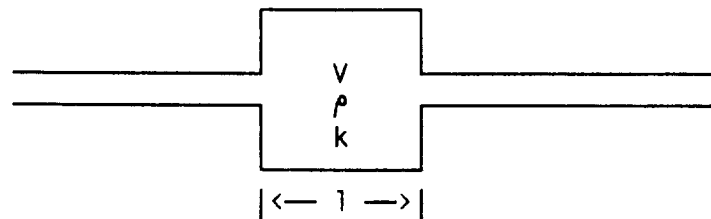
Accumulators

Four types of accumulators will be considered: inline (manifold), tuned stub, Helmholtz, and parallel. For all these accumulators, the equations hold for either direction (Z_t and Z_g). For the tuned stub and Helmholtz resonator, the admittance seen by the next element is the sum of the admittance of the preceding element and the admittance of the accumulator.

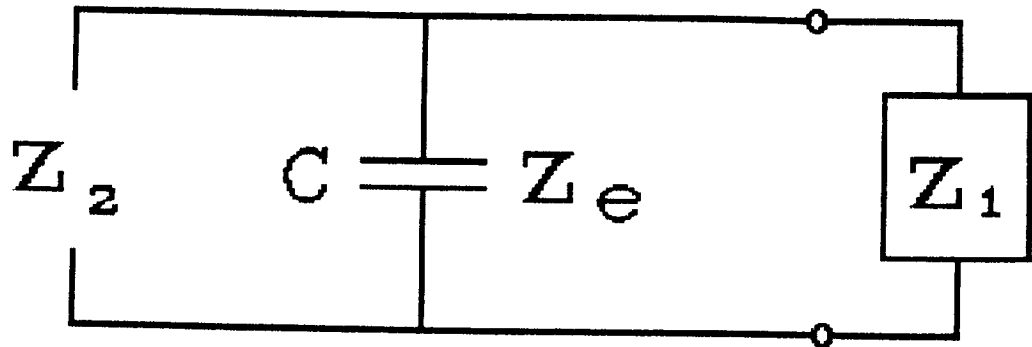
The following equations hold for each of the types of accumulators.

$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= \pi \cdot d^2 / 4 && \text{ft}^2 \\
 a &= \sqrt{g_c \cdot k / \rho} && \text{ft/sec} \\
 C &= (V/a^2) \cdot (\rho_c / \dot{m}_c) = (\rho \cdot V/k) \cdot (\rho_c / \dot{m}_c) && \text{sec} \\
 L &= [1/(g_c A)] / (\rho_c / \dot{m}_c) && \text{sec} \\
 V &= I \cdot A && \text{ft}^3 \\
 y &= C \cdot s && \text{nd} \\
 z &= L \cdot s && \text{nd} \\
 Z_0 &= \sqrt{z/y} = \sqrt{L/C} && \text{nd} \\
 \sqrt{z \cdot y} &= s \cdot \sqrt{L \cdot C} && \text{nd}
 \end{aligned}$$

1. Inline accumulator



The inline accumulator is analogous to a manifold which is a capacitor circuit.



$$Z_e = 1/(C \cdot s)$$

$$1/Z_2 = 1/Z_e + 1/Z_1$$

$$1/Z_2 = (Z_1 + Z_e)/(Z_1 \cdot Z_e)$$

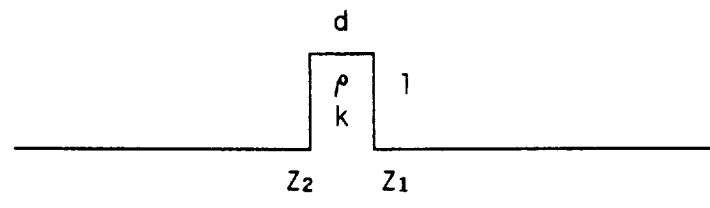
$$Z_2 = Z_1 \cdot Z_e / (Z_e + Z_1)$$

or,

$$Z_t(I) = Z_t(I-1) \cdot Z_e / [Z_e + Z_t(I-1)]$$

$$Z_g(I) = Z_g(I+1) \cdot Z_e / [Z_e + Z_g(I+1)]$$

2. Tuned Stub



The tuned stub considered has no net flow through it. Thus the termination impedance $\rightarrow \infty$ and the impedance of a pipe becomes

$$Z_e = Z_0 / \tanh(n \cdot l)$$

$$1/Z_2 = 1/Z_e + 1/Z_1$$

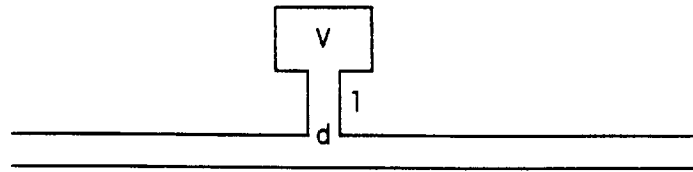
$$Z_2 = Z_e \cdot Z_1 / (Z_1 + Z_e)$$

or,

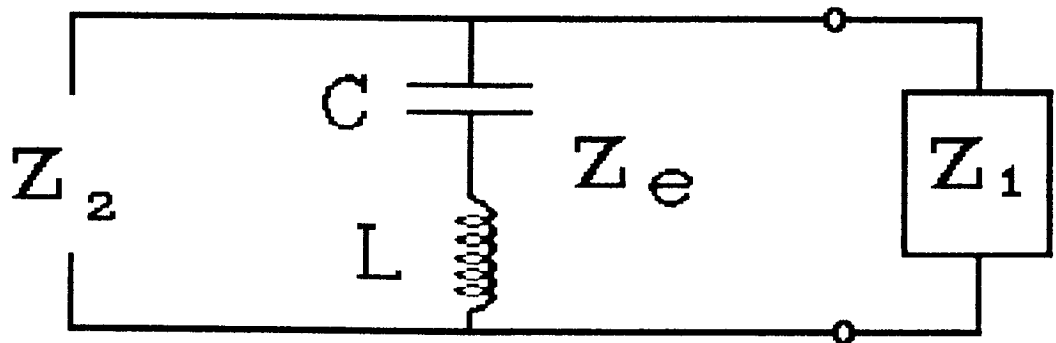
$$Z_t(I) = Z_{\bullet} \cdot Z_t(I-1) / [Z_t(I-1) + Z_{\bullet}]$$

$$Z_g(I) = Z_{\bullet} \cdot Z_g(I+1) / [Z_g(I+1) + Z_{\bullet}]$$

3. Helmholtz Resonator



The Helmholtz resonator is analogous to a series resonant circuit.



where L is based on the dimensions of the small pipe, and C is based on the large cavity, thus

$$Z_{\bullet} = L \cdot s + 1 / (C \cdot s)$$

$$Z_{\bullet} = (1 + L \cdot C \cdot s^2) / (C \cdot s)$$

$$1/Z_2 = 1/Z_{\bullet} + 1/Z_1$$

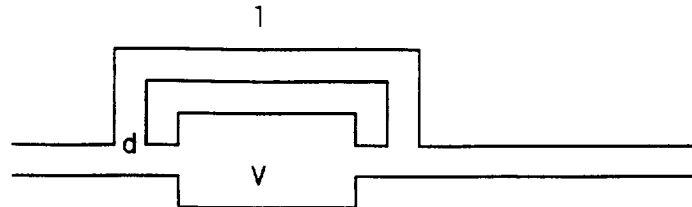
$$Z_2 = Z_{\bullet} \cdot Z_1 / (Z_1 + Z_{\bullet})$$

or,

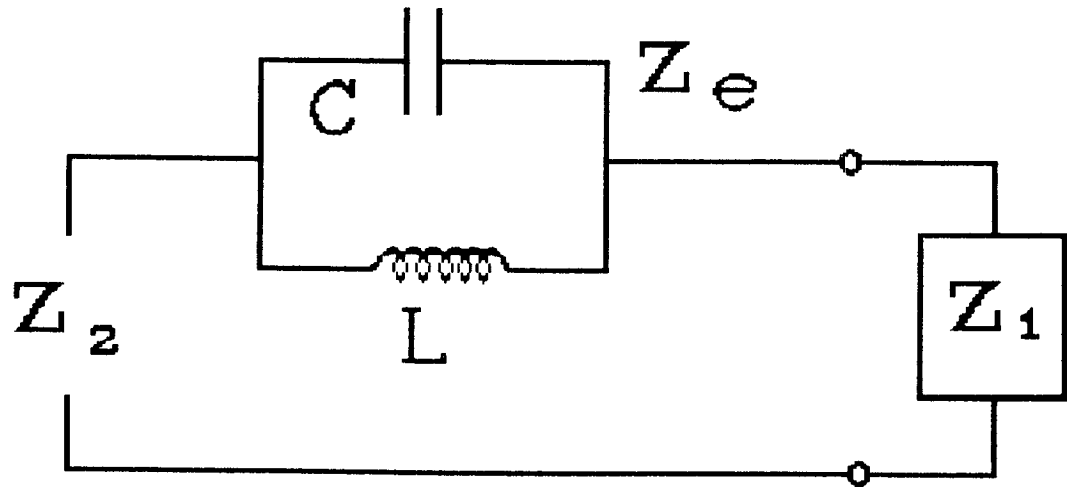
$$Z_t(I) = Z_{\bullet} \cdot Z_t(I-1) / [Z_t(I-1) + Z_{\bullet}]$$

$$Z_g(I) = Z_{\bullet} \cdot Z_g(I+1) / [Z_g(I+1) + Z_{\bullet}]$$

4. Parallel Resonator



The parallel resonator is analogous to a parallel resonant circuit.



where L is based on the dimensions of the bypass line, and C is based on the dimensions of the volume bypassed

$$1/Z_e = 1/L \cdot s + C \cdot s$$

$$Z_e = L \cdot s / (1 + L \cdot C \cdot s^2)$$

$$Z_2 = Z_1 + Z_e$$

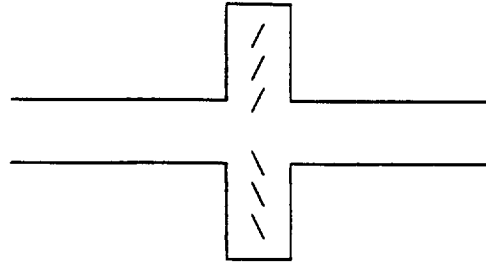
$$Z_2 = Z_1 + L \cdot s / (1 + L \cdot C \cdot s^2)$$

or,

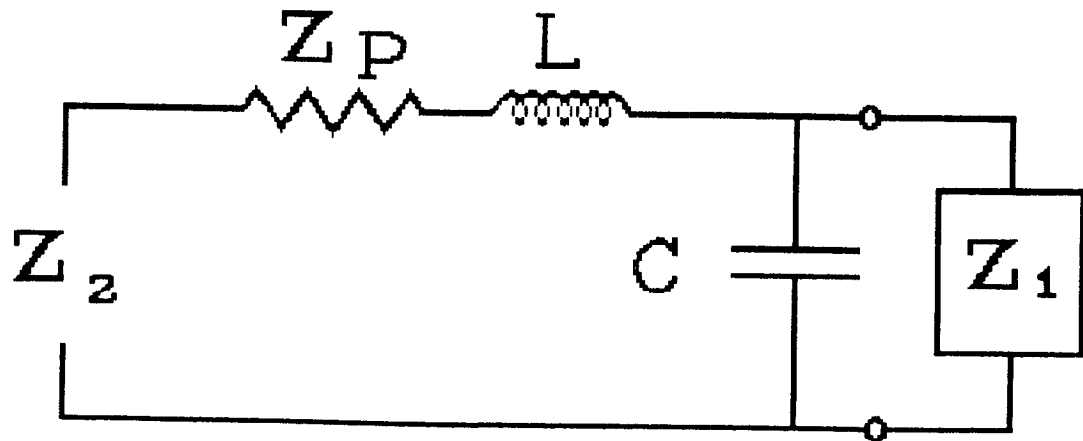
$$Z_t(I) = Z_t(I-1) + L \cdot s / (1 + L \cdot C \cdot s^2)$$

$$Z_g(I) = Z_g(I+1) + L \cdot s / (1 + L \cdot C \cdot s^2)$$

Pumps



The pump is analogous to the following circuit.



$$Z_p = \frac{\partial p}{\partial \dot{m}}$$

$$Z_2 = Z_p + L \cdot s + 1/(C \cdot s + 1/Z_1)$$

$$Z_2 = [Z_1 + (Z_p + L \cdot s) \cdot (Z_1 \cdot C \cdot s + 1)] / (1 + Z_1 \cdot C \cdot s)$$

or,

$$Z_t(I) = \frac{Z_t(I-1) + (Z_p + L \cdot s) \cdot [1 + Z_t(I-1) \cdot C \cdot s]}{1 + Z_t(I-1) \cdot C \cdot s}$$

When computing the impedance looking toward the engine use the negative of the slope.

$$1/Z_1 = 1/(Z_2 - Z_p + L \cdot s) + C \cdot s$$

$$Z_1 = \frac{L \cdot s - Z_p + Z_2}{1 + C \cdot s \cdot (L \cdot s - Z_p + Z_2)}$$

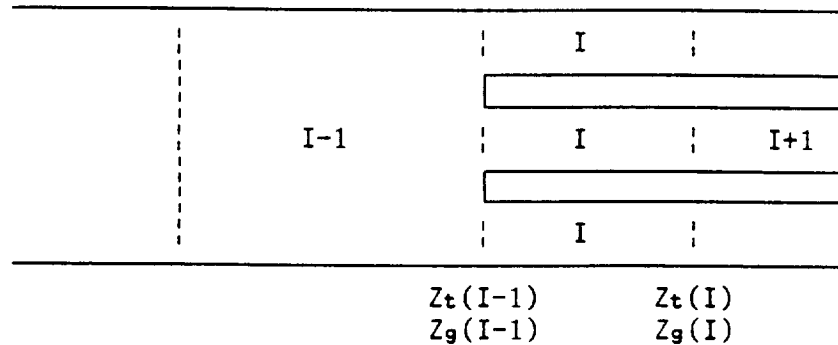
or,

$$Z_g(I) = \frac{L \cdot s - Z_p + Z_g(I+1)}{1 + C \cdot s \cdot [L \cdot s - Z_p + Z_g(I+1)]}$$

Split Piping

Often a main pipe from a fuel or LOX tank splits into several pipes, each going to a different engine. This analysis is for the case where the pipe is split into m identical lines going to m identical engines.

Case I. Finding the impedance looking toward the tank (Z_t).



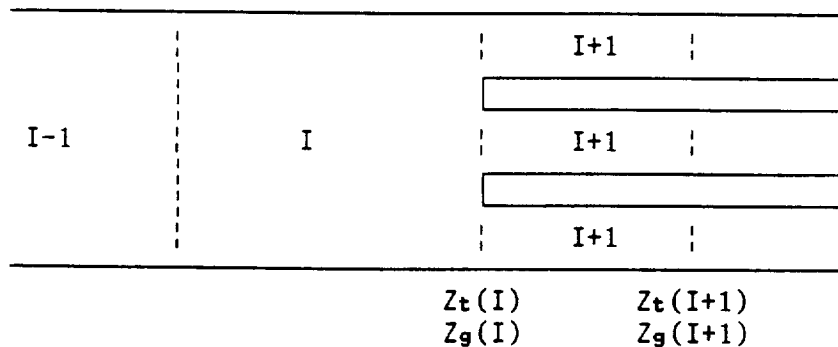
Section I, looking toward the tank sees $Z_t(I-1)$ and $(m-1)$ $Z_g(I-1)$'s in parallel. Therefore the effective Z_\bullet it sees is

$$\frac{1}{Z_\bullet} = \frac{m-1}{Z_g(I-1)} + \frac{1}{Z_t(I-1)}$$

$$Z_\bullet = Z_g(I-1) \cdot Z_t(I-1) / [(m-1) \cdot Z_t(I-1) + Z_g(I-1)]$$

This Z_\bullet is used in the equations for Z_t instead of $Z_t(I-1)$.

Case II. Finding the impedance looking toward the engine (Z_g).



Section I, looking toward the engine sees m sections $I+1$ in parallel. Therefore the effective $Z_g(I)$ is $1/m$ of that for one pipe. Thus, compute Z_g using one pipe and then divide by m to obtain $Z_g(I)$.

Nyquist Program

The Nyquist equations presented in NASA Contractor Report 5-32176 were programmed for the PC. The equations used in the Nyquist program are a function of the admittances G_{ox} and G_r . The code was written to plot the Nyquist curves for the four cases: neither admittance used, G_{ox} only, G_r only, and both admittances used.

On page 47 of the report the following equation is derived

$$\frac{e^{-\tau \cdot s}}{(1+\theta_c \cdot s)} \cdot \left\{ \left[1 + \frac{(1 + \bar{r})}{C^*} \cdot \left(\frac{\partial C^*}{\partial r} \right) \right] \cdot G_{ox} + \left[1 - \frac{\bar{r} \cdot (1 + \bar{r})}{C^*} \cdot \left(\frac{\partial C^*}{\partial r} \right) \right] \cdot G_r \right\} = -1.$$

In order to simplify the notation, the following definitions are used:

$$K_1 = \frac{e^{-\tau \cdot s}}{(1+\theta_c \cdot s)}$$

$$A_1 = \left[1 + \frac{(1 + \bar{r})}{C^*} \cdot \left(\frac{\partial C^*}{\partial r} \right) \right]$$

$$A_2 = \left[1 - \frac{\bar{r} \cdot (1 + \bar{r})}{C^*} \cdot \left(\frac{\partial C^*}{\partial r} \right) \right]$$

Thus, the equation may be expressed as $K_1 \cdot (A_1 \cdot G_{ox} + A_2 \cdot G_r) = -1$.

The equations used are

$$K(j\omega) = 2 \cdot K_1 \quad \text{neither admittance used,}$$

$$K(j\omega, G_{ox}) = K_1 \cdot A_1 \quad G_{ox} \text{ used,}$$

$$K(j\omega, G_r) = K_1 \cdot A_2 \quad G_r \text{ used,}$$

$$K(j\omega, G_{ox}, G_r) = K_1 \cdot (A_1 + A_2) \quad \text{both admittances used.}$$

In addition to the Nyquist plots of these four equations, Phase-Gain plots are also available.

The program will run when there is no data available for either or both of the feedlines. When a line is missing, the user is only allowed to request plots that are available. The admittance calculations include all the variations in the feedline program: split pipes, accumulators, and pumps.

Example plots are given in Figures 9 - 17. Figure 9 shows the fuel and LOX piping layouts used in the example. Figures 10 and 11 give the Nyquist plot and Phase-Gain plot for $K(j\omega)$. Similar plots are shown for $K(j\omega, G_{ox})$ in Figures 12 and 13, $K(j\omega, G_r)$ in Figures 14 and 15, and $K(j\omega, G_{ox}, G_r)$ in Figures 16 and 17. Note that the curves for $K(j\omega, G_{ox})$ and $K(j\omega, G_r)$ are similar, but out of phase. This is evident in the curves for $K(j\omega, G_{ox}, G_r)$.

Intermediate Mode

Graphics was added to the intermediate mode program and it was modified to run a range of frequencies and a range of τ 's (sensitive time lag). After the range of τ 's for a given frequency have been run and the n 's displayed on the screen, the user may request a plot of n vs τ for that frequency (Fig. 18). After the range of frequencies have been run, n vs τ is plotted on one graph for each of the frequencies (Fig. 19).

Recommendations

Feedline Program

1. Speed up iteration for split pipe. A study of the convergence will have to be made to determine the best approach.
2. Generalize the split pipe to allow splits into non-identical pipes. This will require changing the logic of the program.

Mitchell's Program

1. Make it easier to use.
 - a. Reduce number of input files. Seven are now used.
 - b. Use dimensioned variables on input and output. Currently the program requires the user to nondimensionalize the data before it is input.
2. Add plots to the output. The code now outputs a file with n and τ to be used by another program for plotting.

Intermediate Frequency Program

1. Add split pipe and accumulators. Since these are already developed for the feedline codes, adding them will be fairly simple.

Nomenclature

a	speed of sound	ft/sec
A	area	ft ²
C	capacitance	sec
C	capacitance per unit length	sec/ft
d	diameter	ft
g _c	gravitational constant	lbm-ft/lbf-sec ²
G	admittance	nd
k	bulk modulus	lbf/ft ²
l	length	ft
L(I)	length of I th pipe	ft
L	inductance	sec
L	inductance per unit length	sec/ft
m	no. of split lines	nd
\dot{m}	mass flow	lbm/sec
n	pressure interaction index	nd
n	pressure interaction factor	1/ft
p	pressure	lbf/ft ²
s	complex frequency	1/sec
V	volume	ft ³
x	distance along pipe	ft
y	admittance	nd
z	impedance	nd
Z	impedance	nd
ρ	density	lbm/ft ³
w	imaginary part of frequency	rad/sec

Subscripts

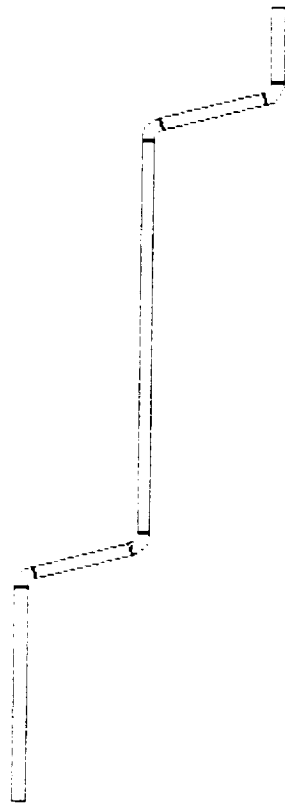
c	combustion chamber	(e.g. p_c)
t	looking toward tank	(e.g. G_t)
g	looking toward engine	(e.g. Z_g)
0	lossless line	(e.g. Z_0)

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Pipe Layout



Basic Configuration 06:33AM 05-27-91

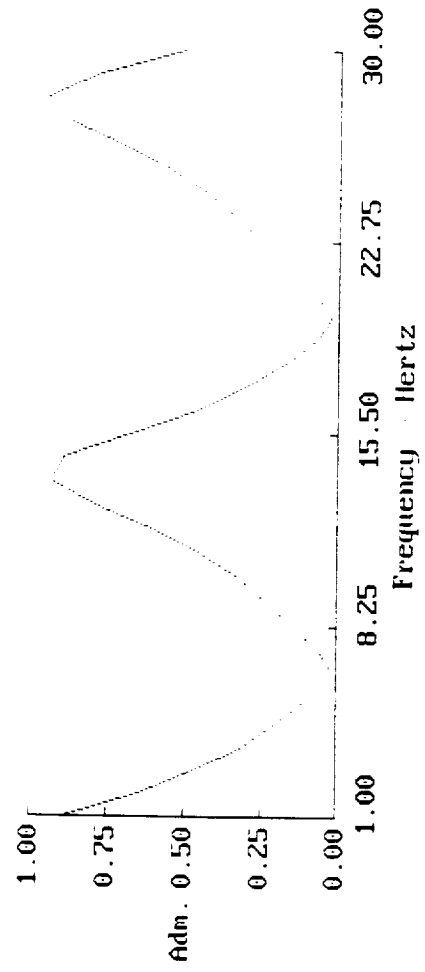


Figure 1a

Basic Configuration 06:33AM 05-27-91
 Pressure Transfer Function = $f(\text{freq}(\text{Hertz}), \text{distance}(\text{ft}))$

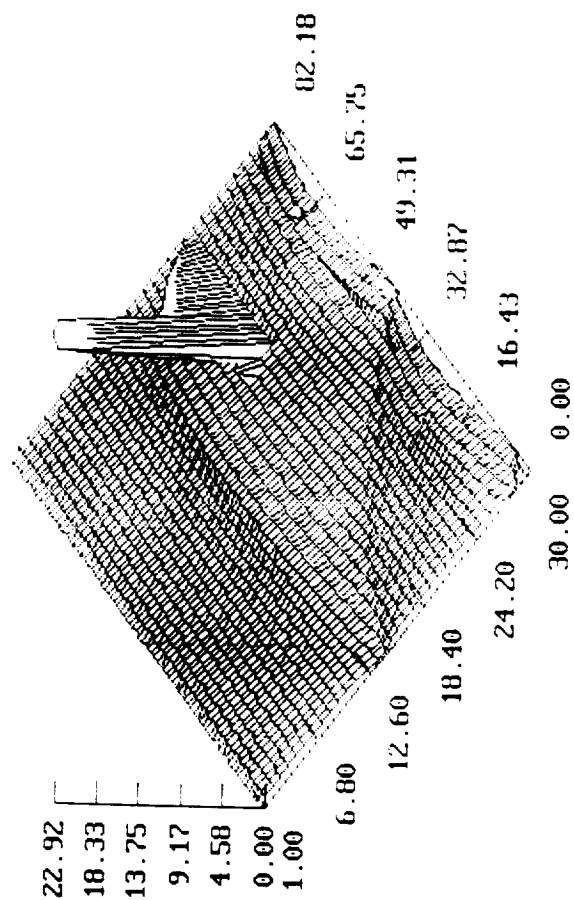
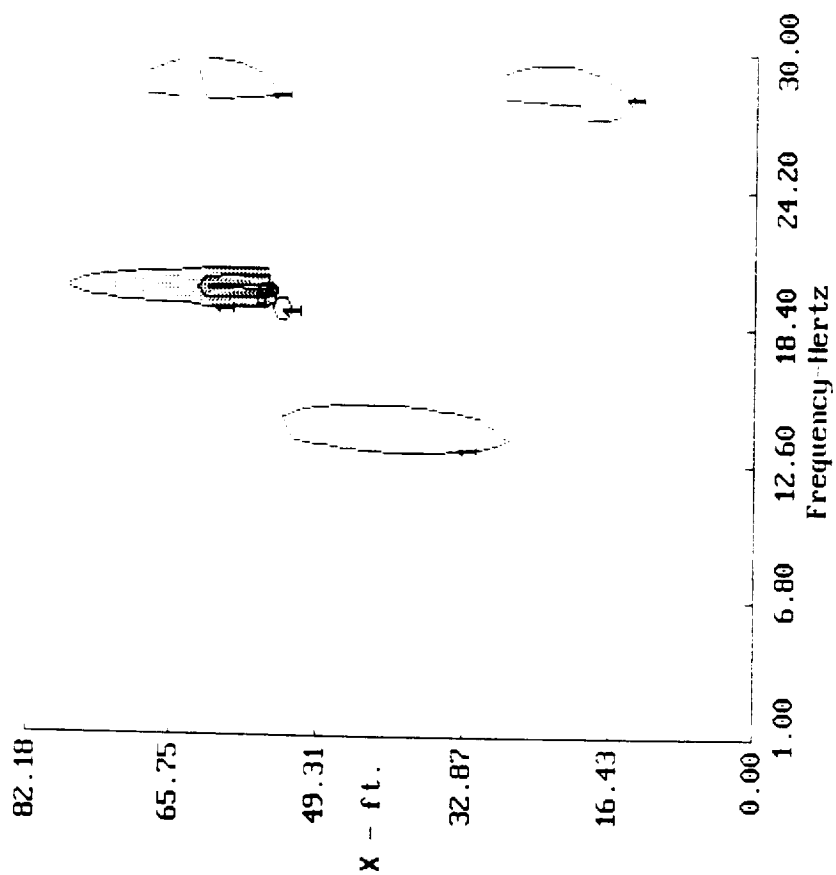


Figure 1b

Basic Configuration 06:33M 05 22 91



CONTOUR VALUES

1 * 2.291E+00
5 * 1.145E+01
9 * 2.062E+01

Figure 1c

Basic Configuration 06:33PM 05 27 91
 Pressure Transfer Function = f(freq(hertz),distance(ft))

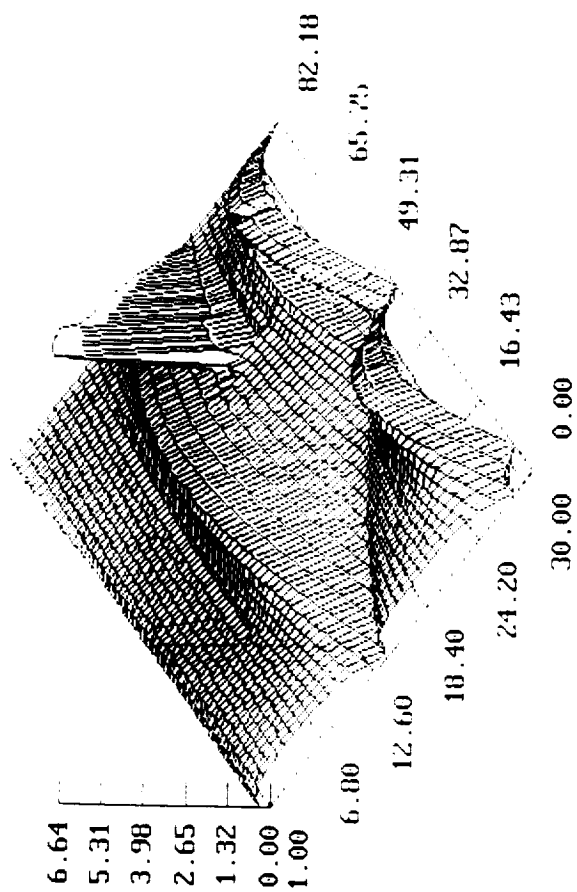
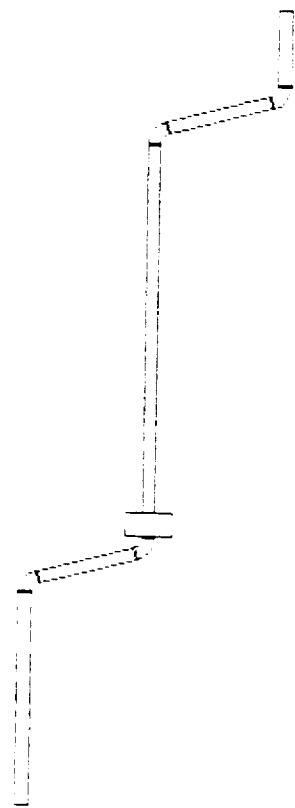


Figure 2

Pipe Layout



Inline Accumulator 06:33AM 05-27-91

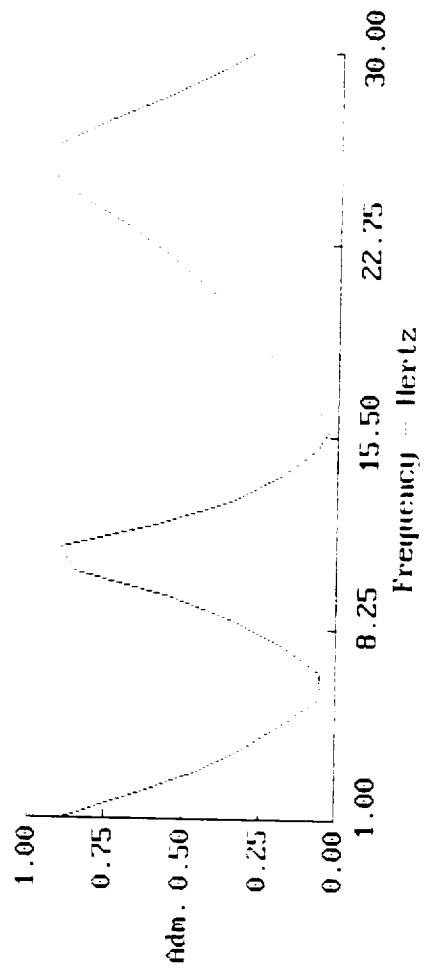


Figure 3a

Inline Accumulator 06:33AM 05-27-91
 Pressure Transfer Function = f(freq(Hertz),distance(ft))

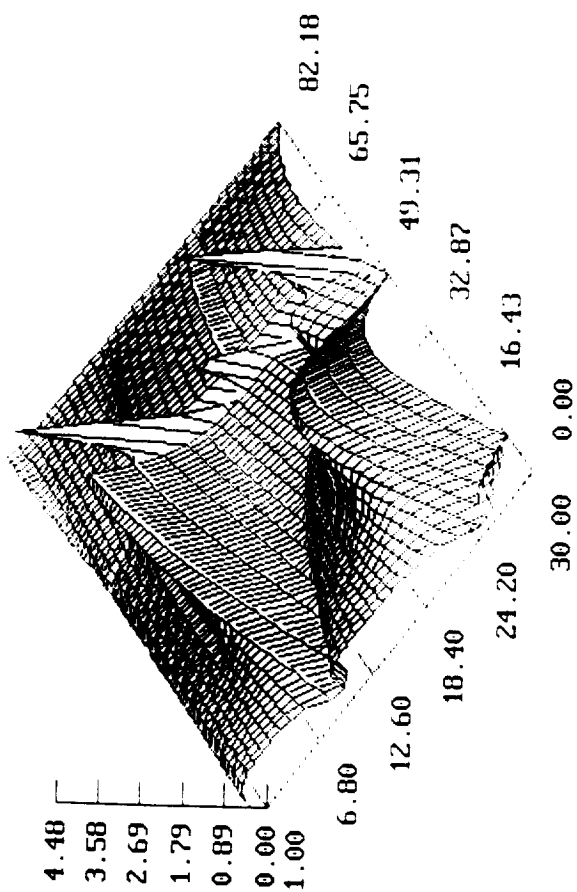


Figure 3b

Inline Accumulator 06:33AM 05 27-91

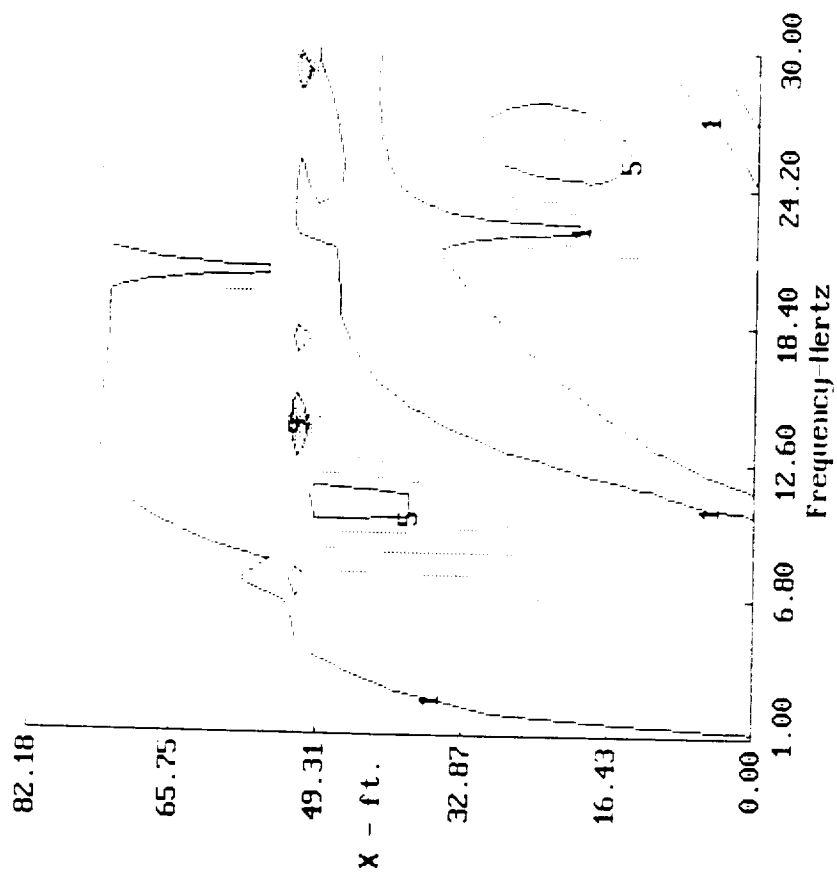
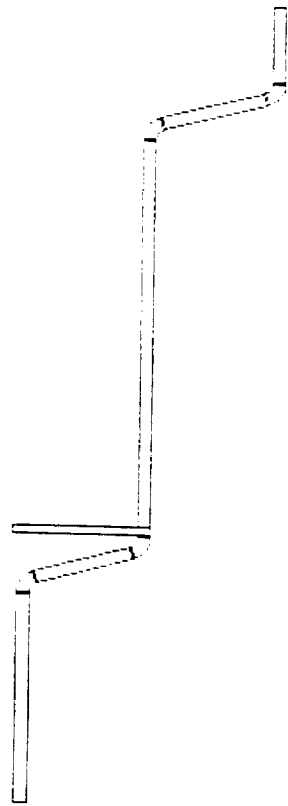


Figure 3c

Pipe Layout



Tuned Stub 06:33AM 05 27 91

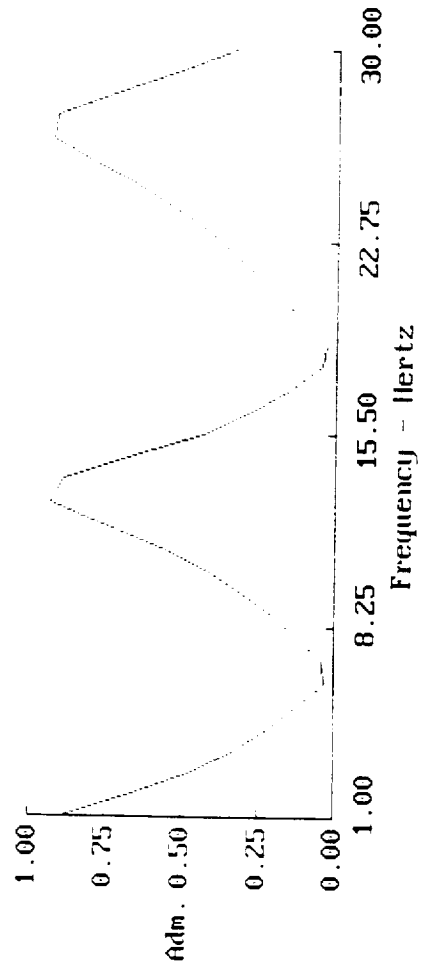


Figure 4a

Tuned Stub 06:33AM 05 27 91
 Pressure Transfer Function = f(freq(hertz),distance(ft))

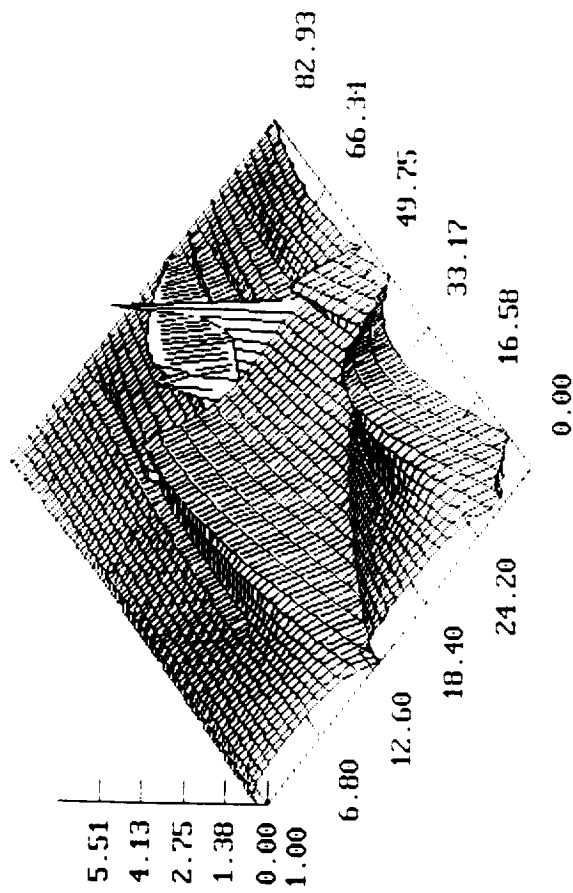
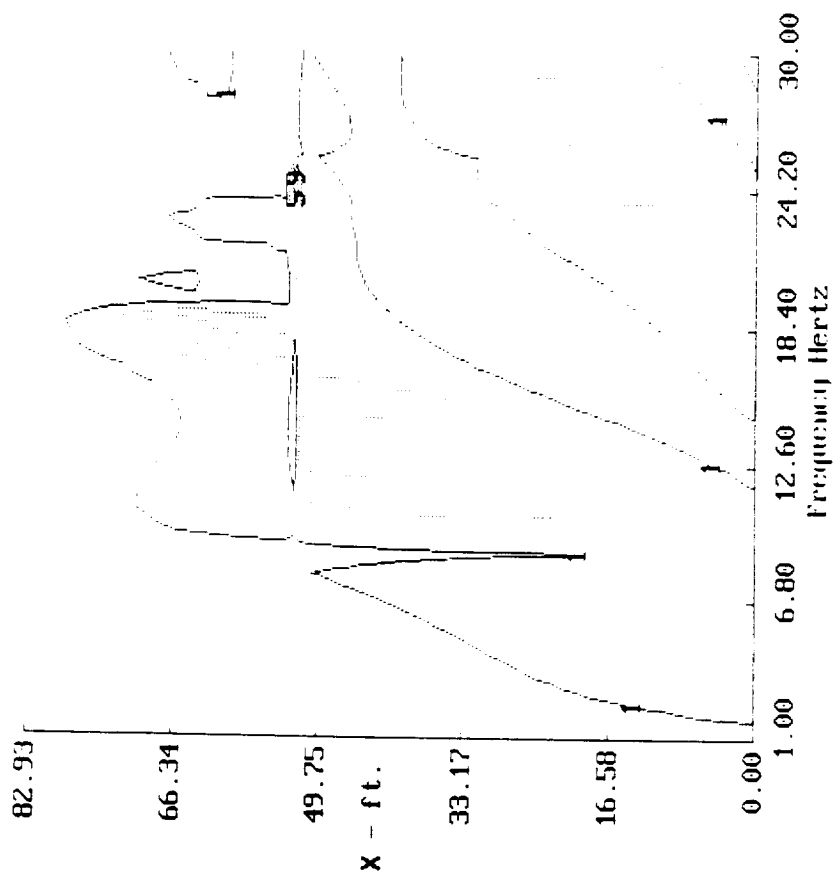


Figure 4b

Tuned Stub 06:33AM 05-27-91



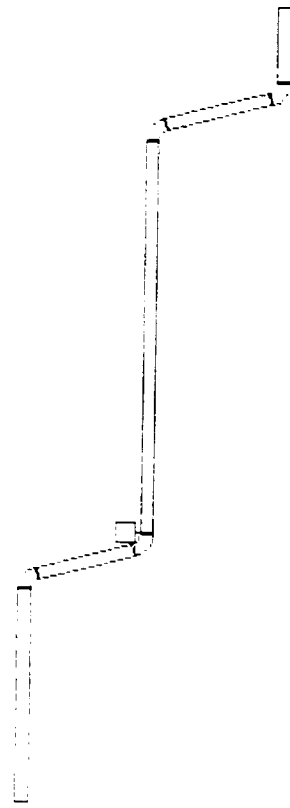
=====

CONTOUR VALUES	
1 *	6.890E-01
5 *	3.445E+00
9 *	6.201E+00

=====

Figure 4c

Pipe Layout



Helmholtz Resonator 06:33AM 05-27-91

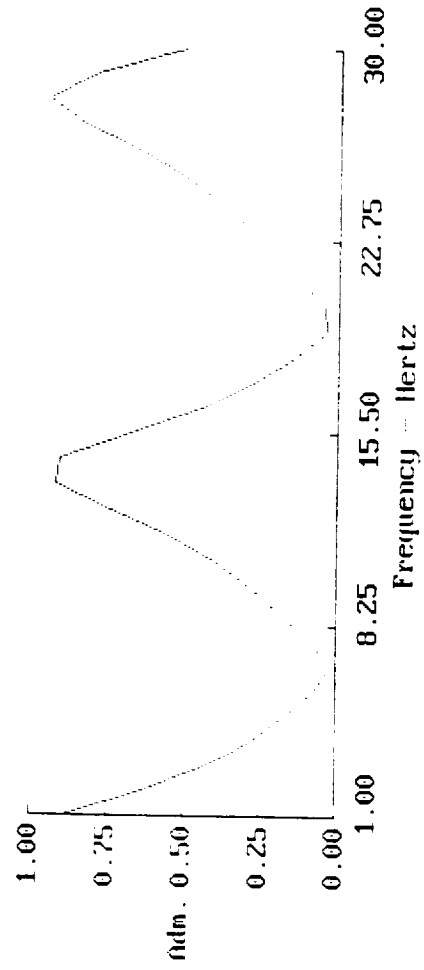


Figure 5a

Helmholtz Resonator 06:33AM 05 27 91
 Pressure Transfer Function = f(freq(Hertz),distance(f))

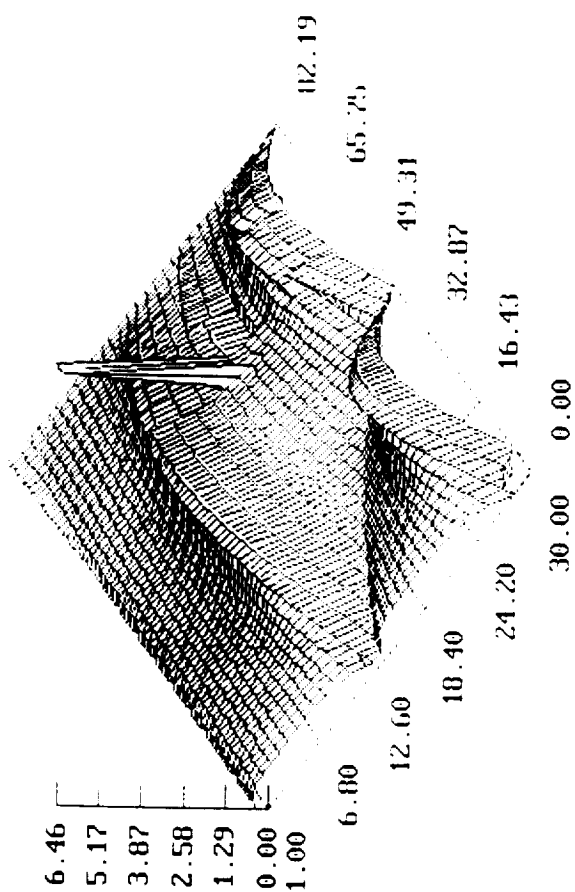
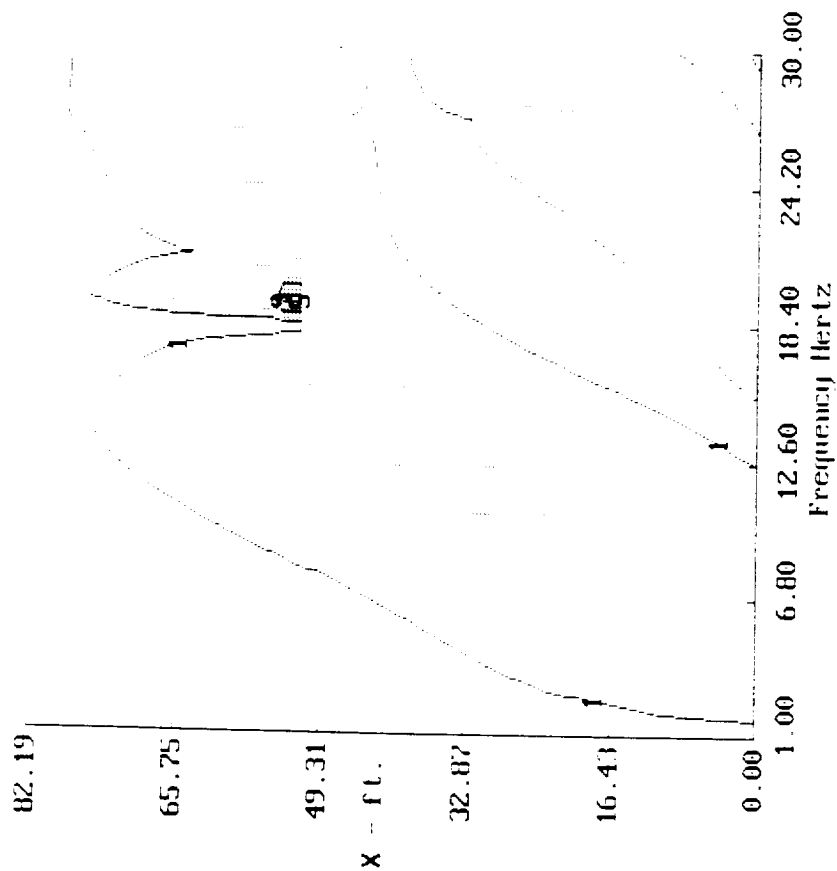


Figure 5b

Helmholtz Resonator 06:33AM 05 27 91



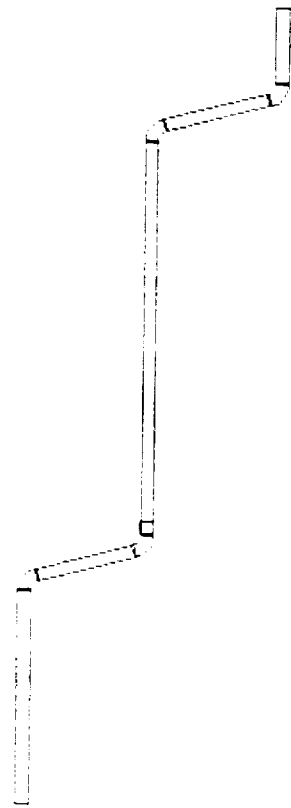
=====

CONTOUR VALUES	
1 *	6.459E-01
5 *	3.229E+00
9 *	5.813E+00

=====

Figure 5c

Pipe Layout



Parallel Resonator 06:33AM 05-27-91

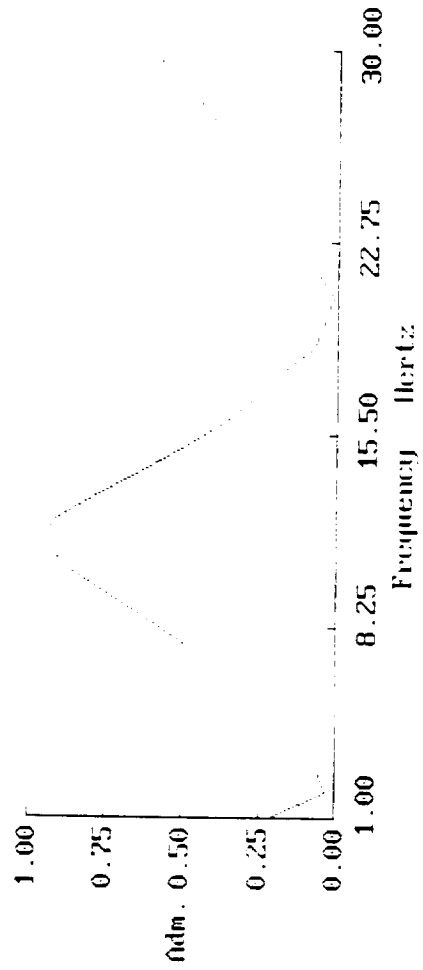


Figure 6a

Parallel Resonator 06:33AM 05 27-91
 Pressure Transfer Function = f(freq(hertz),distance(ft))

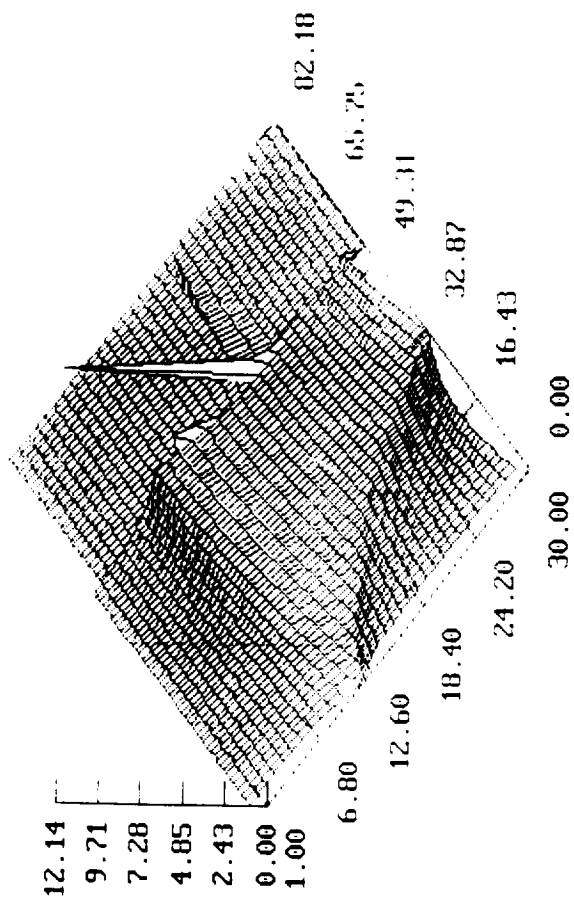
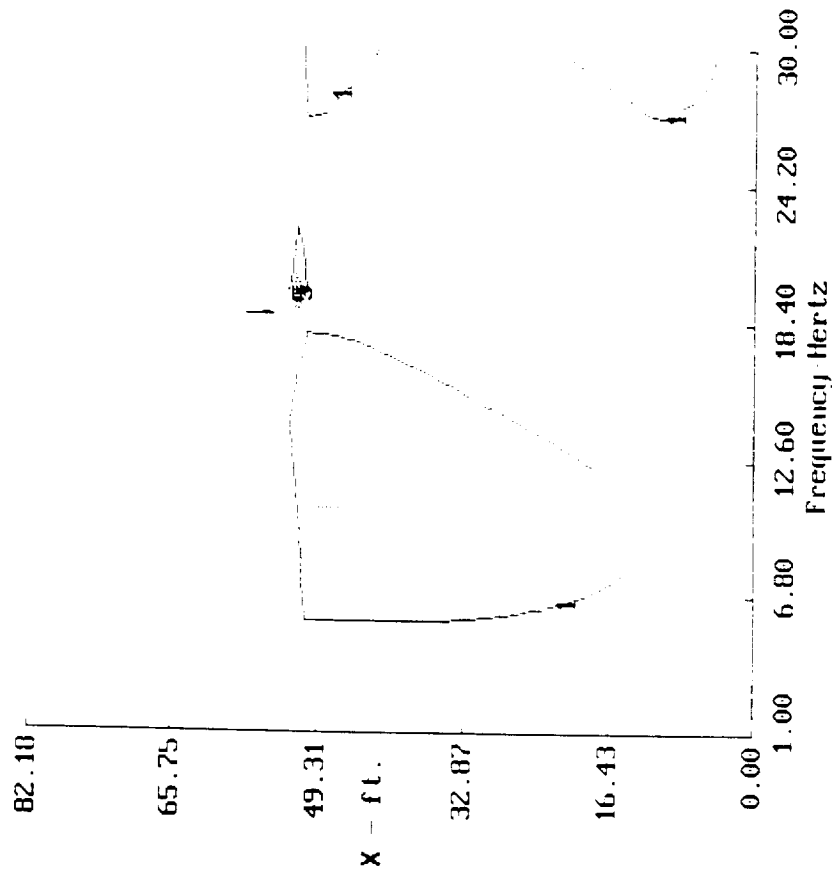


Figure 6b

Parallel Resonator 06:33AM 05-27-91



CONTOUR VALUES
=====

1 *	1.214E+00
5 *	6.070E+00
9 *	1.092E+01

=====

Figure 6c

Pipe Layout

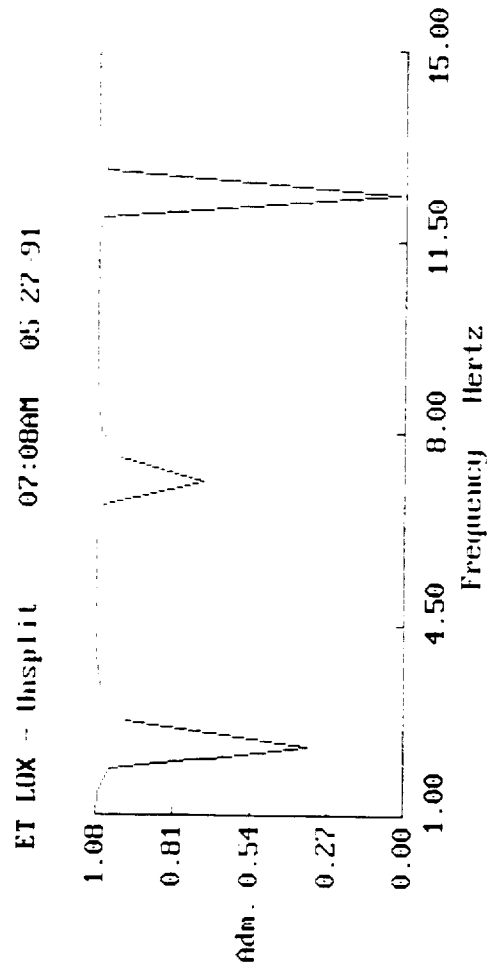
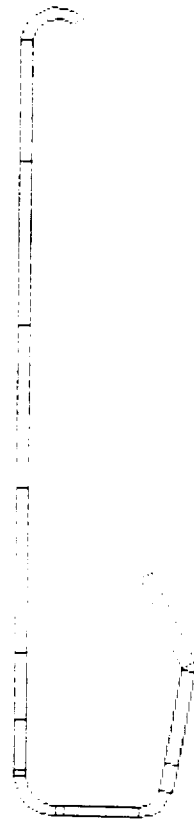


Figure 7a

ET LOX - llsplit 07:08AM 05-27-91
 Pressure Transfer Function = f(freq(hertz),distance(ft))

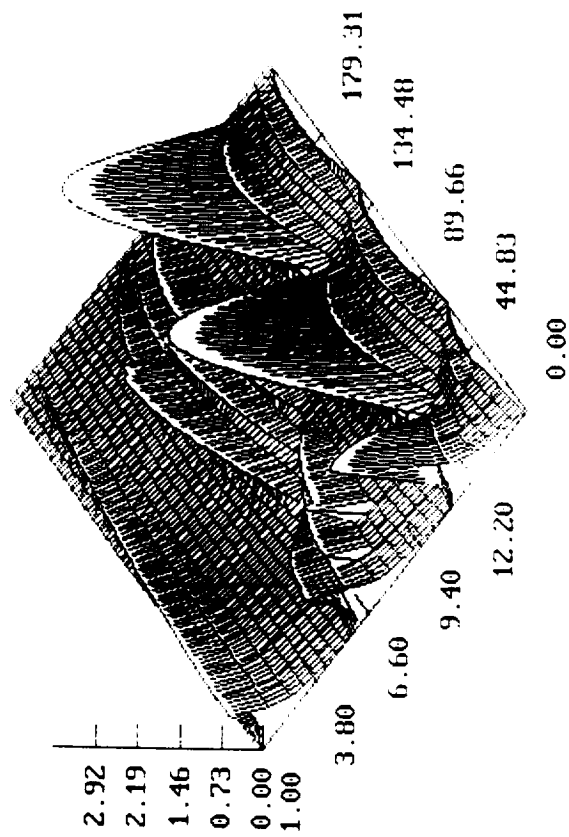
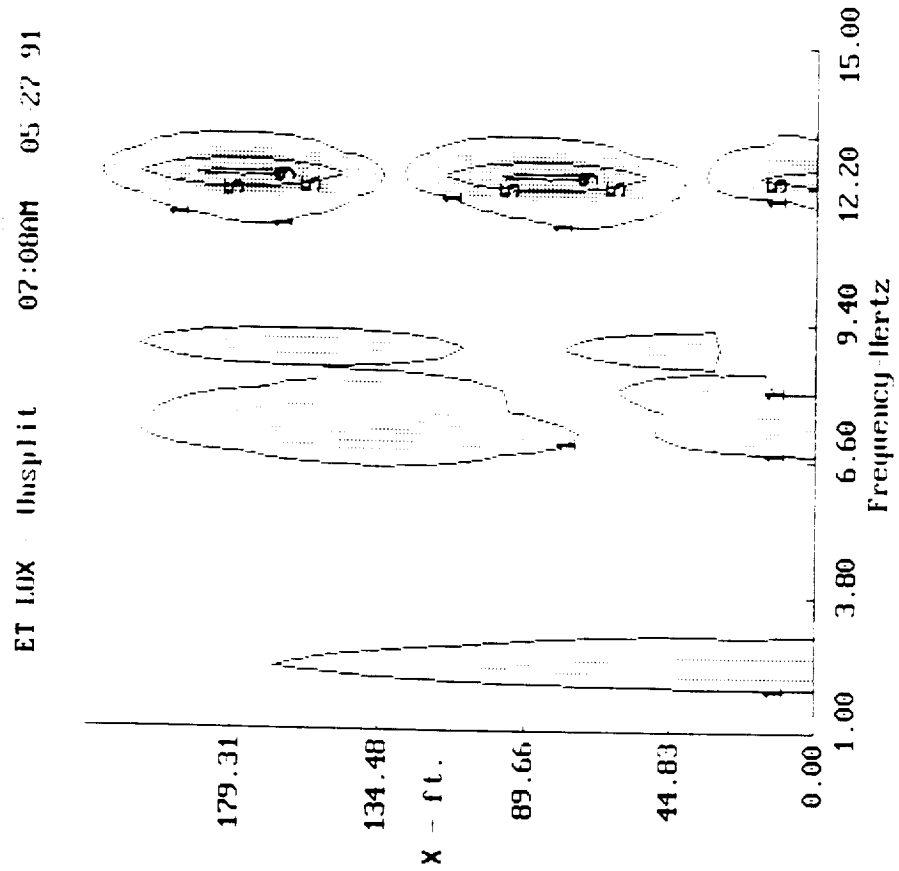


Figure 7b



=====

CONTOUR VALUES

=====

1 * 3.651E-01
5 * 1.825E+00
9 * 3.286E+00

=====

Figure 7c

Pipe Layout



ET LOX - Split 07:00am 05 27 91

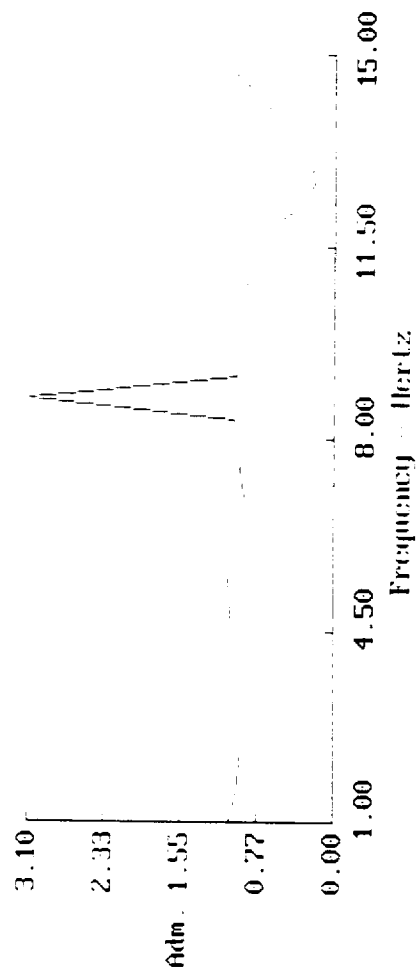


Figure 8a

ET LOX - Split 07:08AM 05-27-91
 Pressure Transfer Function = f(freq(Hertz),distance(f))

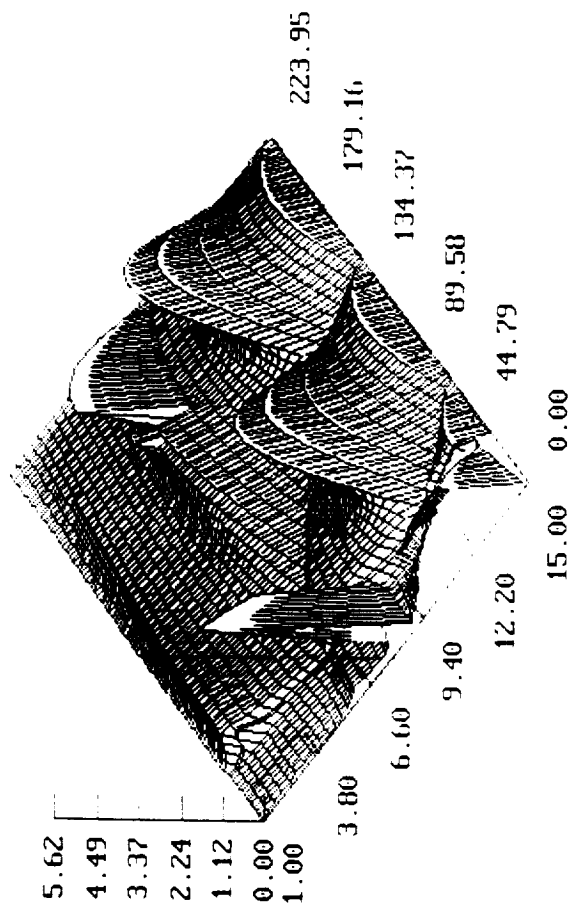


Figure 8b

ET LOX - Split 07:08AM 05-27 91

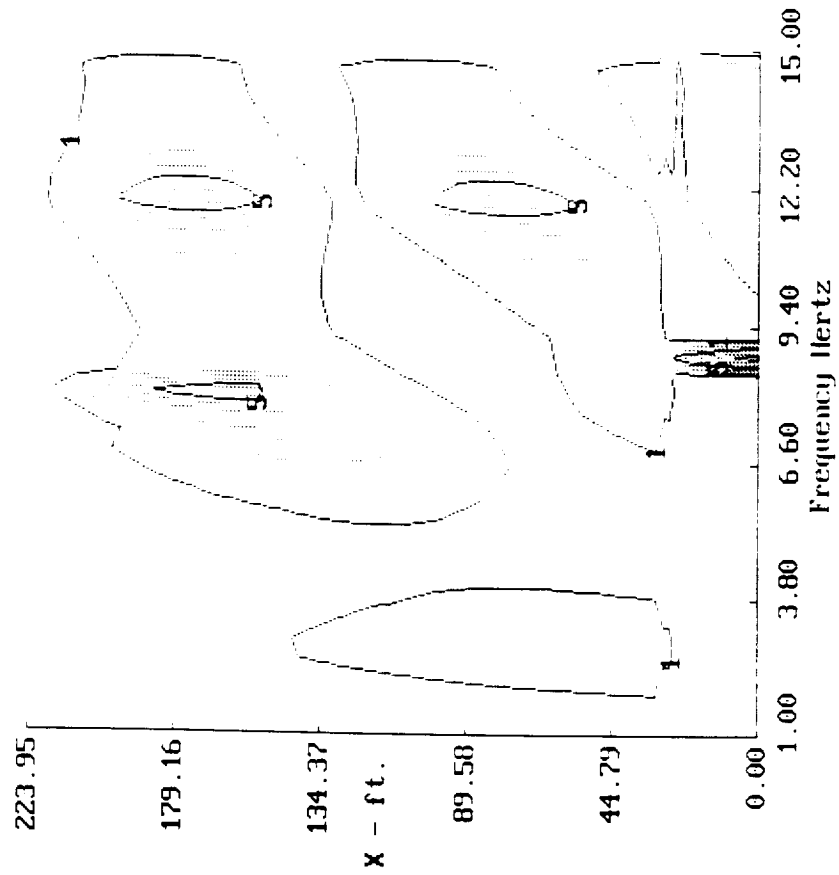
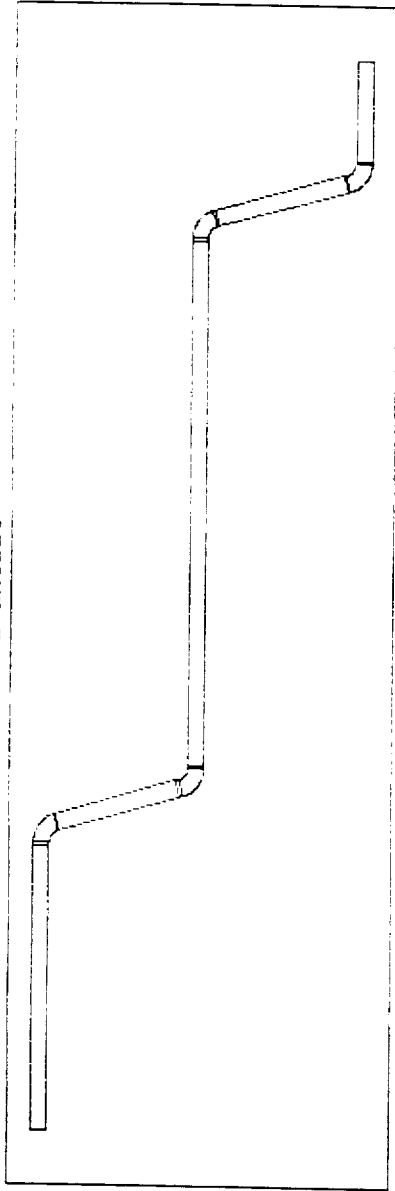


Figure 8c

Basic Configuration 07:34AM 05-27-91
LOX PIPE LAYOUT



FUEL PIPE LAYOUT

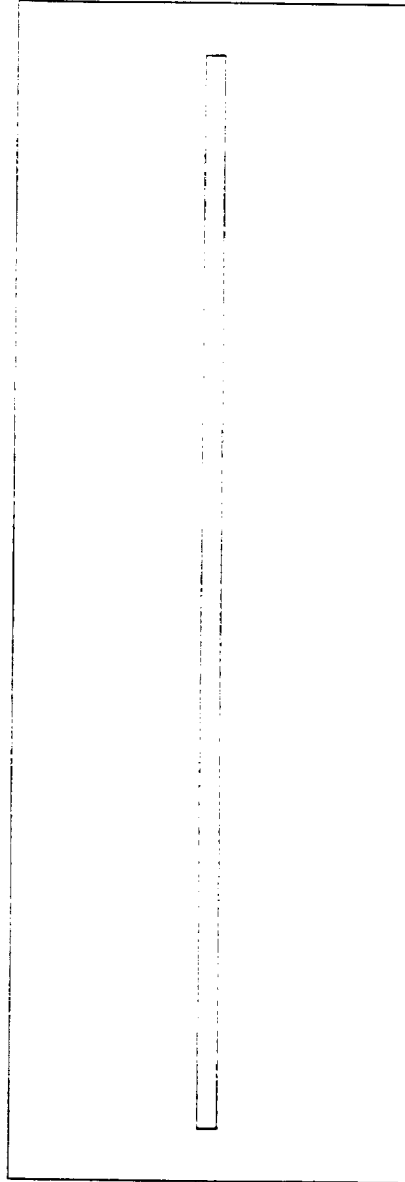


Figure 9

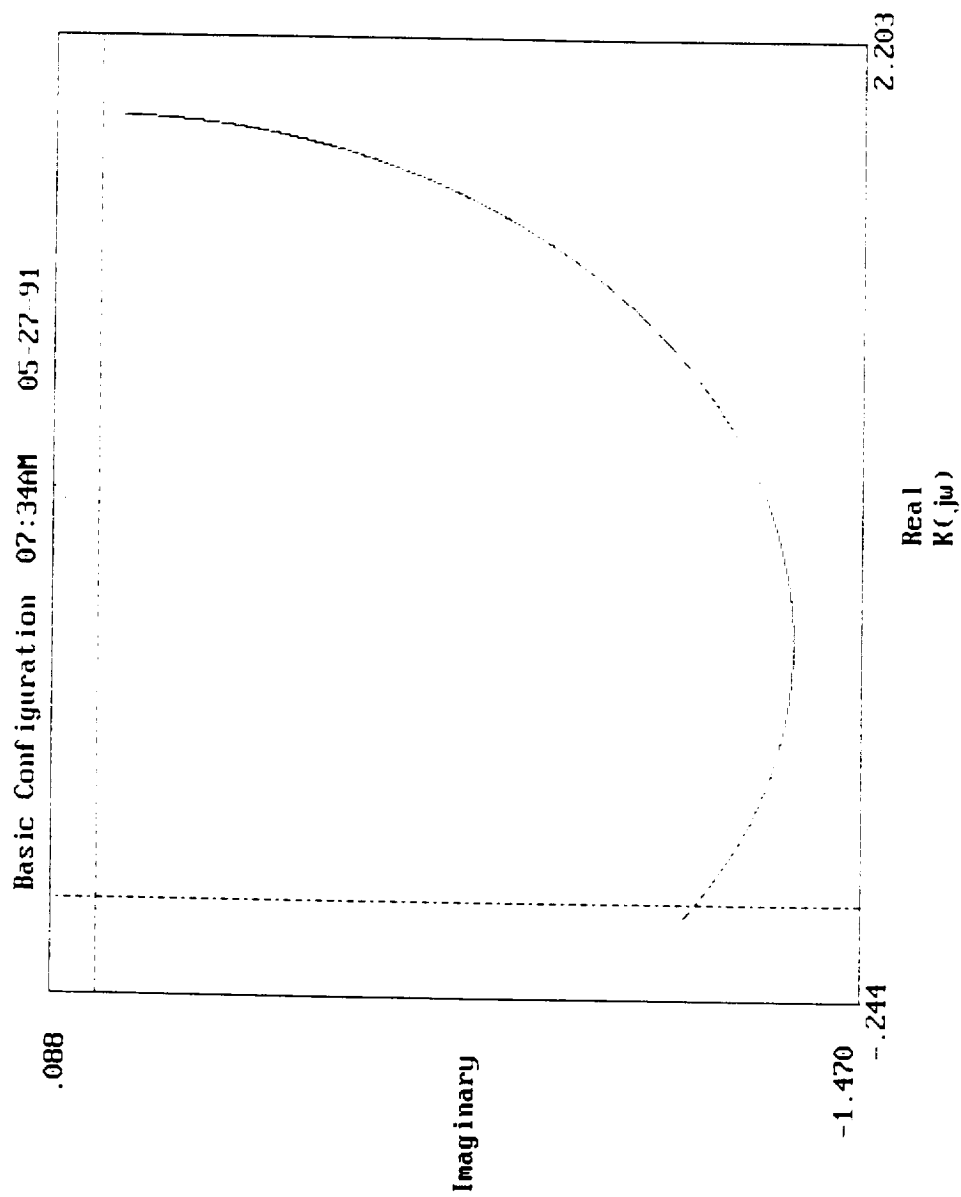


Figure 10

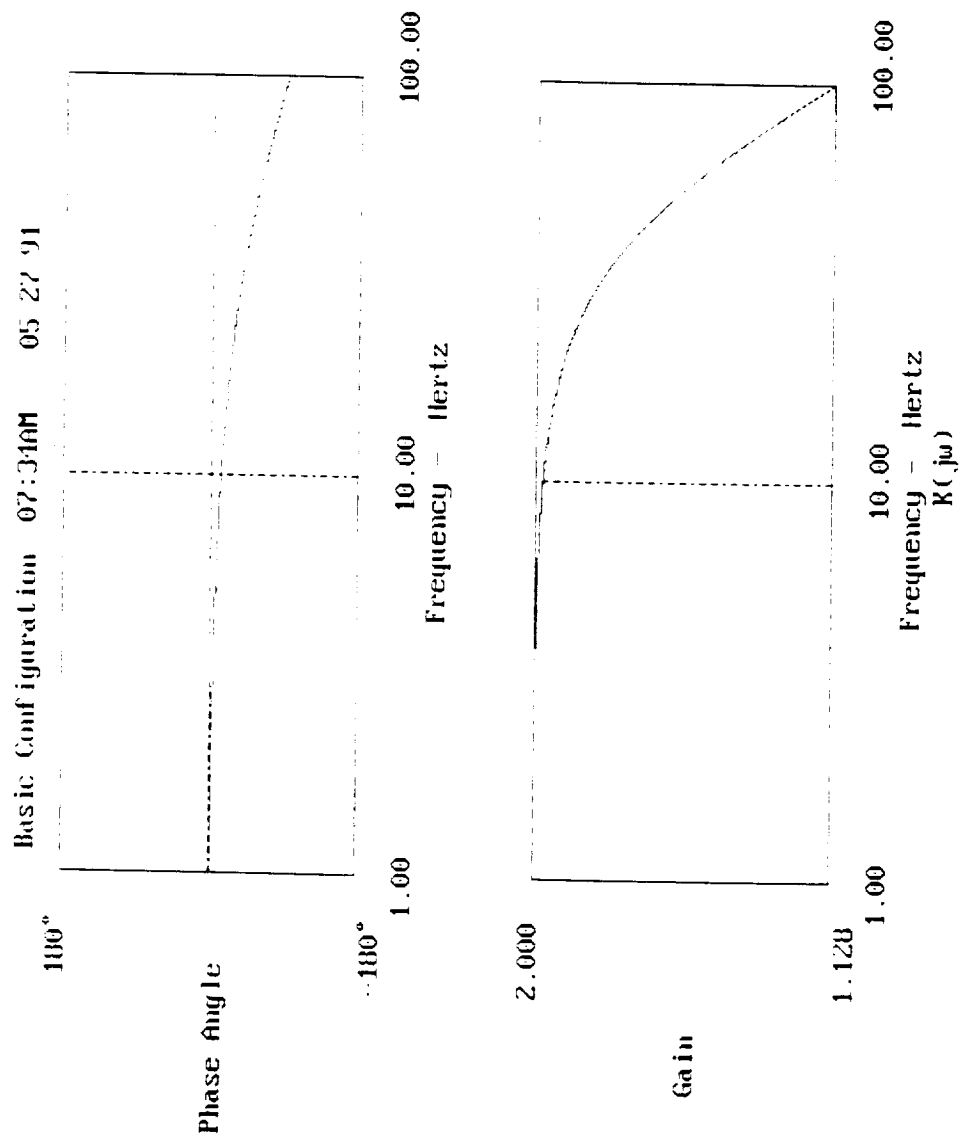


Figure 11

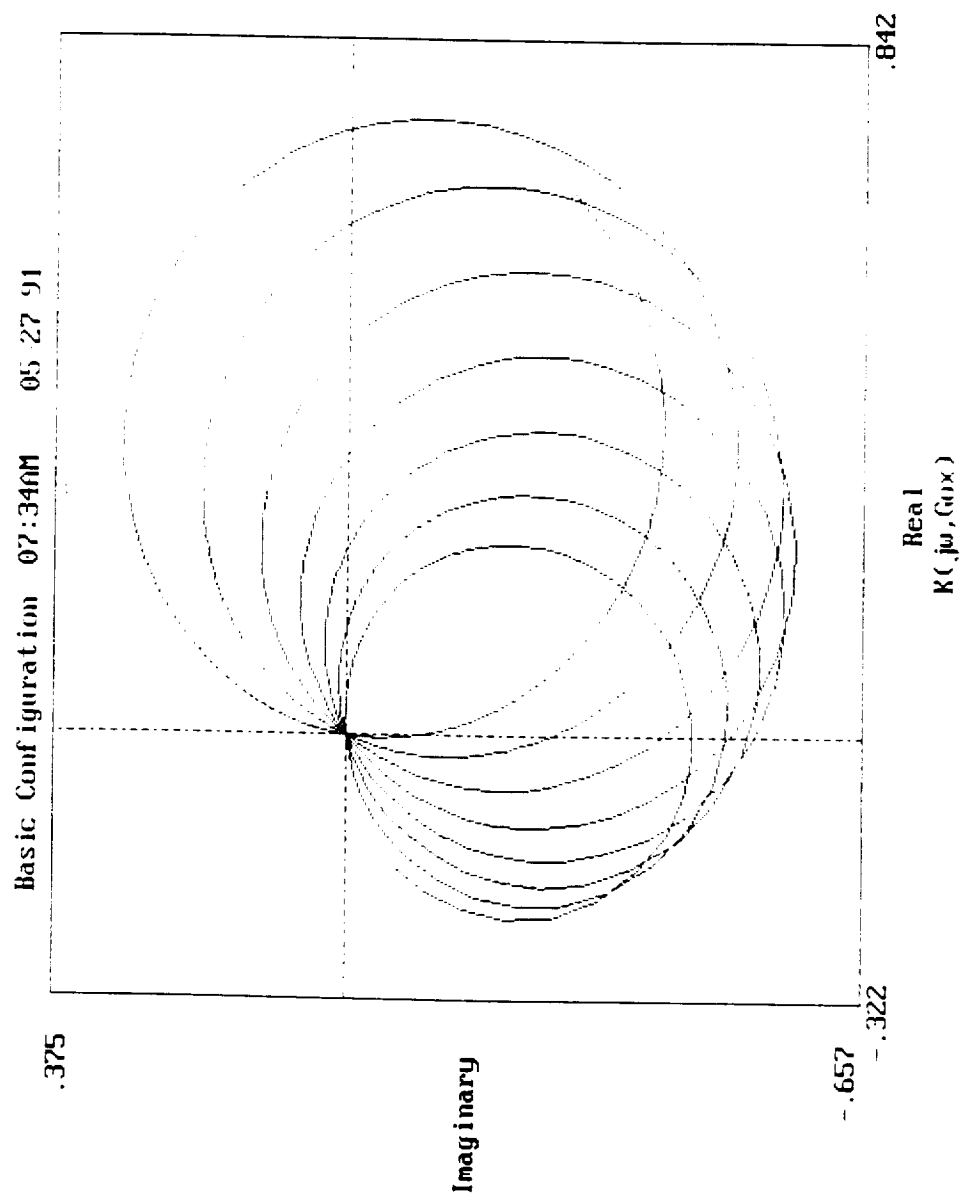


Figure 12

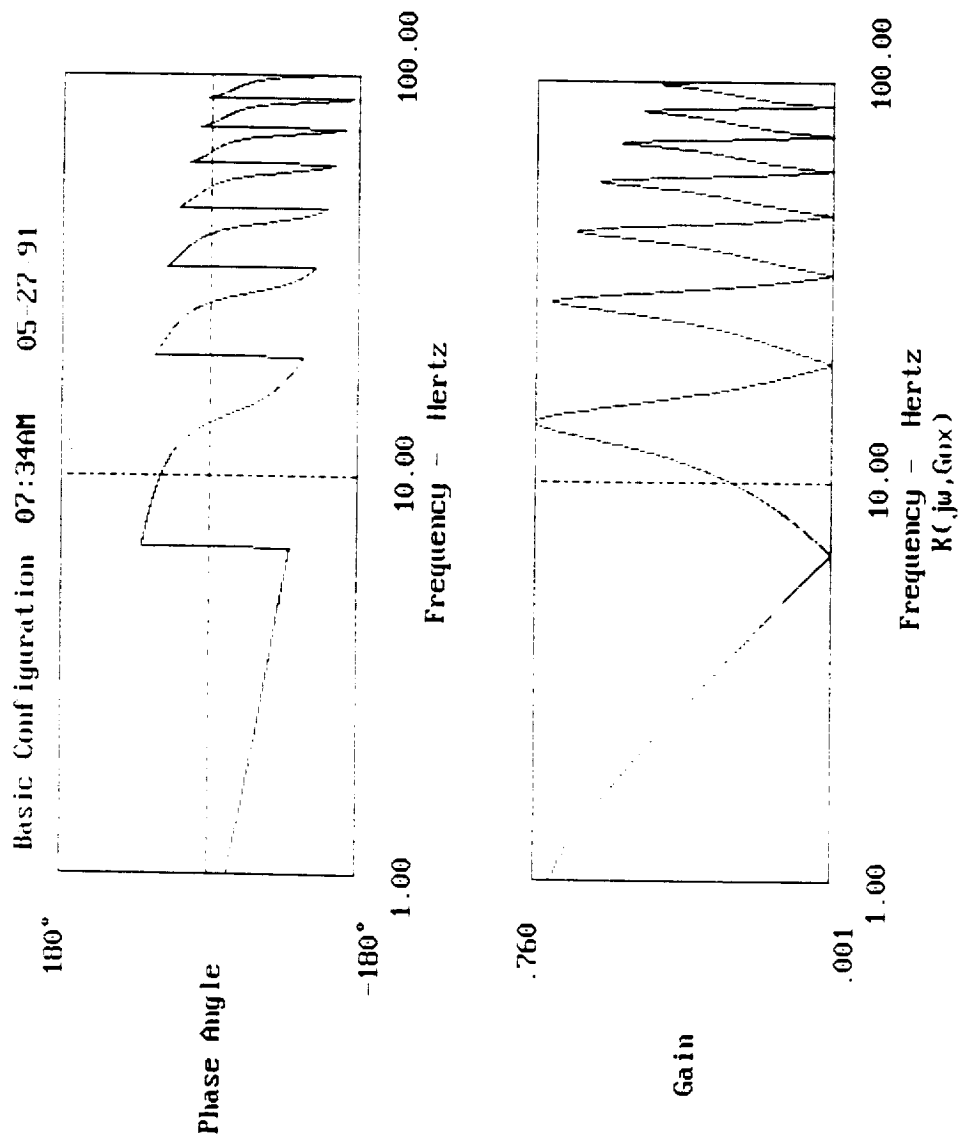


Figure 13

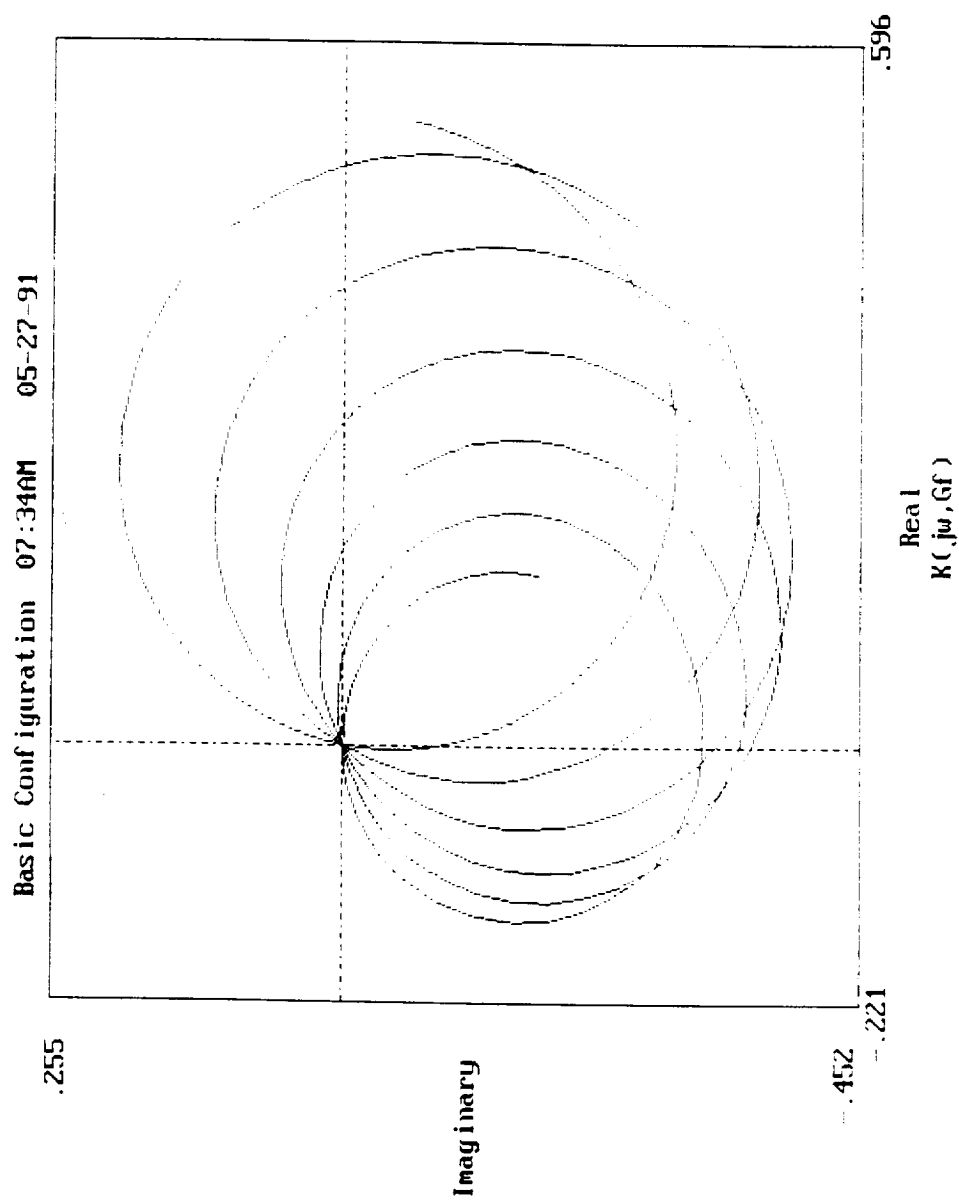


Figure 14

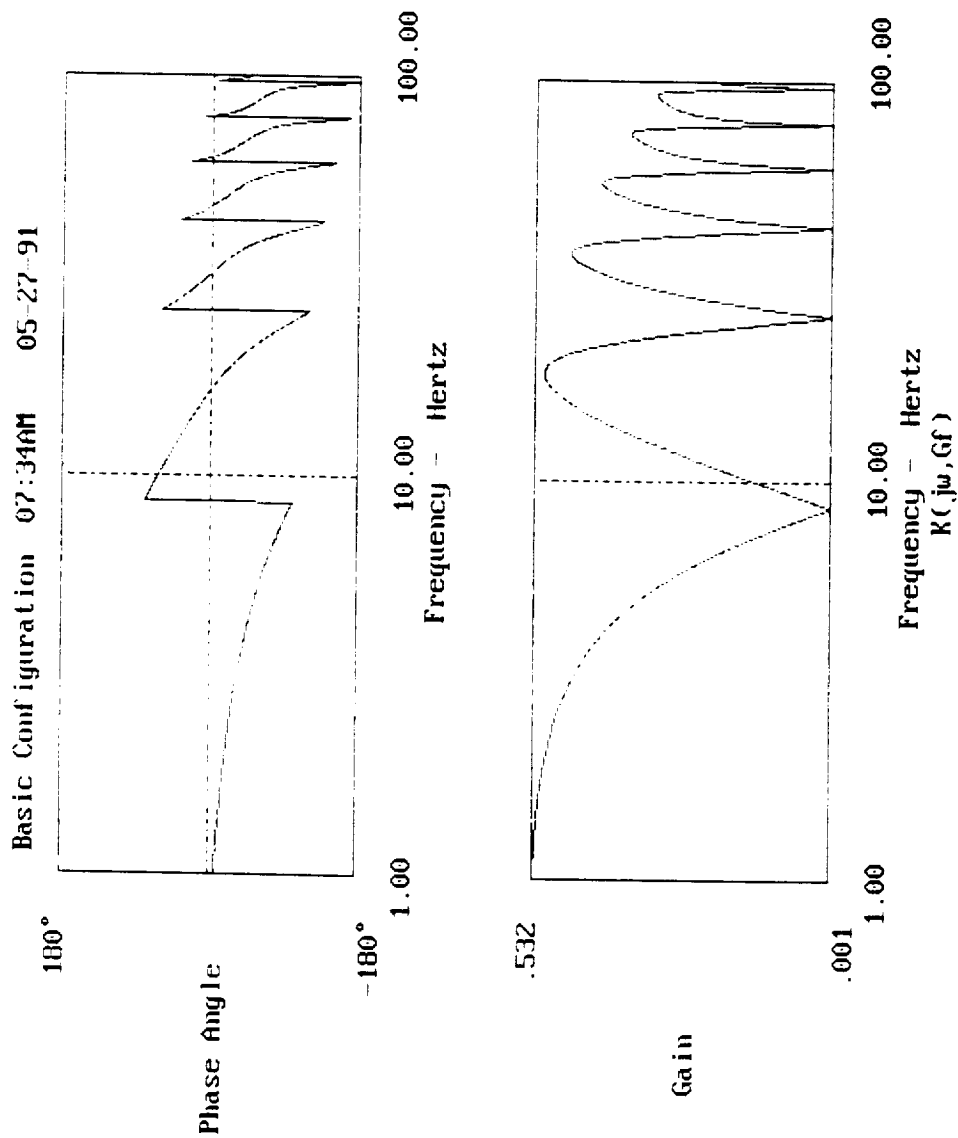


Figure 15

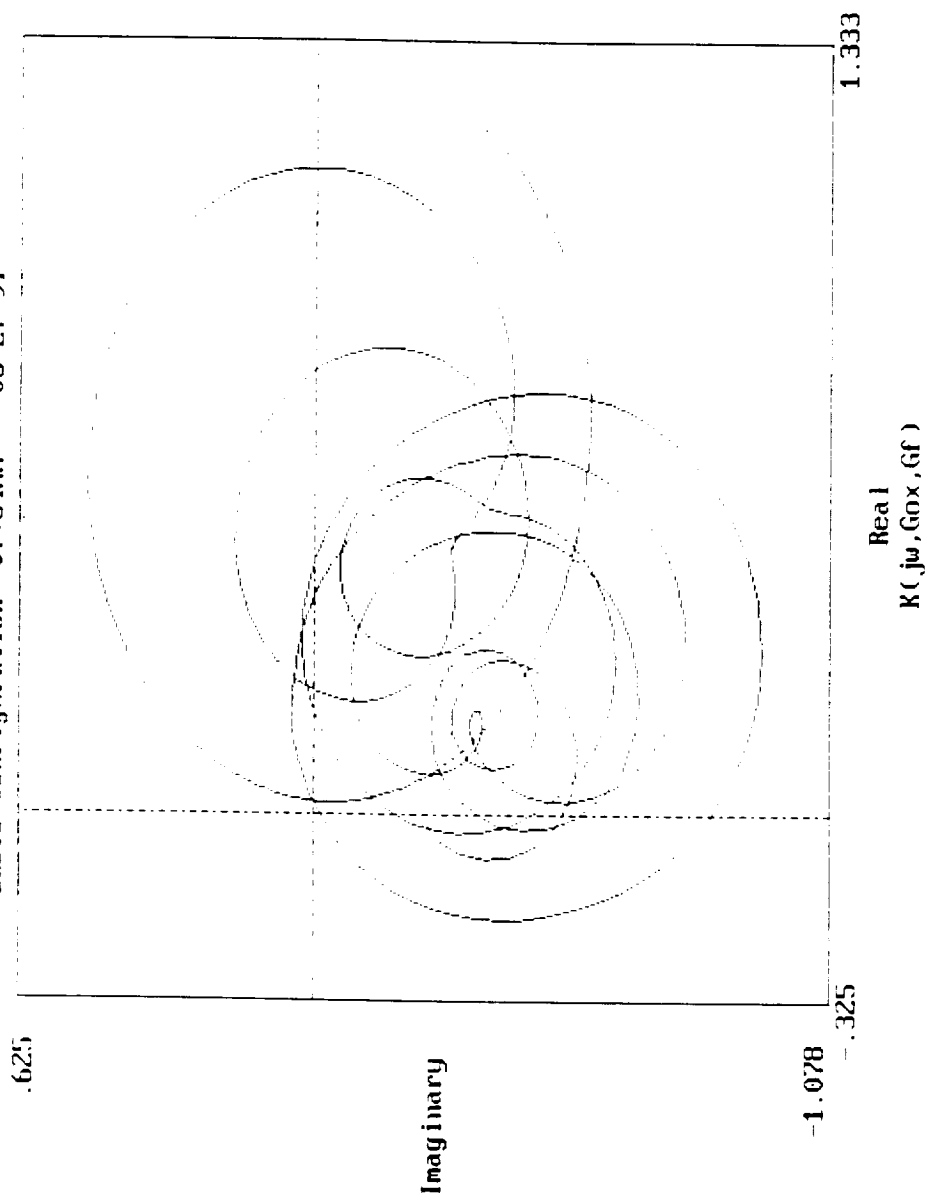


Figure 16

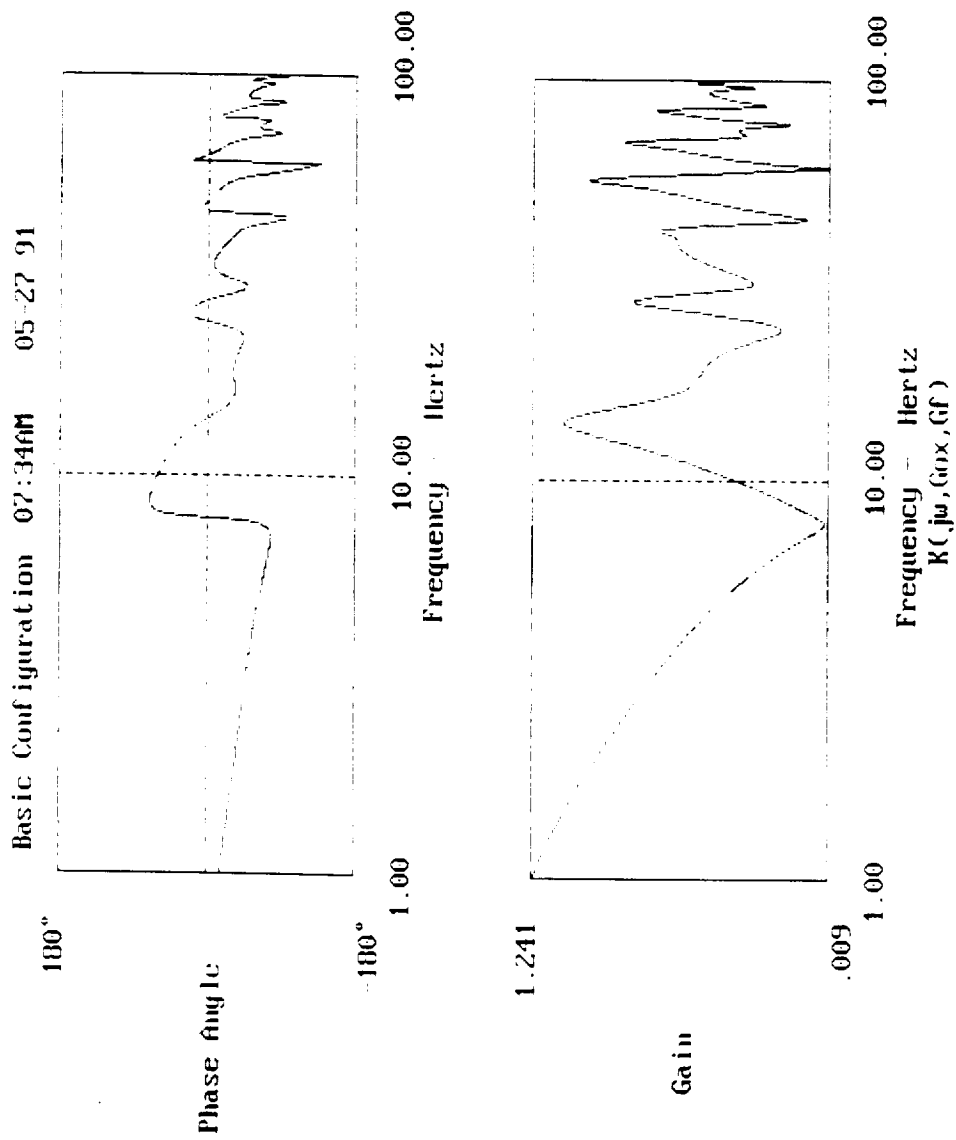


Figure 17

Check Case for SFREQ 08:03AM 05-27-91
 Frequency 113.000 Hertz

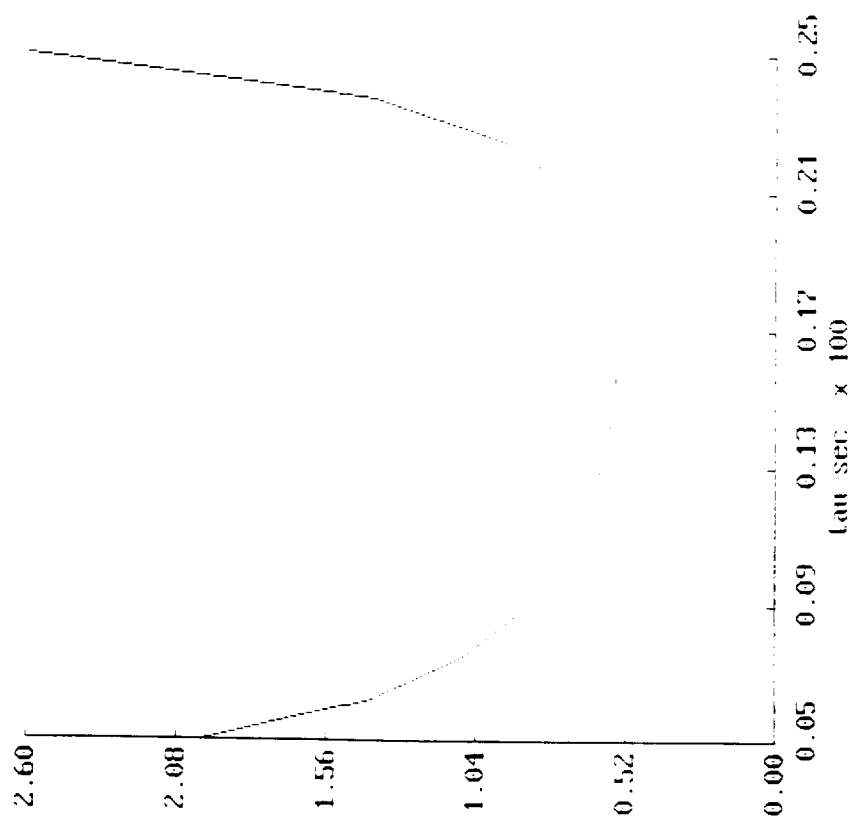


Figure 18

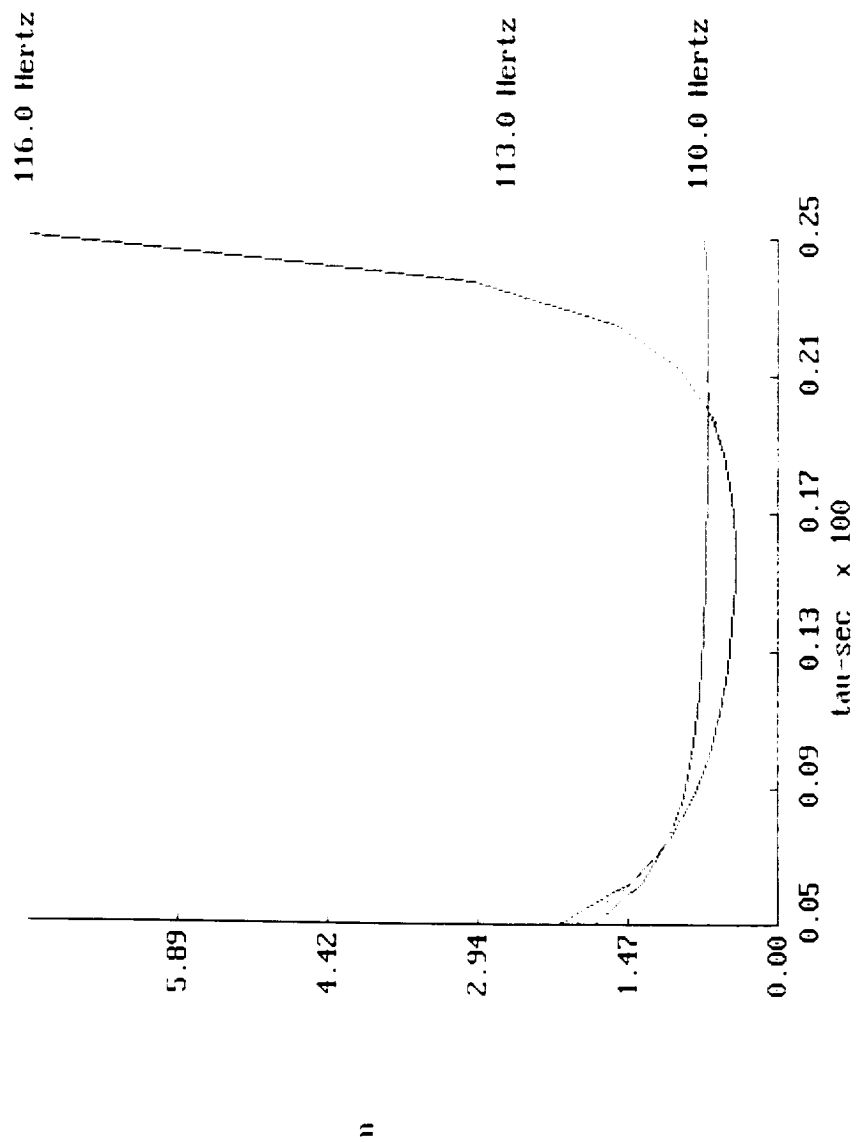


Figure 19

Appendix A

Applications of High Frequency Code

FDORC

The high frequency code (FDORC) was applied to a couple of actual engine designs. The first engine to be studied is described in "Predicted Combustion Stability Characteristics for the TRW Advanced Booster Application Engine", C. W. Johnson and G. R. Nickerson, Software and Engineering Associates, Inc., SEA SN109, May 1990. The 750K engine and the 1st tangential - 1st longitudinal were used as a check-point.

Data for 750K Engine Analysis (LOX RP1)

Gamma = 1.202
 Temperature = 6400° F
 Pressure = 660 psi
 Chamber radius = 2.375'
 Chamber length = 1.4885'
 Throat radius = 1.28'
 Radius RC = 1.67'
 Radius RE = 1.67'
 Angle = 30°
 Speed of sound = 2861 ft/sec

The results are summarized in the following table:

<u>Item</u>	<u>Value</u>	<u>Source</u>
n	0.3087	SEA SN109
tau	0.0007182	SEA SN109
frequency	1046 Hz	SEA SN109
acoustic frequency	1024 Hz	FDORC
n - neutral stab. for 1046 Hz	6.6062	FDORC
tau - neut. stab. for 1046 Hz	0.0001514	FDORC
n - neutral stab. for 1024 Hz	6.2223	FDORC
tau - neut. stab. for 1024 Hz	0.0001573	FDORC
frequency for n=0.3087, tau=0.0007182	845.3 Hz	FDORC
damping for n=0.3087, tau=0.0007182	2.3642	FDORC

note: in FDORC's notation, a positive value for damping means there is positive damping.

Data for the n - τ curve for this case was generated using FDORC. The n - τ curve and n, τ for the 750K engine are shown in Figure A-1. Results from SEA SN109 lie well below the neutral stability curve. Thus, the two analyses agree that the engine is stable in the 1st tangential - 1st longitudinal mode.

The code also was used to study a new engine proposal. The data for this engine is given in the following table.

Data for New Engine Analysis (LOX H₂)

Gamma = 1.22
 Temperature = 6000° F
 Pressure = 360 psi
 Chamber radius = 23.21"
 Chamber length = 18"
 Throat radius = 16.4"
 Radius RC = 24.63"
 Radius RE = 24.63"
 Angle = 20°
 Speed of sound = 3676 ft/sec

Several modes of oscillation were run for this engine on the FDORC code. The location of the minimum points on the $n - \tau$ curves are given in the following table.

Mode of Oscillation			Minimum of $n - \tau$ Curve Occurs at	
radial	tangential	axial	n	τ (sec)
1	1	0	0.565	0.000789
2	1	0	0.497	0.000301
1	2	0	0.537	0.000500
2	2	0	0.505	0.000249
2	2	1	1.806	0.000950

The $n - \tau$ curve for the 1st transverse mode (1,1,0) is shown in Figure A-2. The engine will be stable in this mode if n for the engine falls below the curve.

TRW 750K Engine

Report SEA - SN109

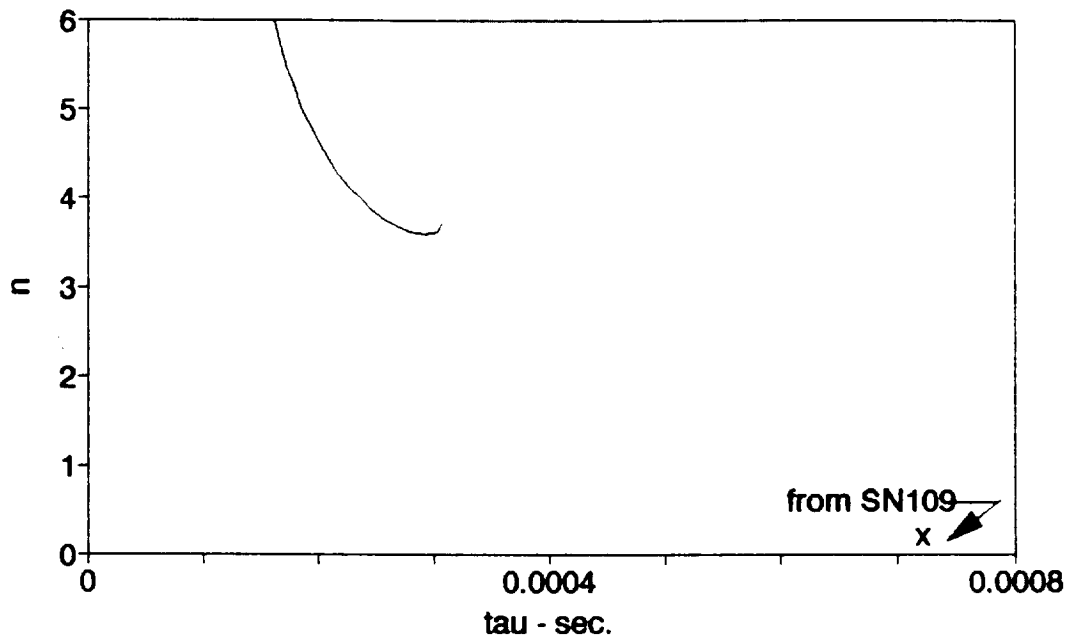


Figure A-1

NEW ENGINE

First Transverse Mode

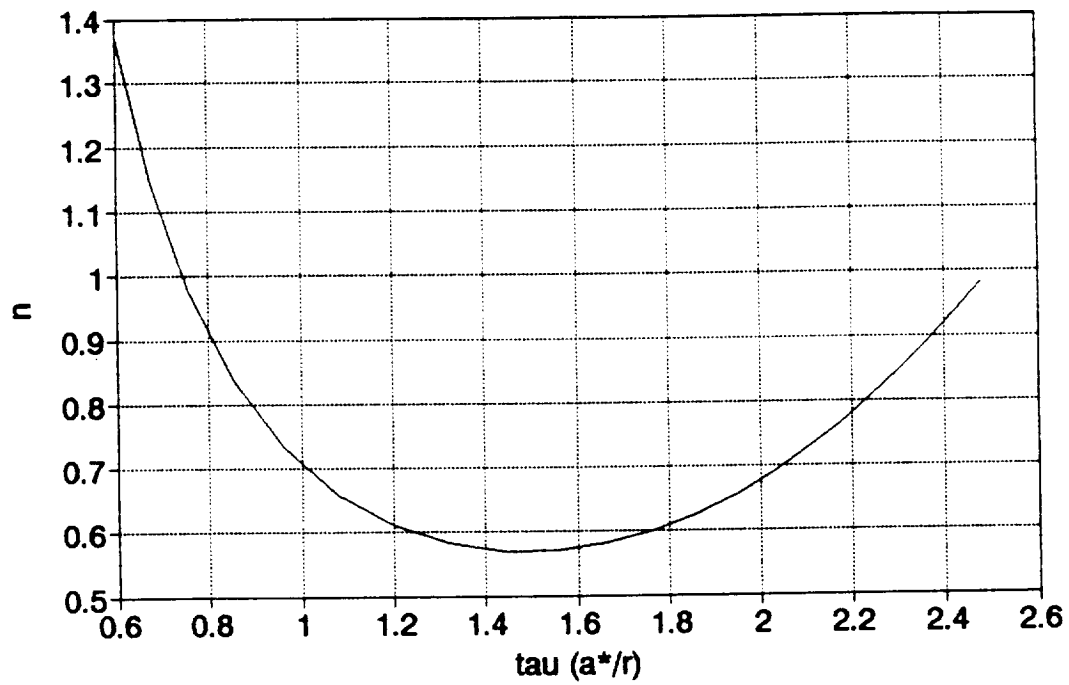


Figure A-2

Appendix B

Listing of Feedline Program

ACCUM

```

C
C      PROGRAM ACCUM
C
C          Program to compute and plot admittance coefficients, pipe layout,
C              and pressure transfer function
C
C              VARIABLE DIMENSION VERSION 06-27-91
C
C          This program will handle the following type elements
C
C              Straight pipes
C              Bends
C              Split pipes (into identical lines)
C              Inline accumulators
C              Tuned stub accumulators
C              Helmholtz resonators
C              Parallel resonators
C              Pumps
C
C
C              Variables in Commons
C
C                  /ADMCOL/
C      ADMBAC      INTEGER*2  maximum value of admittance for plot
C      ADMLIN      INTEGER*2  line color of admittance plot
C
C                  /ARCCON/
C      XC          REAL*4    x coordinate of curve center
C      YC          REAL*4    y coordinate of curve center
C      RAD         REAL*4    radius of bend
C      ANG         REAL*4    angle of bend in radians
C      ANGLE       REAL*4    angle of bend in degrees
C
C                  /FACTOR/
C      SFAC        REAL*4    factor for frequency
C
C                  /FREQ/
C      S           COMPLEX*8  complex frequency
C      ZT(0:76)    COMPLEX*8  impedance looking toward tank
C      ZO(76)      REAL*4     characteristic impedance
C      ZG(76)      COMPLEX*8  impedance looking toward engine
C
C                  /INTVAL/
C      SECT        INTEGER*2  current pipe section type
C      SECTN(75)   INTEGER*2  pipe section type
C      SEGMN       INTEGER*2  number of pipe sections
C      NSEC(75)    INTEGER*2  no. of integration segments of a pipe section
C      NPTS        INTEGER*2  number of x points for plot
C      LOPEND      INTEGER*2  maximum number of iterations for split pipe
C      LOPOLD      INTEGER*2  previous maximum number of iterations
C
C                  /NOCOL/

```

C	MODE	INTEGER*2	graphics mode of monitor
C	MODET	INTEGER*2	text mode of monitor
C	NTROWS	INTEGER*2	number of text rows for graphics
C	NTCOLS	INTEGER*2	number of text columns for graphics
C	NPROWS	INTEGER*2	number of pixel rows for graphics
C	NPCOLS	INTEGER*2	number of pixel columns for graphics
C			
C			/PIPPXY/
C	X	REAL*4	x location of current centerline
C	XH	REAL*4	x location of current upper pipe
C	XL	REAL*4	x location of current lower pipe
C	Y	REAL*4	y location of current centerline
C	YH	REAL*4	y location of current upper pipe
C	YL	REAL*4	y location of current lower pipe
C	XMIN	REAL*4	minimum x value of piping layout
C	XMAX	REAL*4	maximum x value of piping layout
C	YMIN	REAL*4	minimum y value of piping layout
C	YMAX	REAL*4	maximum y value of piping layout
C	SINA	REAL*4	sine of current pipe direction
C	COSA	REAL*4	cosine of current pipe direction
C			
C			/RELVAL/
C	A	REAL*4	speed of sound in the fluid (ft/sec)
C	AREA(75)	REAL*4	area of pipe section (ft ²)
C	AREAB	REAL*4	area of current pipe section (ft ²)
C	CMAN	REAL*4	manifold capacitance
C	CTANK	REAL*4	tank capacitance
C	DENS	REAL*4	density of fluid (lbm/ft ³)
C	DIA(75)	REAL*4	diameter of pipe section (ft)
C	DIME	REAL*4	diameter of current pipe section (ft)
C	DPROR	REAL*4	pressure drop across orifices (lbf/ft ²)
C	L(75)	REAL*4	length of pipe section (ft)
C	PCHMB	REAL*4	chamber pressure (lbf/ft ²)
C	PIPE1(75)	REAL*4	first parameter of pipe description
C	PIPE2(75)	REAL*4	second parameter of pipe description
C	PIPE3(75)	REAL*4	third parameter of pipe description
C	PIPE4(75)	REAL*4	fourth parameter of pipe description
C	PIPE5(75)	REAL*4	fifth parameter of pipe description
C	TFLOW	REAL*4	total flow rate of engine (lbm/sec)
C	VALUE	REAL*4	used for passing different values
C	VOL	REAL*4	volume of tank (ft ³)
C	VOLMF	REAL*4	volume of manifold (ft ³)
C	PMRAT	REAL*4	chamber pressure/total mass flow
C	SPLIT	REAL*4	number of lines from pipe split
C	PCAP(75)	REAL*4	capacitance of pipe section
C	PIND(75)	REAL*4	inductance of pipe section
C	KMAN	REAL*4	bulk modulus of manifold (lbf/ft ²)
C	KTANK	REAL*4	bulk modulus of tank (lbf/ft ²)
C	LFLOW	REAL*4	flow rate through pipe (lbm/sec)
C			
C			/WCAOUT
C	NAMLIN	CHAR*24	name of file containing pipe description

```

C
C
C          /WCAPAS/
C  IFRST      INTEGER*2  flag for admittance plot
C
C          /WCATIT/
C  TITLE      CHAR*40    title for plots
C  TITLF      CHAR*20    title from pipe file
C  IHR        INTEGER*2  hour code run
C  IMIN       INTEGER*2  minute code run
C  AP         CHAR*2     AM or PM
C  IYR        INTEGER*2  yesr code run
C  IMON       INTEGER*2  month code run
C  IDAY       INTEGER*2  day code run
C
C
C  PROGRAM ACCUM
C      Determines maximum array sizes
C
C      Local Variables
C  I          INTEGER*4  do loop index
C  IERR       INTEGER*2  error flag for ALLOCATE
C  IXMAX      INTEGER*4  maximum number of frequencies
C  IYMAX      INTEGER*4  maximum number of points along piping
C  X(IXMAX,IYMAX) REAL*4  frequency array for plotting
C  XF(IXMAX)  REAL*4    frequency array
C  Y(IXMAX,IYMAX) REAL*4  location array for plotting
C  YF(IYMAX)  REAL*4    location array
C  Z(IXMAX,IYMAX) REAL*4  gain array for plotting
C  ZF(IXMAX,IYMAX) REAL*4  gain array
C
C
C  SUBROUTINE MAINP(X,Y,Z,XF,YF,ZF,IXMAX,IYMAX)
C      Logic portion of code
C
C  Commons FACTOR  FREQ  INTVAL  RELVAL  WCAOUT  WCATIT
C      Variables in Argument List
C  IXMAX      INTEGER*4  maximum number of frequencies
C  IYMAX      INTEGER*4  maximum number of points along piping
C  X(IXMAX,IYMAX) REAL*4  frequency array for plotting
C  XF(IXMAX)  REAL*4    frequency array
C  Y(IXMAX,IYMAX) REAL*4  location array for plotting
C  YF(IYMAX)  REAL*4    location array
C  Z(IXMAX,IYMAX) REAL*4  gain array for plotting
C  ZF(IXMAX,IYMAX) REAL*4  gain array
C
C      Local Variables
C  ADMMAX     REAL*4    maximum value of admittance for plot
C  AM         CHAR*2    'AM'
C  ANS        CHAR*1    response to question
C  AVGK       REAL*4    average bulk modulus (lbf/ft^2)
C  CAPM       COMPLEX*8  intermediate variable
C  CAPN       COMPLEX*8  intermediate variable
C  CFAC       COMPLEX*8  intermediate variable

```

C	ERRP	REAL*4	error in gain calculation
C	G(0:76)	COMPLEX*8	admittance looking toward tank
C	GRAV	REAL*4	gravitational constant (lbf-ft/lbf-sec ²)
C	G1	COMPLEX*8	admittance starting at G(0)+1
C	HFREQ	REAL*4	maximum frequency requested
C	I	INTEGER*2	do loop index
C	IOPEN	INTEGER*2	flag indicating if SURF.ERR is open
C	IPLT	INTEGER*2	flag indicating when admittance is plotted
C	ISEC	INTEGER*2	second code run
C	ISIZ	INTEGER*2	counter for number of integration segments
C	I100	INTEGER*2	hundredth of second code run
C	K	INTEGER*2	do loop index
C	KLOOP	INTEGER*2	do loop index
C	LFREQ	REAL*4	minimum frequency requested
C	MAG	REAL*4	magnitude of G at orifice
C	MAG1	REAL*4	magnitude of G1 at orifice
C	NAMFUL	CHAR*24	name of fuel file (if used)
C	NAMLOX	CHAR*24	name of lox file (if used)
C	PI	REAL*4	mathematical constant
C	PM	CHAR*2	'PM'
C	PTS	INTEGER*2	number of frequencies
C	RHS	COMPLEX*8	intermediate variable
C	RSPON	INTEGER*2	flag to MODIFY subroutine
C	SSIZE	REAL*4	frequency step size
C	TL	REAL*4	length/speed of sound
C	TLT	REAL*4	total length of piping
C	W	REAL*4	oscillatory part of frequency
C	WN	REAL*4	normalized W
C	WVAL	REAL*4	maximum gain
C	ZGEFF	COMPLEX*8	effective impedance for calculations
C	ZOEFF	COMPLEX*8	effective ZO for calculations
C	ZOR	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	ZTOP	REAL*4	intermediate variable

```

C
C
C      SUBROUTINE ADMGRAPH(LFREQ,HFREQ,ADMMAX)
C          Plots admittance curve
C
C      Commons FACTOR  NOCOL  WCATIT
C          Variables in Argument List
C      ADMMAX          REAL*4      maximum value of admittance for plot
C      HFREQ           REAL*4      maximum frequency requested
C      LFREQ           REAL*4      minimum frequency requested
C          Local Variables
C      XMAJ            REAL*4      distance between tick marks on x axis
C      XMAX            REAL*4      maximum value of x
C      XMIN            REAL*4      minimum value of x
C      YMAJ            REAL*4      distance between tick marks on y axis
C      YMAX            REAL*4      maximum value of y
C      YMIN            REAL*4      minimum value of y
C
C

```

```

C  SUBROUTINE ALLPT(X,Y,PTS)
C      Supervises plot of admittance after calculations
C
C      Variables in Argument List
C  PTS      INTEGER*2  number of frequencies
C  X(PTS)   REAL*4     frequency array
C  Y(PTS)   REAL*4     admittance array
C      Local Variables
C  ADMMAX   REAL*4     maximum value of admittance for plot
C  I        INTEGER*2  do loop index
C
C
C  SUBROUTINE BENDS(PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,PIPE4,VALUE,DIME)
C      Computes effective straight pipe for bend
C
C      Variables in Argument List
C  DIME      REAL*4     effective diameter (ft)
C  PIPE1     REAL*4     radius of bend (ft)
C  PIPE2     REAL*4     angle of bend (degrees)
C  PIPE3     REAL*4     diameter of bend (ft)
C  PIPE4     REAL*4     length of end straight segments (ft)
C  VALUE     REAL*4     effective length (ft)
C      Local Variables
C  AREAB     REAL*4     effective area of bend
C  ARBND     REAL*4     area of bend
C  BENDR     REAL*4     bend angle in radians
C  GAMMA     REAL*4     intermediate variable
C  INERT     REAL*4     intermediate variable
C  INRAD     REAL*4     inside radius of bend
C  LBND      REAL*4     intermediate variable
C  LPRME     REAL*4     intermediate variable
C  NEWLN     REAL*4     intermediate variable
C  OTRAD     REAL*4     outside radius of bend
C  RATIO     REAL*4     intermediate variable
C  X         REAL*4     intermediate variable
C  Y         REAL*4     intermediate variable
C
C
C  SUBROUTINE BNSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,PIPE4)
C      Computes plot coordinates for a bend
C
C  Commons ARCCON  PIPPHY
C      Variables in Argument List
C  ITYPE(200)  INTEGER*2  type plot element
C  J           INTEGER*2  pointer to element
C  PIPE1       REAL*4     first parameter of pipe description
C  PIPE2       REAL*4     second parameter of pipe description
C  PIPE3       REAL*4     third parameter of pipe description
C  PIPE4       REAL*4     fourth parameter of pipe description
C  POINT(8,200) REAL*4     description of plot element
C      Local Variables
C  DIA         REAL*4     intermediate variable

```


C	HOLD	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	RANG	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	SLENTH	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	X0	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	X1	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	X2	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	X3	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	Y0	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	Y1	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	Y2	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	Y3	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C			
C			
C	COMPLEX FUNCTION CCOSH(S)		
C	Evaluates the complex hyperbolic cosine		
C			
C		Variables in Argument List	
C	S	COMPLEX*8	complex frequency
C		Local Variables	
C	COSHI	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	COSHR	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	LAMDA	REAL*4	real part of complex frequency
C	MU	REAL*4	imaginary part of complex frequency
C			
C			
C	COMPLEX FUNCTION CSINH(S)		
C	Evaluates the complex hyperbolic sine		
C			
C		Variables in Argument List	
C	S	COMPLEX*8	complex frequency
C		Local Variables	
C	LAMDA	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	MU	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	SINHI	REAL*4	real part of complex frequency
C	SINHR	REAL*4	imaginary part of complex frequency
C			
C			
C	COMPLEX FUNCTION CTANH(S)		
C	Evaluates the complex hyperbolic tangent		
C			
C		Variables in Argument List	
C	S	COMPLEX*8	complex frequency
C			
C			
C	SUBROUTINE ENDPLT		
C	Closes plot routines		
C			
C	Commons NOCOL	WCAPAS	
C		Local Variables	
C	IEXTEN	INTEGER*2	extension of key hit
C	IKEY	INTEGER*2	code of key hit
C			

```

C
C SUBROUTINE FREQRS(YF,ZF,K,IXMAX,IYMAX,KLOOP,ERRP,WVAL)
C   Computes pressure transfer function
C
C   Commons  FREQ      INTVAL  RELVAL
C           Variables in Argument List
C   ERRP      REAL*4      error in gain calculation
C   IXMAX     INTEGER*4    maximum number of frequencies
C   IYMAX     INTEGER*4    maximum number of points along piping
C   K         INTEGER*2    frequency pointer
C   KLOOP     INTEGER*2    loop pointer
C   WVAL      REAL*4      maximum gain
C   YF(IYMAX) REAL*4      location array
C   ZF(IXMAX,IYMAX) REAL*4  gain array
C           Local Variables
C   BOTTOM     COMPLEX*8    intermediate variable
C   CAPM      COMPLEX*8    intermediate variable
C   CAPN      COMPLEX*8    intermediate variable
C   DX        REAL*4      x increment
C   ERRN      REAL*4      local error
C   I         INTEGER*2    do loop index
C   J         INTEGER*2    do loop index
C   LITTLN    COMPLEX*8    intermediate variable
C   LSEC      INTEGER*2    number of segments of pipe section
C   M         INTEGER*2    locatioon pointer
C   PRAT      COMPLEX*8    pressure ratio
C   PRATN     REAL*4      absolute value of pressure ratio
C   PRATO(2,75) REAL*4    previous pressure ratio
C   SUMX      REAL*4      distance from orifice
C   TOP       COMPLEX*8    intermediate variable
C   X         REAL*4      distance along pipe section
C   ZFAC      COMPLEX*8    intermediate variable
C
C
C SUBROUTINE GINERT(BEND,X,Y)
C   Evaluates curve fit of inertance of bends
C
C           Variables in Argument List
C   BEND      REAL*4      angle of bend (degrees)
C   X         REAL*4      ratio of inner to outer radius
C   Y         REAL*4      inertance
C           Local Variables
C   A         REAL*4      intermediate variable
C   B(3)      REAL*4      coefficient array for inertance fit
C
C
C SUBROUTINE HHSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,LEN,DIA,VOL)
C   Computes plot coordinates for Helmholtz resonator
C
C   Common  PIPXY
C           Variables in Argument List
C   DIA     REAL*4      diameter of opening (ft)

```

```

C  ITYPE(200)      INTEGER*2  type plot element
C  J                INTEGER*2  pointer to element
C  LEN              REAL*4     length of opening (ft)
C  POINT(8,200)    REAL*4     description of plot element
C  VOL              REAL*4     volume of reservoir (ft^3)
C
C      Local Variables
C  COSOLD           REAL*4     intermediate variable
C  DIAM             REAL*4     intermediate variable
C  SIDE             REAL*4     intermediate variable
C  SINOLD           REAL*4     intermediate variable
C  XC               REAL*4     intermediate variable
C  XHOLD            REAL*4     intermediate variable
C  XLOLD            REAL*4     intermediate variable
C  XOLD             REAL*4     intermediate variable
C  YC               REAL*4     intermediate variable
C  YHOLD            REAL*4     intermediate variable
C  YLOLD            REAL*4     intermediate variable
C  YOLD             REAL*4     intermediate variable
C
C
C  SUBROUTINE LOWERW(LFREQ,HFREQ,ADMMAX)
C      Sets up lower plotting window
C
C  Commons ADMCOL  NOCOL
C
C      Variables in Argument List
C  ADMMAX          REAL*4     maximum value of admittance for plot
C  HFREQ           REAL*4     maximum frequency requested
C  LFREQ           REAL*4     minimum frequency requested
C
C      Local Variables
C  ASPECT          REAL*4     aspect ratio of monitor screen
C  IOPT            INTEGER*2  intermediate variable
C  JCOL1           INTEGER*2  starting column for admittance window
C  JCOL2           INTEGER*2  ending column for admittance window
C  JROW1           INTEGER*2  starting row for admittance window
C  JROW2           INTEGER*2  ending row for admittance window
C  XLEN            REAL*4     intermediate variable
C  XMAX            REAL*4     maximum x value for admittance plot
C  XMIN            REAL*4     minimum x value for admittance plot
C  XORG            REAL*4     x origin for admittance plot
C  YLEN            REAL*4     intermediate variable
C  YMAX            REAL*4     maximum y value for admittance plot
C  YMIN            REAL*4     minimum y value for admittance plot
C  YOVERX          REAL*4     intermediate variable
C  YORG            REAL*4     y origin for admittance plot
C
C
C  SUBROUTINE MODIFY(RSPON)
C      Allows modifications to input data
C
C  Commons INTVAL  RELVAL  WCAOUT  WCATIT
C
C      Variables in Argument List
C  RSPON           INTEGER*2  flag for path to be taken

```

```

C          Local Variables
C  ANS          CHAR*1      response to question
C  AVGK         REAL*4      average bulk modulus (lbf/ft^2)
C  GRAV         REAL*4      gravitational constant (lbf-ft/lbf-sec^2)
C  I            INTEGER*2   pointer
C  II           INTEGER*2   do loop index
C  III          INTEGER*2   do loop index
C  ICHG         INTEGER*2   change flag
C  ISEGMN       INTEGER*2   intermediate variable
C  NAME         CHAR*8      variable name
C  PI           REAL*4      mathematical constant
C  VARL(9)      CHAR*8      array of variable names (lower case)
C  VARU(9)      CHAR*8      array of variable names (upper case)
C  VARVAL(9)    CHAR*8      array of variable names for printout
C
C
C  SUBROUTINE NEXPT(WN,MAG1)
C      Supervises plot of admittance while computing
C
C  Common  WCAPAS
C          Variables in Argument List
C  MAG1    REAL*4      admittance
C  WN      REAL*4      frequency
C          Local Variables
C  X(2)    REAL*4      print line (frequency)
C  Y(2)    REAL*4      print line (admittance)
C
C
C  SUBROUTINE PIPLOT(SEGMN,SECTN,PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,PIPE4)
C      Supervises plot of piping layout
C
C  Commons ARCCON  PIPXY
C          Variables in Argument List
C  PIPE1(75)    REAL*4      first parameter of pipe description
C  PIPE2(75)    REAL*4      second parameter of pipe description
C  PIPE3(75)    REAL*4      third parameter of pipe description
C  PIPE4(75)    REAL*4      fourth parameter of pipe description
C  SECTN(75)    INTEGER*2   segment types
C  SEGMN        INTEGER*2   number of pipe segments
C          Local Variables
C  I            INTEGER*2   do loop index
C  ITYPE(200)   INTEGER*2   type plot element
C  J            INTEGER*2   pointer to element
C  POINT(8,200) REAL*4      description of plot element
C  XP(2)        REAL*4      x plot array
C  X RANGE      REAL*4      range of x values
C  X0           REAL*4      intermediate variable
C  X1           REAL*4      intermediate variable
C  X2           REAL*4      intermediate variable
C  X3           REAL*4      intermediate variable
C  YP(2)        REAL*4      y plot array
C  Y RANGE      REAL*4      range of y values

```

C	Y0	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	Y1	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	Y2	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	Y3	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C			
C			
C	SUBROUTINE PLOTSU(X,Y,Z,XF,YF,ZF,JPTS,IPTS,IXMAX,IYMAX)		
C	Supervises the surface plot		
C			
C	Commons FACTOR	WCATIT	
C		Variables in Argument List	
C	IPTS	INTEGER*2	actual number of frequencies
C	IXMAX	INTEGER*4	maximum number of frequencies
C	IYMAX	INTEGER*4	maximum number of points along piping
C	JPTS	INTEGER*2	actual number of points along pipe
C	X(IPTS,JPTS)	REAL*4	frequency array for plotting
C	XF(IXMAX)	REAL*4	frequency array
C	Y(IPTS,JPTS)	REAL*4	location array for plotting
C	YF(IYMAX)	REAL*4	location array
C	Z(IPTS,JPTS)	REAL*4	gain array for plotting
C	ZF(IXMAX,IYMAX)	REAL*4	gain array
C		Local Variables	
C	ANS	CHAR*1	response to question
C	ASPECT	REAL*4	aspect ratio of monitor
C	I	INTEGER*2	do loop index
C	IBOARD	INTEGER*2	type graphics board installed
C	ICOLR	INTEGER*2	background color
C	IEXTEN	INTEGER*2	extension of key hit
C	IFIL	INTEGER*2	fill color
C	IGO	INTEGER*2	flag for changes
C	IKEY	INTEGER*2	code of key hit
C	ILIN	INTEGER*2	line color
C	IWIRE	INTEGER*2	flag for wire-frame or filled
C	IWR	INTEGER*2	temporary flag for wire-frame or filled
C	IWRK1(640)	INTEGER*2	work array for plot routine
C	IWRK2(640)	INTEGER*2	work array for plot routine
C	J	INTEGER*2	do loop index
C	LEGEND	CHAR*45	legend for CGA monitor
C	LEGENDH	CHAR*58	legend for EGA or VGA monitor (Hertz)
C	LEGENDR	CHAR*58	legend for EGA or VGA monitor (rad/sec)
C	MODE	INTEGER*2	graphics mode
C	MODET	INTEGER*2	text mode
C	NCOLT	INTEGER*2	number of columns in text mode
C	P	REAL*4	phi rotation angle (degrees)
C	T	REAL*4	theta rotation angle (degrees)
C	XFAC	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	XINV	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	XLEN	REAL*4	length of x axis
C	XMAJ	REAL*4	distance between tick marks on x axis
C	XMAX	REAL*4	maximum value for x axis
C	XMIN	REAL*4	minimum value for x axis
C	XYZLEN	REAL*4	intermediate variable

C	YFAC	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	YINV	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	YLEN	REAL*4	length of y axis
C	YMAJ	REAL*4	distance between tick marks on y axis
C	YMAX	REAL*4	maximum value for y axis
C	YMIN	REAL*4	minimum value for y axis
C	ZFAC	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	ZINV	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	ZLEN	REAL*4	length of z axis
C	ZMAJ	REAL*4	distance between tick marks on z axis
C	ZMAX	REAL*4	maximum value for z axis
C	ZMIN	REAL*4	minimum value for z axis

C
C

C SUBROUTINE PLSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,LEN,DIA,VOL)
C Computes plot coordinates for parallel resonator

C

C Commons ARCCON PIPPHY

C Variables in Argument List

C	DIA	REAL*4	diameter of parallel segment (ft)
C	ITYPE(200)	INTEGER*2	type plot element
C	J	INTEGER*2	pointer to element
C	LEN	REAL*4	length of parallel segment (ft)
C	POINT(8,200)	REAL*4	description of plot element
C	VOL	REAL*4	volume of bypassed segment (ft ³)

C Local Variables

C	ANGOLD	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	ANGSAV	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	COSOLD	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	DIAM	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	PDIA	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	PLEN	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	RADIUS	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	SIDE	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	SINOLD	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	TURN	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	XHC	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	XHOLD	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	XHSAV	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	XLC	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	XLOLD	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	XLSAV	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	XOLD	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	XSAV	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	YHC	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	YHOLD	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	YHSAV	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	YLC	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	YLOLD	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	YLSAV	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	YOLD	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	YSAV	REAL*4	intermediate variable

```

C
C
C SUBROUTINE PLTCON(X,Y,Z,XF,YF,ZF,JPTS,IPTS,IXMAX,IYMAX)
C     Supervises plot of contour plot
C
C Commons FACTOR WCATIT
C     Variables in Argument List
C IPTS          INTEGER*2  actual number of frequencies
C IXMAX         INTEGER*4  maximum number of frequencies
C IYMAX         INTEGER*4  maximum number of points along piping
C JPTS          INTEGER*2  actual number of points along pipe
C X(IPTS)       REAL*4     frequency array for plotting
C XF(IXMAX)     REAL*4     frequency array
C Y(JPTS)       REAL*4     location array for plotting
C YF(IYMAX)     REAL*4     location array
C Z(IPTS,JPTS)  REAL*4     gain array for plotting
C ZF(IXMAX,IYMAX) REAL*4   gain array
C
C Local Variables
C ANS           REAL*4     response to question
C ASPECT        REAL*4     aspect ratio of monitor
C CONS(10)      REAL*4     array for values of contour lines
C I             INTEGER*2  do loop index
C IBOARD        INTEGER*2  type graphics board installed
C ICOLR         INTEGER*2  background color
C IDEF          INTEGER*2  flag for plot routine
C IEXTEN        INTEGER*2  extension of key hit
C IFIL          INTEGER*2  fill color
C IKEY          INTEGER*2  code of key hit
C ILIN          INTEGER*2  line color
C IOPT          INTEGER*2  flag for plot routine
C J             INTEGER*2  do loop index
C JCOL1         INTEGER*2  starting column for contour plot window
C JCOL2         INTEGER*2  ending column for contour plot window
C JROW1         INTEGER*2  starting row for contour plot window
C JROW2         INTEGER*2  ending row for contour plot window
C LABL(10)      INTEGER*2  flags for labeling contours
C MODE          INTEGER*2  graphics mode
C MODET         INTEGER*2  text mode
C NCOLT         INTEGER*2  number of columns in text mode
C XMAJ          REAL*4     distance between tick marks on x axis
C XMAX          REAL*4     maximum value for x axis
C XMIN          REAL*4     minimum value for x axis
C XORG          REAL*4     origin of x axis
C YMAJ          REAL*4     distance between tick marks on y axis
C YMAX          REAL*4     maximum value for y axis
C YMIN          REAL*4     minimum value for y axis
C YORG          REAL*4     origin of y axis
C YOVERX        REAL*4     intermediate variable
C ZLEN          REAL*4     intermediate variable
C ZMAX          REAL*4     maximum value for z
C ZMIN          REAL*4     minimum value for z
C

```

```

C
C SUBROUTINE SETPLT
C     Sets up the plot environment
C
C Commons ADMCOL NOCOL WCAPAS
C     Local Variables
C ANS          CHAR*1    response to question
C IBOARD       INTEGER*2  type graphics board installed
C ITIM         INTEGER*2  flag for initialization
C NCOLT        INTEGER*2  number of columns in text mode
C
C
C SUBROUTINE STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,LEN,DIA)
C     Computes plot coordinates for a straight section
C
C Common PIPXY
C     Variables in Argument List
C DIA          REAL*4     diameter of segment (ft)
C ITYPE(200)   INTEGER*2  type plot element
C J            INTEGER*2  pointer to element
C LEN          REAL*4     length of segment (ft)
C POINT(8,200) REAL*4     description of plot element
C
C
C SUBROUTINE TSSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,LEN,DIA)
C     Computes plot coordinates for a tuned stub
C
C Common PIPXY
C     Variables in Argument List
C DIA          REAL*4     diameter of tuned stub (ft)
C ITYPE(200)   INTEGER*2  type plot element
C J            INTEGER*2  pointer to element
C LEN          REAL*4     length of tuned stub
C POINT(8,200) REAL*4     description of plot element
C
C     Local Variables
C DIAM         REAL*4     intermediate variable
C
C
C SUBROUTINE UPPERW(X0,Y0,X1,Y1)
C     Sets up upper plotting window
C
C Commons ADMCOL NOCOL
C     Variables in Argument List
C X0           REAL*4     minimum value of x for piping layout window
C X1           REAL*4     maximum value of x for piping layout window
C Y0           REAL*4     minimum value of y for piping layout window
C Y1           REAL*4     maximum value of y for piping layout window
C
C     Local Variables
C ASPECT       REAL*4     aspect ratio of monitor
C CHANGE       REAL*4     intermediate variable
C IOPT         INTEGER*2  flag for plot routine
C JCOL1        INTEGER*2  starting column for pipe layout plot window

```



```

C      JCOL2          INTEGER*2  ending column for pipe layout plot window
C      JROW1          INTEGER*2  starting row for pipe layout plot window
C      JROW2          INTEGER*2  ending row for pipe layout plot window
C      XMAX           REAL*4     maximum value for x axis
C      XMIN           REAL*4     minimum value for x axis
C      XORG           REAL*4     origin of x axis
C      YMAX           REAL*4     maximum value for x axis
C      YMAX0          REAL*4     intermediate variable
C      YMIN           REAL*4     minimum value for x axis
C      YORG           REAL*4     origin of x axis
C      YOVERX         REAL*4     intermediate variable
C
C
C      SUBROUTINE WINDOW(MODE,XSCALE,XST,XFIN,YST,YFIN,ZST,ZFIN)
C          Sets up window for surface plot
C
C          Variables in Argument List
C      MODE           INTEGER*2  graphics mode
C      XFIN           REAL*4     final x value
C      XSCALE         REAL*4     aspect ratio of monitor
C      XST            REAL*4     starting x value
C      YFIN           REAL*4     final y value
C      YST            REAL*4     starting y value
C      ZFIN           REAL*4     final z value
C      ZST            REAL*4     starting z value
C          Local Variables
C      ASPECT         REAL*4     aspect ratio of monitor
C      IOPT           INTEGER*2  flag for plot routine
C      JCOL1          INTEGER*2  starting column for surface plot window
C      JCOL2          INTEGER*2  ending column for surface plot window
C      JROW1          INTEGER*2  starting row for surface plot window
C      JROW2          INTEGER*2  ending row for surface plot window
C      XMAX           REAL*4     maximum value for x axis
C      XMIN           REAL*4     minimum value for x axis
C      XORG           REAL*4     origin of x axis
C      YMAX           REAL*4     maximum value for y axis
C      YMIN           REAL*4     minimum value for y axis
C      YORG           REAL*4     origin of y axis
C      YOVERX         REAL*4     intermediate variable
C
C
C      FUNCTION XFUN(T)
C          Parametric function for plotting of bends
C
C      Common  ARCCON
C          Variables in Argument List
C      T          REAL*4     angle in radians
C
C      FUNCTION YFUN(T)
C          Parametric function for plotting of bends
C

```

```

C Common ARCCON
C
C Variables in Argument List
C T REAL*4 angle in radians
C
C
C SUBROUTINE ZREAD(NAME,VALUE)
C Reads input for input modification
C
C Variables in Argument List
C NAME(8) CHAR*1 name of input variable
C VALUE REAL*4 value of input variable
C Local Variables
C BLK CHAR*1 ' '
C CARD(80) CHAR*1 card image
C CEND(3) CHAR*1 'E','N','D'
C COMMA CHAR*1 ','
C CTIT(5) CHAR*1 'T','I','T','L','E'
C DCARD CHAR*80 card image
C E CHAR*1 'E'
C FRACT REAL*4 fractional part of number
C I INTEGER*2 do loop index
C ICOUNT INTEGER*2 position counter
C ID INTEGER*2 position counter
C II INTEGER*2 position counter
C J INTEGER*2 do loop index
C JJ INTEGER*2 position counter
C LE CHAR*1 'e'
C LEND(3) CHAR*1 'e','n','d'
C LTIT(5) CHAR*1 't','i','t','l','e'
C MINUS CHAR*1 '-'
C NUMBER(10) CHAR*1 '0','1','2','3','4','5','6','7','8','9'
C PERIOD CHAR*1 '.'
C PLUS CHAR*1 '+'
C POUND CHAR*1 '#'
C QUEST CHAR*1 '?'
C SIGN REAL*4 sign of number or exponent
C WHOLE REAL*4 WHOLE PART OF NUMBER
C
C INTERFACE TO SUBROUTINE
C 1 clearscreen[FAR,C,ALIAS:"__clearscreen"] (area)
C INTEGER*2 area
C END
C INTEGER*4 IXMAX,IYMAX,I
C REAL X[ALLOCATABLE](:,:),Y[ALLOCATABLE](:,:),Z[ALLOCATABLE](:,:),
C * XF[ALLOCATABLE](:,:),YF[ALLOCATABLE](:,:),ZF[ALLOCATABLE](:,:)
C EXTERNAL CLEARSCREEN
C DO 20 I=150,1,-1
C IXMAX=I
C IYMAX=I
C IERR=0
C ALLOCATE(X(IXMAX,IYMAX),Y(IXMAX,IYMAX),Z(IXMAX,IYMAX),STAT=IERR)
C ALLOCATE(XF(IXMAX),YF(IYMAX),ZF(IXMAX,IYMAX),STAT=IERR)

```



```

COMMON /INTVAL/SECT,SECTN,SEGMN,NSEC(75),NPTS,LOPEND,LOPOLD
COMMON /FREQ/S,ZT,ZG,ZO
INTEGER*2 IHR,IMIN,ISEC,I100,IYR,IMON,IDAY
CHARACTER*2 AM,PM,AP
CHARACTER*40 TITLE
CHARACTER*20 TITLF
COMMON /WCATIT/TITLE,TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IYR,IMON,IDAY
COMMON /FACTOR/SFAC
DATA AM/'AM'//,PM/'PM'//
DATA GRAV/32.2//,PI/3.1415927//
DATA NAMFUL/'FUEL.INP'//
DATA NAMLOX/'LOX.INP'//
DATA IOPEN/0/
1 FORMAT(E15.6)
2 FORMAT(I5,5E15.6)
3 FORMAT(1P4E15.6)
4 FORMAT(1PE13.5,' (' ,E12.5,' ,',E12.5,' ) (' ,E12.5,' ,',E12.5,' )')
5 FORMAT(/'      FREQ',8X,'FREQ-NORM',9X,'G(R)',11X,'G(I)'/)
6 FORMAT(/2X,'    FREQ"',7X,'    FREQ-NORM"',5X,'    /G1/"',6X,
*      '    /G/"')
7 FORMAT('"' ,A,'"' )
8 FORMAT(I5,1P3E15.6)
10 FORMAT(A20,2X,I2.2,' : ',I2.2,A2,3X,I2.2,' - ',I2.2,' - ',I2.2)
    SFAC=1.0
    WRITE(*,*)' If you want frequency in rad/sec, hit enter.'
    WRITE(*,'(A\)' )' If you want it in Hertz, enter "H". '
    READ(*,'(A)' )ANS
    IF(ANS.EQ.'H'.OR.ANS.EQ.'h') SFAC=6.283185
    LOPOLD=20
    CALL GETTIM(IHR,IMIN,ISEC,I100)
    CALL GETDAT(IYR,IMON,IDAY)
    IYR=IYR-1900
    IF(IHR.LT.12) THEN
        AP=AM
    ELSE
        AP=PM
        IF(IHR.GT.12) IHR=IHR-12
    ENDIF
20 CONTINUE
    WRITE(*,'(A\)' )' Is this setup for FUEL or OXIDIZER? Enter F or O
* , '
    READ(*,'(A)' )ANS
    IF(ANS.EQ.'F'.OR.ANS.EQ.'f') THEN
        WRITE(*,'(A\)' )' Is the name of the I/O file FUEL.INP? Y or N '
        READ(*,'(A)' )ANS
        IF(ANS.EQ.'N'.OR.ANS.EQ.'n') THEN
            WRITE(*,*)' Enter name of I/O file'
            READ(*,'(A)' )NAMLIN
        ELSE
            NAMLIN=NAMFUL
        ENDIF
    ELSEIF(ANS.EQ.'O'.OR.ANS.EQ.'o') THEN

```

```

WRITE(*,'(A\\)') Is the name of the I/O file LOX.INP? Y or N '
READ(*,'(A)')ANS
IF(ANS.EQ.'N'.OR.ANS.EQ.'n') THEN
  WRITE(*,*)' Enter name of I/O file'
  READ(*,'(A)')NAMLIN
ELSE
  NAMLIN=NAMLOX
ENDIF
ELSE
  WRITE(*,*)' You did not enter F or O. Try again'
  GO TO 20
ENDIF
OPEN(UNIT=11,FILE=NAMLIN)
OPEN(UNIT=12,FILE='SURF.DAT')
WRITE(*,'(A\\)') If there is data stored enter Y '
READ(*,'(A)')ANS
IF(ANS.EQ.'N'.OR.ANS.EQ.'n') THEN
  RSPON=4
  GO TO 24
ENDIF
21 CONTINUE
SPLIT=1.0
LOPEND=1
C      TITLE
READ(11,'(A)')TITLF
WRITE(TITLE,10)TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IMON,IDAY,IYR
C      TANK CONDITIONS
READ(11,1)VOL
READ(11,1)LFLOW
READ(11,1)KTANK
C      MANIFOLD CONDITIONS
READ(11,1)DENS
READ(11,1)TFLOW
READ(11,1)VOLMF
READ(11,1)KMAN
READ(11,1)PCHMB
C      ORFICE CONDITION
READ(11,1)DPROR
A=SQRT(GRAV*KTANK/DENS)
CTANK=DENS*VOL/KTANK
CMAN=DENS*VOLMF/KMAN
PMRAT=PCHMB/TFLOW
AVGK=0.5*(KTANK+KMAN)
READ(11,2)SEGMN
DO 22 I=1,SEGMN
READ(11,2)SECTN(I),PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I),PIPE4(I),PIPE5(I)
IF(SECTN(I).EQ.0) THEN
C      BEND IN PIPE
CALL BENDS(PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I),PIPE4(I),VALUE,DIME)
AREAB=0.785398*DIME**2
L(I)=VALUE
AREA(I)=AREAB

```

```

DIA(I)=DIME
ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.1.OR.SECTN(I).EQ.9) THEN
C      STRAIGHT SECTION OR SPLIT
      VALUE=PIPE1(I)
      DIME=PIPE2(I)
      AREAB=0.785398*DIME**2
      L(I)=VALUE
      AREA(I)=AREAB
      DIA(I)=DIME
      IF(SECTN(I).EQ.9) THEN
C        SPLIT PIPE
        SPLIT=PIPE3(I)
        WRITE(*,'(A,I3)') 'Maximun no. of iterations is set at ',LOPOLD
        WRITE(*,'(A\')') 'Do you wish to change it? '
        READ(*,'(A)')ANS
        IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') THEN
          WRITE(*,'(A\')') 'Enter maximum no. of iterations '
          READ(*,*)LOPOLD
        ENDIF
        LOPEND=LOPOLD
      ENDIF
ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.2) THEN
C      INLINE ACCUMULATOR
C      PIPE1 - LEN - L
C      PIPE2 - DIA - DIA
C      PIPE3 - DEN
C      PIPE4 - K
      L(I)=PIPE1(I)
      DIA(I)=PIPE2(I)
      AREA(I)=0.25*PI*PIPE2(I)**2
      IF(PIPE3(I).EQ.0.0) PIPE3(I)=DENS
      IF(PIPE4(I).EQ.0.0) PIPE4(I)=AVGK
      PCAP(I)=PIPE3(I)*L(I)*AREA(I)*PMRAT/PIPE4(I)
ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.3) THEN
C      TUNED STUB ACCUMULATOR
C      SUPPRESSES OMEGA = (PI/2)/(L*SQRT(PIND*PCAP))
C      PIPE1 - LEN - L
C      PIPE2 - DIA - DIA
C      PIPE3 - DEN
C      PIPE4 - K
      L(I)=PIPE1(I)
      DIA(I)=PIPE2(I)
      AREA(I)=0.25*PI*DIA(I)**2
      IF(PIPE3(I).EQ.0.0) PIPE3(I)=DENS
      IF(PIPE4(I).EQ.0.0) PIPE4(I)=AVGK
      PCAP(I)=PIPE3(I)*L(I)*AREA(I)*PMRAT/PIPE4(I)
      PIND(I)=L(I)/(AREA(I)*GRAV*PMRAT)
ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.4.OR.SECTN(I).EQ.5) THEN
C      HELMHOLTZ RESONATOR ACCUMULATOR
C      PARALLEL RESONATOR ACCUMULATOR
C      SUPPRESSES OMEGA = 1/SQRT(PIND*PCAP)
C      PIPE1 - LEN - L

```

```

C      PIPE2 - DIA      - DIA
C      PIPE3 - VOL      - AREA
C      PIPE4 - DEN
C      PIPE5 - K
      L(I)=PIPE1(I)
      DIA(I)=PIPE2(I)
      AREA(I)=PIPE3(I)
      IF(PIPE4(I).EQ.0.0) PIPE4(I)=DENS
      IF(PIPE5(I).EQ.0.0) PIPE5(I)=AVGK
      PCAP(I)=PIPE4(I)*AREA(I)*PMRAT/PIPE5(I)
      PIND(I)=L(I)/(0.25*PI*DIA(I)**2*GRAV*PMRAT)
      ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.6) THEN
C      PUMP
C      PIPE1 - LEN      - L
C      PIPE2 - DIA      - DIA
C      PIPE3 - DP/DM    - AREA
C      PIPE4 - IND      - PIND
C      PIPE5 - CAP      - PCAP
      L(I)=PIPE1(I)
      DIA(I)=PIPE2(I)
      AREA(I)=PIPE3(I)
      PCAP(I)=PIPE4(I)*PMRAT
      PIND(I)=PIPE5(I)/PMRAT
      ENDIF
22 CONTINUE

C
C      The first stage in this program is to define the parameters then
C      we will begin the initial calculations. Because these parameters
C      are as likely to change as not, a provision is made to update the
C      parameters if necessary.
C
      WRITE(12,*)' '
      WRITE(12,*)TITLE
      WRITE(12,*)' '
      WRITE(12,*)'PRESENT CONDITIONS ARE AS FOLLOWS:'
      WRITE(12,*)'FUEL TANK VOLUME=',VOL
      WRITE(12,*)'LINE FLOW RATE=',LFLOW
      WRITE(12,*)'BULK MOD. OF FUEL TANK=',KTANK
      WRITE(12,*)'VELOCITY OF SOUND IN FLUID=',A
      WRITE(12,*)'CAPACITANCE OF FUEL TANK=',CTANK
      WRITE(12,*)'DENS=',DENS
      WRITE(12,*)'TOTAL FLOW RATE=',TFLOW
      WRITE(12,*)'MANIFOLD VOLUME=',VOLMF
      WRITE(12,*)'BULK MOD. OF MANIFOLD=',KMAN
      WRITE(12,*)'ENGINE CHAMBER PRESSURE=',PCHMB
      WRITE(12,*)'CAPACITANCE OF MANIFOLD=',CMAN
      WRITE(12,*)'PRESSURE DROP ACROSS ORIFICE=',DPROR
      WRITE(12,*)' STATUS      LENGTH      AREA      DIAMETER'
      WRITE(12,8)(SECTN(I),L(I),AREA(I),DIA(I),I=1,SEGMN)
      WRITE(12,*)' '
      WRITE(*,*)' '
      WRITE(*,*)TITLE

```

```

WRITE(*,*)' '
WRITE(*,*)' PRESENT CONDITIONS ARE AS FOLLOWS:'
WRITE(*,*)' FUEL TANK VOLUME=',VOL
WRITE(*,*)' LINE FLOW RATE=',LFLOW
WRITE(*,*)' BULK MOD. OF FUEL TANK=',KTANK
WRITE(*,*)' VELOCITY OF SOUND IN FLUID=',A
WRITE(*,*)' CAPACITANCE OF FUEL TANK=',CTANK
WRITE(*,*)' DENS=',DENS
WRITE(*,*)' TOTAL FLOW RATE=',TFLOW
WRITE(*,*)' MANIFOLD VOLUME=',VOLMF
WRITE(*,*)' BULK MOD. OF MANIFOLD=',KMAN
WRITE(*,*)' ENGINE CHAMBER PRESSURE=',PCHMB
WRITE(*,*)' CAPACITANCE OF MANIFOLD=',CMAN
WRITE(*,*)' PRESSURE DROP ACROSS ORIFICE=',DPROR
WRITE(*,*)' STATUS   LENGTH           AREA           DIAMETER'
WRITE(*,8)(SECTN(I),L(I),AREA(I),DIA(I),I=1,SEGMN)
WRITE(*,*)' If revisions on the design have been made'
WRITE(*,*)' (changes in fuel, pipe length, diameter, bends, etc.)'
WRITE(*,*(A\))' Please enter yes for revisions or no to continue.
* ,
READ(*,*(A\))ANS
IF(ANS.NE.'Y'.AND.ANS.NE.'y') GO TO 25
23 CONTINUE
RSPON=0
24 CONTINUE
CALL MODIFY(RSPON)
C
C   THIS SECTION COMPUTES THE NEW ADMITTANCE OVER VARYING FREQUENCIES.
C
25 CONTINUE
IF(SFAC.EQ.1.0) THEN
  WRITE(*,*)' Enter range of frequencies in rad/sec '
ELSE
  WRITE(*,*)' Enter range of frequencies in Hertz '
ENDIF
WRITE(*,*)' Low freq=1 high freq=2 #pts=10'
READ(*,*)LFREQ,HFREQ,PTS
IF(PTS.LT.1) GO TO 29
C
C   THIS SECTION WILL COMPUTE THE ADMITTANCE RATIO FOR THE FUEL TANK
C   AND THEN IT WILL COMPUTE THE ADMITTANCE RATIOS FOR EACH SEGMENT,
C   SINCE THERE ARE L(I) I=1,SEGMN LENGTHS, THEN THERE WILL BE AT LEAST
C   AS MANY ADMITTANCE RATIOS, THEREFORE I AM SETTING UP AN ARRAY FOR
C   EACH LENGTH L(I) HAVING AN ADMITTANCE RATIO G(I).
C
IPLT=0
IF(PTS.GT.IXMAX) THEN
  WRITE(*,*)' Maximum number of points for this option is IXMAX =',
  * IXMAX
  WRITE(*,*)' Do you want PTS reduced to IXMAX? Y or N'
  READ(*,*(A\))ANS
  IF(ANS.EQ.'N'.OR.ANS.EQ.'n') GO TO 29

```



```

    PTS=IXMAX
ENDIF
IF(LFREQ.EQ.0.0) LFREQ=1.0E-5
WRITE(*,*)' Do you wish to plot ADMITTANCE as it is calculated? Y
*or N '
READ(*, '(A)')ANS
IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') THEN
    WRITE(*,*)' Enter estimated maximum value of admittance '
    READ(*,*)ADMMAX
    IPLT=1
ENDIF
SSIZE=0.0
IF(PTS.NE.1) SSIZE=(HFREQ-LFREQ)/(PTS-1)
ZTOP=A/(GRAV*PMRAT)
ZOR=2.0*DPROR/(LFLOW*PMRAT)
252 CONTINUE
TLT=0.0
ISIZ=0
DO 26 I=1,SEGMN
    IF(SECTN(I).EQ.3.OR.SECTN(I).EQ.4) THEN
        TLT=TLT+DIA(I)
    ELSE
        TLT=TLT+L(I)
    ENDIF
    IF(SECTN(I).LE.1.OR.SECTN(I).EQ.9) THEN
        ZO(I)=ZTOP/AREA(I)
        WRITE(*,*)' This section is ',L(I),' ft. long'
        WRITE(*,*)'      How many segments should it be broken into? '
        READ(*,*)NSEC(I)
        IF(NSEC(I).LE.1) NSEC(I)=2
    ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.2) THEN
        ZO(I)=ZTOP/AREA(I)
        NSEC(I)=2
    ELSE
        ZO(I)=SQRT(PIND(I)/PCAP(I))
        NSEC(I)=2
    ENDIF
    ISIZ=ISIZ+NSEC(I)
    IF(ISIZ.GT.IYMAX) THEN
        WRITE(*,*)' Too many segments ',ISIZ
        WRITE(*,*)' Maximun is IYMAX =',IYMAX,' Try again.'
        GO TO 252
    ENDIF
26 CONTINUE
TLT=TLT/(PI*A)
C    PLOT PIPE LAYOUT IN WINDOW 1
CALL SETPLT
CALL PIPLOT(SEGMN,SECTN,PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,PIPE4)
IF(IPLT.EQ.1) THEN
C    PLOT ADMITTANCE IN WINDOW 2
CALL LOWERW(LFREQ,HFREQ,ADMMAX)
CALL ADMGRAPH(LFREQ,HFREQ,ADMMAX)

```

```

ENDIF
WRITE(12,5)
IF(IOPEN.NE.0.AND.LOPEND.NE.1) THEN
  WRITE(13,*)' '
  WRITE(13,*)' '
  WRITE(13,*)TITLE
  WRITE(13,*)' '
ENDIF
DO 28 K=1,PTS
  W=LFREQ+SSIZE*(K-1)
  XF(K)=W
  S=CMPLX(0.0,W*SFAC)
  G(0)=CTANK*PMRAT*S
  G(0)=G(0)/SPLIT
  ZT(0)=1.0/G(0)
DO 281 KLOOP=1,LOPEND
  G1=G(0)+1.0
  DO 27 I=1,SEGMN
    ZGEFF=G(I-1)
    IF(SECTN(I).LE.1.OR.SECTN(I).EQ.9) THEN
C      BEND IN PIPE OR STRAIGHT SECTION
      TL=L(I)/A
      IF(KLOOP.NE.1.AND.SECTN(I).EQ.9) THEN
        ZGEFF=G(I-1)+(SPLIT-1.0)/ZG(I-1)
      ENDIF
      G(I)=(1.0+CTANH(S*TL)/(ZGEFF*ZO(I)))/(1.0+ZGEFF*ZO(I)*
*      CTANH(S*TL))
    ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.2) THEN
C      INLINE RESONATOR ACCUMULATOR
      G(I)=1.0+PCAP(I)*S/ZGEFF
    ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.3) THEN
C      TUNED STUB ACCUMULATOR
      G(I)=1.0+CTANH(S*SQRT(PIND(I)*PCAP(I)))/(ZO(I)*ZGEFF)
    ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.4) THEN
C      HELMHOLTZ RESONATOR ACCUMULATOR
      G(I)=S*PCAP(I)/(1.0+PIND(I)*PCAP(I)*S**2)
      G(I)=1.0+G(I)/ZGEFF
    ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.5) THEN
C      PARALLEL RESONATOR ACCUMULATOR
      G(I)=PIND(I)*PCAP(I)*S**2+1.0
      G(I)=G(I)/(G(I)+PIND(I)*S*ZGEFF)
    ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.6) THEN
C      PUMP
      G(I)=(1.0+PCAP(I)*S/ZGEFF)/(1.0+(PIND(I)*S+AREA(I))*
*      (PCAP(I)*S+ZGEFF))
    ENDIF
    G1=G1*G(I)
    G(I)=G(I)*ZGEFF
    ZT(I)=1.0/G(I)
  27 CONTINUE
  G(SEGMN+1)=1.0+CMAN*PMRAT*S/G(SEGMN)
  G1=G1*G(SEGMN+1)

```

```

G(SEGMN+1)=G(SEGMN+1)*G(SEGMN)
G(SEGMN+2)=1.0/(1.0+ZOR*G(SEGMN+1))
G1=G1*G(SEGMN+2)
G(SEGMN+2)=G(SEGMN+2)*G(SEGMN+1)
ZG(SEGMN)=ZOR/(ZOR*CMAN*PMRAT*S+1.0)
IF(SEGMN.NE.1) THEN
DO 271 I=SEGMN-1,1,-1
  ZGEFF=ZG(I+1)
  ZOEFF=ZO(I+1)
  IF(SECTN(I+1).LE.1.OR.SECTN(I+1).EQ.9) THEN
C      BEND IN PIPE OR STRAIGHT SECTION
    TL=(L(I)+L(I+1))/A
    CAPN=(ZOEFF-ZT(I-1))/(ZOEFF+ZT(I-1))
    CAPM=(ZOEFF-ZGEFF)/(ZOEFF+ZGEFF)
    CFAC=CEXP(-2.0*S*TL)
    RHS=(ZOEFF+ZGEFF)*(1.0-CAPN*CAPM*CFAC)*CEXP(S*L(I+1)/A)
    CFAC=CAPN*CFAC*CEXP(2.0*S*L(I+1)/A)
    ZG(I)=(RHS-ZOEFF*(1.0-CFAC))/(1.0+CFAC)
    IF(SECTN(I+1).EQ.9) THEN
      ZG(I)=ZG(I)/SPLIT
    ENDIF
  ELSEIF(SECTN(I+1).EQ.2) THEN
C      INLINE RESONATOR ACCUMULATOR
    ZG(I)=ZGEFF/(ZGEFF*PCAP(I+1)*S+1.0)
  ELSEIF(SECTN(I+1).EQ.3) THEN
C      TUNED STUB ACCUMULATOR
    ZG(I)=ZOEFF/CTANH(S*SQRT(PIND(I+1)*PCAP(I+1)))
    ZG(I)=(ZG(I)*ZGEFF)/(ZG(I)+ZGEFF)
  ELSEIF(SECTN(I+1).EQ.4) THEN
C      HELMHOLTZ RESONATOR ACCUMULATOR
    ZG(I)=(1.0+PIND(I+1)*PCAP(I+1)*S**2)/(PCAP(I+1)*S)
    ZG(I)=(ZG(I)*ZGEFF)/(ZG(I)+ZGEFF)
  ELSEIF(SECTN(I+1).EQ.5) THEN
C      PARALLEL RESONATOR ACCUMULATOR
    ZG(I)=ZGEFF+PIND(I+1)*S/(PIND(I+1)*PCAP(I+1)*S**2+1.0)
  ELSEIF(SECTN(I+1).EQ.6) THEN
C      PUMP
    ZG(I)=ZGEFF+PIND(I+1)*S-AREA(I+1)
    ZG(I)=ZG(I)/(1.0+ZG(I)*PCAP(I+1)*S)
  ENDIF
271 CONTINUE
ENDIF
CALL FREQRS(YF,ZF,K,IXMAX,IYMAX,KLOOP,ERRP,WVAL)
IF(KLOOP.GT.1.AND.ERRP.LT.0.001) GO TO 282
281 CONTINUE
IF(LOPEND.EQ.1) GO TO 282
IF(IOPEN.EQ.0) THEN
  OPEN(UNIT=13,FILE='SURF.ERR')
  WRITE(13,*)' '
  WRITE(13,*)' '
  WRITE(13,*)TITLE
  WRITE(13,*)' '

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        IOPEN=1
    ENDIF
    WRITE(13,(' ' JW = ',F8.1,' ' after',I3,' ' iterations',
*          ' ' has error of ',F8.3,' % out of ',F8.3)')
*          W,LOPEND,100.0*ERRP,WVAL
282 CONTINUE
    MAG=CABS(G(SEGMN+2))
    MAG1=CABS(G1)
    WN=W*TLT
    WRITE(12,3)W,WN,G(SEGMN+2)
    IF(IPLT.EQ.0) THEN
        X(K,1)=W
        Y(K,1)=MAG
    ELSE
        CALL NEXPT(W,MAG)
    ENDIF
28 CONTINUE
    IF(IPLT.EQ.0) THEN
        CALL ALLPT(X,Y,PTS)
    ENDIF
    CALL ENDPLT
    WRITE(*,'(A\))') ' Do you wish to plot the surface? '
    READ(*,'(A\))')ANS
    IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') THEN
        CALL PLOTSU(X,Y,Z,XF,YF,ZF,NPTS,PTS,IXMAX,IYMAX)
    ENDIF
    WRITE(*,'(A\))') ' Do you wish to plot contours? '
    READ(*,'(A\))')ANS
    IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') THEN
        CALL PLTCON(X,Y,Z,XF,YF,ZF,NPTS,PTS,IXMAX,IYMAX)
    ENDIF
29 CONTINUE
    WRITE(*,'(A\))') ' Enter E to exit, F to run new frequency range, or
* C to run a new case '
    READ(*,'(A\))')ANS
    IF(ANS.EQ.'F'.OR.ANS.EQ.'f') GO TO 25
    IF(ANS.EQ.'E'.OR.ANS.EQ.'e') RETURN
    IF(ANS.EQ.'C'.OR.ANS.EQ.'c') THEN
        WRITE(*,'(A\))') ' Do you wish to use old data with changes? Y or N
* '
        READ(*,'(A\))')ANS
        IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') GO TO 23
        WRITE(*,'(A\))') ' Does INPUT file need to be rewound? Y or N '
        READ(*,'(A\))')ANS
        IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') REWIND 11
        GO TO 21
    ENDIF
    WRITE(*,*) ' You did not enter E, F, or C. Try again.'
    GO TO 29
END
SUBROUTINE ADMGRAPH(LFREQ,HFREQ,ADMMAX)
C    Plots admittance curve

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CHARACTER*40 TITLE
CHARACTER*20 TITLF
INTEGER*2 IHR,IMIN,IYR,IMON,IDAY
CHARACTER*2 AP
COMMON /WCATIT/TITLE,TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IYR,IMON,IDAY
COMMON /NOCOL/MODE,MODET,NTROWS,NTCOLS,NPROWS,NPCOLS
COMMON /FACTOR/SFAC
REAL LFREQ
1 FORMAT(F6.3)
XMIN=LFREQ
XMAX=HFREQ
YMIN=0.0
YMAX=ADMMAX
XMAJ=0.25*(XMAX-XMIN)
YMAJ=0.25*(YMAX-YMIN)
IF(MODE.NE.18) THEN
  CALL QPTXT(40,TITLE,7,17,11)
ELSE
  CALL QPTXT(40,TITLE,7,17,14)
ENDIF
CALL QXAXIS(XMIN,XMAX,XMAJ,0,-1,2)
IF(SFAC.EQ.1) THEN
  CALL QPTXTA(20,'Frequency - rad/sec ',7)
ELSE
  CALL QPTXTA(20,' Frequency - Hertz ',7)
ENDIF
CALL QYAXIS(YMIN,YMAX,YMAJ,0,0,0)
CALL QPTXTD(8,'Adm. ',7)
CALL QYAXIS(YMIN,YMAX,YMAJ,0,-1,2)
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE ALLPT(X,Y,PTS)
C   Supervises plot of admittance after calculations
INTEGER*2 PTS
REAL X(PTS),Y(PTS)
ADMMAX=Y(1)
DO 21 I=2,PTS
  IF(Y(I).GT.ADMMAX) ADMMAX=Y(I)
21 CONTINUE
CALL LOWERW(X(1),X(PTS),ADMMAX)
CALL ADMGRAPH(X(1),X(PTS),ADMMAX)
CALL QTABL(1,PTS,X,Y)
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE BENDS(PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,PIPE4,VALUE,DIME)
C   Computes effective straight pipe for bend
REAL LBEND,INRAD,INERT,LPRME,NEWLN
BENDR=0.0174533*ABS(PIPE2)
LBEND=PIPE1*BENDR
ARBND=0.785398*PIPE3**2
INRAD=PIPE1-0.5*PIPE3
OTRAD=PIPE1+0.5*PIPE3

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RATIO=INRAD/OTRAD
X=RATIO
CALL GINERT(ABS(PIPE2),X,Y)
INERT=(Y*(OTRAD-INRAD))/ARBND
LPRME=LBEND/ARBND
NEWLN=LPRME+INERT
GAMMA=NEWLN/LPRME
VALUE=GAMMA*(LBEND+2.0*PIPE4)
AREAB=ARBND/SQRT(GAMMA)
DIME=2.0*SQRT(AREAB/3.1415927)
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE BNSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,PIPE4)
C   Computes plot coordinates for a bend
COMMON /PIPPXY/X,XH,XL,Y,YH,YL,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,SINA,COSA
COMMON /ARCCON/XC,YC,RAD,ANG,ANGLE
REAL POINT(8,200)
INTEGER*2 ITYPE(200)
C   FIRST STRAIGHT SECTION OF BEND
IF(PIPE4.NE.0.0) CALL STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PIPE4,PIPE3)
C   CURVED SECTION OF BEND
IF(PIPE2.GE.0.0) THEN
  XC=X-SINA*PIPE1
  YC=Y+COSA*PIPE1
  DIA= 0.5
ELSE
  XC=X+SINA*PIPE1
  YC=Y-COSA*PIPE1
  DIA=-0.5
ENDIF
J=J+1
ITYPE(J)=0
POINT(1,J)=XC
POINT(2,J)=YC
POINT(3,J)=ANG
ANG=ANG+0.01745329*PIPE2
ANGLE=ANGLE+0.5*PIPE2
RANG=0.01745329*ANGLE
COSA=COS(RANG)
SINA=SIN(RANG)
RAD=PIPE1-DIA*PIPE3
POINT(4,J)=ANG
POINT(5,J)=RAD
X0=XC-RAD
Y0=YC+RAD
X1=XC+RAD
Y1=YC-RAD
X2=XH
Y2=YH
SLENTH=2.0*RAD*SIN(0.00872665*ABS(PIPE2))
XH=X2+COSA*SLENTH
YH=Y2+SINA*SLENTH

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X3=XH
Y3=YH
IF(DIA.LT.0.0) THEN
  HOLD=X2
  X2=X3
  X3=HOLD
  HOLD=Y2
  Y2=Y3
  Y3=HOLD
ENDIF
RAD=PIPE1+DIA*PIPE3
X0=XC-RAD
Y0=YC+RAD
X1=XC+RAD
Y1=YC-RAD
X2=XL
Y2=YL
SLENTH=2.0*RAD*SIN(0.00872665*ABS(PIPE2))
XL=X2+COXA*SLENTH
YL=Y2+SINA*SLENTH
X3=XL
Y3=YL
IF(DIA.LT.0.0) THEN
  HOLD=X2
  X2=X3
  X3=HOLD
  HOLD=Y2
  Y2=Y3
  Y3=HOLD
ENDIF
J=J+1
ITYPE(J)=0
POINT(1,J)=POINT(1,J-1)
POINT(2,J)=POINT(2,J-1)
POINT(3,J)=POINT(3,J-1)
POINT(4,J)=POINT(4,J-1)
POINT(5,J)=RAD
SLENTH=2.0*PIPE1*SIN(0.00872665*ABS(PIPE2))
X=X+COXA*SLENTH
Y=Y+SINA*SLENTH
XMIN=AMIN1(X,XL,XH,XMIN)
XMAX=AMAX1(X,XL,XH,XMAX)
YMIN=AMIN1(Y,YL,YH,YMIN)
YMAX=AMAX1(Y,YL,YH,YMAX)
C      LAST STRAIGHT SECTION OF BEND
ANGLE=ANGLE+0.5*PIPE2
RANG=0.01745329*ANGLE
COXA=COS(RANG)
SINA=SIN(RANG)
J=J+1
ITYPE(J)=1
POINT(1,J)=XH

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POINT(2,J)=YH
POINT(3,J)=XL
POINT(4,J)=YL
X=X+COXA*PIPE4
XH=X-0.5*SINA*PIPE3
XL=X+0.5*SINA*PIPE3
Y=Y+SINA*PIPE4
YH=Y+0.5*COXA*PIPE3
YL=Y-0.5*COXA*PIPE3
POINT(5,J)=XH
POINT(6,J)=YH
POINT(7,J)=XL
POINT(8,J)=YL
XMIN=AMIN1(X,XL,XH,XMIN)
XMAX=AMAX1(X,XL,XH,XMAX)
YMIN=AMIN1(Y,YL,YH,YMIN)
YMAX=AMAX1(Y,YL,YH,YMAX)
RETURN
END
C     COMPLEX FUNCTION CCOSH(S)
      Evaluates the complex hyperbolic cosine
COMPLEX S
REAL LAMDA, MU
LAMDA=REAL(S)
MU=AIMAG(S)
COSHR=COSH(LAMDA)*COS(MU)
COSHI=SINH(LAMDA)*SIN(MU)
CCOSH=CMPLX(COSHR,COSHI)
RETURN
END
C     COMPLEX FUNCTION CSINH(S)
      Evaluates the complex hyperbolic sine
COMPLEX S
REAL LAMDA, MU
LAMDA=REAL(S)
MU=AIMAG(S)
SINHR=SINH(LAMDA)*COS(MU)
SINHI=COSH(LAMDA)*SIN(MU)
CSINH=CMPLX(SINHR,SINHI)
RETURN
END
C     COMPLEX FUNCTION CTANH(S)
      Evaluates the complex hyperbolic tangent
COMPLEX CCOSH,CSINH,S
CTANH=CSINH(S)/CCOSH(S)
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE ENDPLT
C     Closes plot routines
COMMON /WCAPAS/IFRST
COMMON /NOCOL/MODE,MODET,NTROWS,NTCOLS,NPROWS,NPCOLS
21 CONTINUE

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CALL QONKEY(IKEY)
IF(IKEY.EQ.0) GO TO 21
CALL QINKEY(IEXTEN,IKEY)
IF(IKEY.EQ.80.OR.IKEY.EQ.112) CALL QPSCRN
CALL QSMODE(MODET)
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE FREQRS(YF,ZF,K,IXMAX,IYMAX,KLOOP,ERRP,WVAL)
C   Computes pressure transfer function
COMPLEX S,ZT(0:76),ZG(76),LITTLN,CAPM,CAPN,ZFAC, TOP,BOTTOM,PRAT
REAL AREA(75),DIA(75),L(75),PIPE1(75),PIPE2(75),PIPE3(75),
*   PIPE4(75),PIPE5(75),ZO(76),PIND(75),PCAP(75)
REAL KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW
INTEGER*2 SECTN(75),SECT,SEGMN
COMMON /RELVAL/A,AREA,AREAB,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,DIA,DIME,DPROR,KMAN,
*   KTANK,L,LFLOW,PCHMB,PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,PIPE4,PIPE5,
*   TFLOW,VALUE,VOL,VOLMF,PMRAT,SPLIT,PCAP,PIND
COMMON /INTVAL/SECT,SECTN,SEGMN,NSEC(75),NPTS,LOPEND,LOPOLD
COMMON /FREQ/S,ZT,ZG,ZO
INTEGER*4 IXMAX,IYMAX
REAL YF(IYMAX),ZF(IXMAX,IYMAX),PRATO(2,75)
LITTLN=S/A
SUMX=0.0
M=1
ERRP=0.0
DO 22 I=SEGMN,1,-1
  CAPN=(ZO(I)-ZT(I-1))/(ZO(I)+ZT(I-1))
  CAPM=(ZO(I)-ZG(I))/(ZO(I)+ZG(I))
  ZFAC=ZO(I)/(ZO(I)+ZG(I))
  LSEC=NSEC(I)
  DX=0.0
  IF(SECTN(I).EQ.3.OR.SECTN(I).EQ.4) THEN
    DX=DIA(I)/(LSEC-1)
  ELSE
    DX=L(I)/(LSEC-1)
  ENDIF
  BOTTOM=1.0-CAPM*CAPN*CEXP(-2.0*LITTLN*L(I))
  DO 21 J=1,LSEC
    X=DX*(J-1)
    IF(SECTN(I).GT.1.AND.SECTN(I).LT.6) THEN
      IF(J.EQ.LSEC) PRAT=ZT(I-1)/(ZT(I-1)+ZG(I))
    ELSE
      TOP=CEXP(-LITTLN*X)-CAPN*CEXP(-LITTLN*(2.0*L(I)-X))
      PRAT=ZFAC*TOP/BOTTOM
    ENDIF
    IF(J.NE.1) THEN
      SUMX=SUMX+DX
      M=M+1
      ZF(K,M)=CABS(PRAT)
      IF(K.EQ.1) YF(M)=SUMX
    ELSE
      IF(I.EQ.SEGMN) THEN

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        ZF(K,M)=CABS(PRAT)
        IF(K.EQ.1) YF(M)=SUMX
    ENDIF
ENDIF
IF(J.NE.1.AND.J.NE.LSEC) GO TO 21
PRATN=CABS(PRAT)
IF(KLOOP.NE.1) THEN
    IF(J.EQ.1) THEN
        ERRN=ABS((PRATN-PRATO(1,I))/PRATN)
    ELSE
        ERRN=ABS((PRATN-PRATO(2,I))/PRATN)
    ENDIF
    ERRP=AMAX1(ERRP,ERRN)
    IF(ERRP.EQ.ERRN) WVAL=PRATN
ENDIF
IF(J.EQ.1) PRATO(1,I)=PRATN
IF(J.EQ.LSEC) PRATO(2,I)=PRATN
21 CONTINUE
22 CONTINUE
IF(K.EQ.1) NPTS=M
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE GINERT(BEND,X,Y)
C    Evaluates curve fit of inertance of bends
    DIMENSION B(3)
    DATA B/0.0,0.7877014E-02,-0.2814679E-04/
    A=B(1)+(B(2)+B(3)*BEND)*BEND
    Y=A*(X-1.0)**2
    RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE HHSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,LEN,DIA,VOL)
C    Computes plot coordinates for Helmholtz resonator
    COMMON /PIPPXY/X,XH,XL,Y,YH,YL,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,SINA,COSA
    REAL LEN,POINT(8,200)
    INTEGER*2 ITYPE(200)
    XOLD=X
    XHOLD=XH
    XLOLD=XL
    YOLD=Y
    YHOLD=YH
    YLOLD=YL
    SINOLD=SINA
    COSOLD=COSA
    DIAM=SQRT((XH-XL)**2+(YH-YL)**2)
    CALL TSSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,LEN,DIA)
    XC=0.5*(XOLD+X)
    YC=0.5*(YOLD+Y)
    XOLD=X
    YOLD=Y
    SINA=COSOLD
    COSA=-SINOLD
    X=XC+COSA*(LEN+0.5*DIAM)

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Y=YC+SINA*(LEN+0.5*DIAM)
SIDE=VOL**0.3333333
CALL STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,SIDE,SIDE)
X=XOLD
Y=YOLD
SINA=SINOLD
COSA=COSOLD
DIAM=SQRT((XHOLD-XLOLD)**2+(YHOLD-YLOLD)**2)
XH=X-0.5*SINA*DIAM
XL=X+0.5*SINA*DIAM
YH=Y+0.5*COSA*DIAM
YL=Y-0.5*COSA*DIAM
RETURN
END

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C  SUBROUTINE LOWERW(LFREQ,HFREQ,ADMMAX)
    Sets up lower plotting window
    COMMON /NOCOL/MODE,MODET,NTROWS,NTCOLS,NPROWS,NPCOLS
    COMMON /ADMCOL/ADMBAC,ADMLIN
    INTEGER ADMBAC,ADMLIN
    REAL LFREQ
    XMIN=LFREQ
    XMAX=HFREQ
    YMIN=0.0
    YMAX=ADMMAX
    XORG=XMIN
    YORG=YMIN
    XLEN=0.01*(XMAX-XMIN)
    YLEN=0.01*(YMAX-YMIN)
    XMIN=XMIN-XLEN
    XMAX=XMAX+XLEN
    YMIN=YMIN-YLEN
    YMAX=YMAX+YLEN
    JCOL1=150
    JCOL2=550
    IF(MODE.EQ.6) THEN
        JROW1=20
        JROW2=79
    ELSE
        JROW1=40
        IF(MODE.EQ.16) JROW2=134
        IF(MODE.EQ.18) JROW2=199
    ENDIF
    YOVRX=1.0
    IOPT=0
    ASPECT=1.35
    CALL QPLOT(JCOL1,JCOL2,JROW1,JROW2,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,
    *      XORG,YORG,IOPT,YOVRX,ASPECT)
    IF(MODE.NE.6) THEN
        CALL QPREG(0,ADMBAC)
    ENDIF
    CALL QSETUP(0,ADMLIN,-2,ADMLIN)
    RETURN

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END
SUBROUTINE MODIFY(RSPON)
C   Allows modifications to input data
REAL AREA(75),DIA(75),L(75),PIPE1(75),PIPE2(75),PIPE3(75),
*   PIPE4(75),PIPE5(75),PIND(75),PCAP(75)
REAL KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW
INTEGER*2 SECTN(75),RSPON,SECT,SEGMN
CHARACTER ANS*1
CHARACTER*8 VARVAL(9),VARU(9),VARL(9),NAME
CHARACTER*24 NAMLIN
CHARACTER*40 TITLE
CHARACTER*20 TITLF
INTEGER*2 IHR,IMIN,IYR,IMON,IDAY
CHARACTER*2 AP
COMMON /WCATIT/TITLE,TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IYR,IMON,IDAY
COMMON /RELVAL/A,AREA,AREAB,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,DIA,DIME,DPROR,KMAN,
*   KTANK,L,LFLOW,PCHMB,PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,PIPE4,PIPE5,
*   TFLOW,VALUE,VOL,VOLMF,PMRAT,SPLIT,PCAP,PIND
COMMON /INTVAL/SECT,SECTN,SEGMN,NSEC(75),NPTS,LOPEND,LOPOLD
COMMON /WCAOUT/NAMLIN
DATA GRAV/32.2/,PI/3.141593/
DATA VARVAL/' DENS =',',', DPROR =',',', KMAN =',',
*   ', KTANK =',',', LFLOW =',',', PCHMB =',',', TFLOW =',',
*   ', VOL =',',', VOLMF =',',
DATA VARU/'DENS ',',', DPROR ',',', KMAN ',',
*   ', KTANK ',',', LFLOW ',',', PCHMB ',',', TFLOW ',',
*   ', VOL ',',', VOLMF '/'
DATA VARL/'dens ',',', dpror ',',', kman ',',
*   ', ktank ',',', lflow ',',', pchmb ',',', tflow ',',
*   ', vol ',',', volmf '/'
1 FORMAT(1PE15.6)
2 FORMAT(I5,1P5E15.6)
3 FORMAT(I5,1P3E15.6)
4 FORMAT(' This segment is a bend of',1PE13.5,' deg and radius of',
*   E13.5)
5 FORMAT(' This segment is straight ',1PE13.5,' diameter pipe ',
*   E13.5,' ft. long')
6 FORMAT(A8,1PE13.5,10X,A8,E13.5)
7 FORMAT(' TITLE = ',A20)
10 FORMAT(A20,2X,I2.2,':',I2.2,A2,3X,I2.2,'-',I2.2,'-',I2.2)
11 FORMAT(' This segment is ',I2,' way split ',1PE13.5,' dia.',
*   ' pipe ',E13.5,' ft. long')
12 FORMAT(' This segment is a pump with length =',1PE13.5,' dia =',
*   E13.5/5X,'dp/dm =',E13.5,' capacitance =',E13.5,
*   ' inductance =',E13.5)
13 FORMAT(' This segment is a tuned pipe ',1PE13.5,' long & dia =',
*   E13.5)
14 FORMAT(' This segment is a Helmholtz resonator with'/5X,'length =',
*   1PE13.5,' dia =',E13.5,' and vol =',E13.5)
15 FORMAT(' This segment is a parallel resonator with'/5X,'length =',
*   1PE13.5,' dia =',E13.5,' and vol =',E13.5)
16 FORMAT(' This segment is a',1PE13.5,' long inline acc. with',

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*      ' diameter of',E13.5)
AVGK=0.5*(KTANK+KMAN)
ICHG=0
IF(RSPON.EQ.4) GO TO 21
WRITE(*,*)' Do you wish to change engine & fluid parameters '
READ(*,'(A)')ANS
IF(ANS.NE.'Y'.AND.ANS.NE.'y') GO TO 29
WRITE(*,*)' Do you wish to change all of the parameters?'
READ(*,'(A)')ANS
IF(ANS.NE.'Y'.AND.ANS.NE.'y') ICHG=1
21 CONTINUE
IF(ICHG.EQ.0) THEN
  WRITE(*,'(A\)' )' Enter TITLE (20 characters max.) '
  READ(*,'(A)')TITLF
  WRITE(TITLE,10)TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IMON,IDAY,IYR
  WRITE(*,'(A\)' )' Enter FUEL TANK VOLUME (ft^3)'
  READ(*,*)VOL
  WRITE(*,'(A\)' )' Enter FLOW RATE inside LINE (lbm/sec)'
  READ(*,*)LFLOW
  WRITE(*,'(A\)' )' Enter BULK MODULUS of fluid inside TANK (lb /ft^
*2)'
  READ(*,*)KTANK
  WRITE(*,'(A\)' )' Enter FUEL DENSITY (lbm/ft^3)'
  READ(*,*)DENS
  WRITE(*,'(A\)' )' Enter TOTAL FLOW RATE inside ENGINE (lbm/sec)'
  READ(*,*)TFLOW
  WRITE(*,'(A\)' )' Enter MANIFOLD VOLUME (ft^3)'
  READ(*,*)VOLMF
  WRITE(*,'(A\)' )' Enter BULK MODULUS of fluid inside MANIFOLD (lb
*/ft^2)'
  READ(*,*)KMAN
  WRITE(*,'(A\)' )' Enter CHAMBER PRESSURE in ENGINE (lbf/ft^2)'
  READ(*,*)PCHMB
  WRITE(*,'(A\)' )' Enter PRESSURE DROP across ORIFICE (lbf/ft^2)'
  READ(*,*)DPROR
  A=SQRT(GRAV*KTANK/DENS)
  CTANK=DENS*VOL/KTANK
  CMAN=DENS*VOLMF/KMAN
  PMRAT=PCHMB/TFLOW
ELSE
  GO TO 24
22 CONTINUE
WRITE(*,*)' VARIABLE NAMES AND DESCRIPTIONS'
WRITE(*,*)'
WRITE(*,*)' TITLE - title (20 characters max.)
WRITE(*,*)' DENS - density of fluid (lbm/ft^3)
WRITE(*,*)' DPROR - pressure drop across orifices (lbf/ft^2)
WRITE(*,*)' KMAN - bulk modulus in manifold (lbf/ft^2)
WRITE(*,*)' KTANK - bulk modulus in tank (lbf/ft^2)
WRITE(*,*)' LFLOW - mass flow rate of fluid (lbm/sec)
WRITE(*,*)' PCHMB - chamber pressure (lbf/ft^2)
WRITE(*,*)' TFLOW - total mass flow inside engine (lbm/sec)'

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        WRITE(*,*)'      VOL - volume of storage tank (ft^3)      '
        WRITE(*,*)'      VOLMF - volume of manifold (ft^3)      '
        WRITE(*,*)' ,
        GO TO 25
23  CONTINUE
        WRITE(*,*)'      VARIABLE NAMES AND VALUES'
        WRITE(*,*)' ,
        WRITE(*,7)TITLF
        WRITE(*,6)VARVAL( 1), DENS,VARVAL( 2),DPROR,
*          VARVAL( 3), KMAN,VARVAL( 4),KTANK,VARVAL( 5),LFLOW,
*          VARVAL( 6),PCHMB,VARVAL( 7),TFLOW,VARVAL( 8), VOL,
*          VARVAL( 9),VOLMF
24  CONTINUE
        WRITE(*,*)' ,
        WRITE(*,*)' Enter ? to print variable names & descriptions'
        WRITE(*,*)'      # to print variable names & values'
        WRITE(*,*)'      TITLE to enter new title'
        WRITE(*,*)'      END when all changes have been made'
        WRITE(*,*)' ,
25  CONTINUE
        WRITE(*, '(A\'))' Enter variable name and new value, END, ?, or
* # '
        CALL ZREAD(NAME,VALUE)
        IF(NAME.EQ.'?') GO TO 22
        IF(NAME.EQ.'#') GO TO 23
        IF(NAME.EQ.'END'.OR.NAME.EQ.'end') GO TO 28
        IF(NAME.EQ.'TITLE'.OR.NAME.EQ.'title') THEN
            WRITE(*, '(A\'))' Enter new TITLE (20 characters max.) '
            READ(*, '(A)')TITLF
            WRITE(TITLE,10)TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IMON,IDAY,IYR
            GO TO 25
        ENDIF
        DO 26 II=1,9
            I=II
            IF(NAME.EQ.VARU(I).OR.NAME.EQ.VARL(I)) GO TO 27
26  CONTINUE
        WRITE(*,*)'      Invalid name, try again'
        GO TO 22
27  CONTINUE
        IF(I.EQ. 1) DENS=VALUE
        IF(I.EQ. 2) DPROR=VALUE
        IF(I.EQ. 3) KMAN=VALUE
        IF(I.EQ. 4) KTANK=VALUE
        IF(I.EQ. 5) LFLOW=VALUE
        IF(I.EQ. 6) PCHMB=VALUE
        IF(I.EQ. 7) TFLOW=VALUE
        IF(I.EQ. 8) VOL=VALUE
        IF(I.EQ. 9) VOLMF=VALUE
        GO TO 25
    ENDIF
28  CONTINUE
        A=SQRT(GRAV*KTANK/DENS)

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CTANK=DENS*VOL/KTANK
CMAN=DENS*VOLMF/KMAN
PMRAT=PCHMB/TFLOW
29 CONTINUE
  ICHG=0
  IF(RSPON.EQ.4) GO TO 30
  WRITE(*,*)' Do you wish to change the pipe layout? '
  READ(*,'(A)')ANS
  IF(ANS.NE.'Y'.AND.ANS.NE.'y') GO TO 36
  WRITE(*,*)' Do you wish to change all of the pipe segments?'
  READ(*,'(A)')ANS
  IF(ANS.NE.'Y'.AND.ANS.NE.'y') THEN
    ICHG=1
    GO TO 30
  ENDIF
  SPLIT=1.0
  LOPEND=1
  WRITE(*,'(A\)\')' How many segments is the pipe broken into? '
  READ(*,*)SEGMN
30 CONTINUE
  WRITE(12,*)'          NEW PIPE LAYOUT'
  WRITE(12,*)' STATUS   LENGTH          AREA          DIAMETER'
  I=0
  ISEGMN=SEGMN
  DO 35 II=1,SEGMN
    I=I+1
    IF(ICHG.EQ.1) THEN
      IF(SECTN(I).EQ.0) THEN
        WRITE(*,4)PIPE2(I),PIPE1(I)
      ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.1) THEN
        WRITE(*,5)PIPE2(I),PIPE1(I)
      ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.2) THEN
        WRITE(*,16)PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I)
      ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.3) THEN
        WRITE(*,13)PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I)
      ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.4) THEN
        WRITE(*,14)PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I)
      ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.5) THEN
        WRITE(*,15)PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I)
      ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.6) THEN
        WRITE(*,12)PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I),PIPE4(I),PIPE5(I)
      ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.9) THEN
        WRITE(*,11)INT(PIPE3(I)),PIPE2(I),PIPE1(I)
      ENDIF
    ENDIF
    WRITE(*,*)' You may keep (K), modify (Y), delete (D), ',
    *      ' add before (B), or add after (A)?'
    READ(*,'(A)')ANS
    IF(ANS.EQ.'A'.OR.ANS.EQ.'a') THEN
      I=I+1
      DO 31 III=ISEGMN,I,-1
        PIPE1(III+1)=PIPE1(III)
        PIPE2(III+1)=PIPE2(III)

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        PIPE3(III+1)=PIPE3(III)
        PIPE4(III+1)=PIPE4(III)
        PIPE5(III+1)=PIPE5(III)
        L(III+1)=L(III)
        DIA(III+1)=DIA(III)
        AREA(III+1)=AREA(III)
        PCAP(III+1)=PCAP(III)
        PIND(III+1)=PIND(III)
        SECTN(III+1)=SECTN(III)
31 CONTINUE
        ISEGMN=ISEGMN+1
        GO TO 34
    ELSEIF(ANS.EQ.'B'.OR.ANS.EQ.'b') THEN
        DO 32 III=ISEGMN,I,-1
            PIPE1(III+1)=PIPE1(III)
            PIPE2(III+1)=PIPE2(III)
            PIPE3(III+1)=PIPE3(III)
            PIPE4(III+1)=PIPE4(III)
            PIPE5(III+1)=PIPE5(III)
            L(III+1)=L(III)
            DIA(III+1)=DIA(III)
            AREA(III+1)=AREA(III)
            PCAP(III+1)=PCAP(III)
            PIND(III+1)=PIND(III)
            SECTN(III+1)=SECTN(III)
32 CONTINUE
            ISEGMN=ISEGMN+1
            GO TO 34
        ELSEIF(ANS.EQ.'D'.OR.ANS.EQ.'d') THEN
            DO 33 III=I,ISEGMN
                PIPE1(III)=PIPE1(III+1)
                PIPE2(III)=PIPE2(III+1)
                PIPE3(III)=PIPE3(III+1)
                PIPE4(III)=PIPE4(III+1)
                PIPE5(III)=PIPE5(III+1)
                L(III)=L(III+1)
                DIA(III)=DIA(III+1)
                AREA(III)=AREA(III+1)
                PCAP(III)=PCAP(III+1)
                PIND(III)=PIND(III+1)
                SECTN(III)=SECTN(III+1)
33 CONTINUE
                I=I-1
                ISEGMN=ISEGMN-1
                GO TO 35
            ELSEIF(ANS.NE.'Y'.AND.ANS.NE.'y') THEN
                GO TO 35
            ENDIF
        ENDIF
34 CONTINUE
        WRITE(*,*)' Specify 0 for BEND,          1 for STRAIGHT pipe,'
        WRITE(*,*)'          2 for INLINE ACCUM., 3 for TUNED STUB,'

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WRITE(*,*)'          4 for HELMHOLTZ RES., 5 for PARALLEL RES.'
WRITE(*,*)'          6 for PUMP,          9 for SPLIT'
READ(*,*) SECT
IF(SECT.LT.0.OR.SECT.GT.6.AND.SECT.NE.9) GO TO 34
SECTN(I)=SECT
IF(SECT.EQ.0) THEN
C      BEND IN PIPE
WRITE(*,*)' RADIUS of bend along CL (ft), ANGLE of bend (deg),'
WRITE(*,*)' DIAMETER (ft), and LENGTH (ft) beyond bend of pipe'
READ(*,*)PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I),PIPE4(I)
CALL BENDS(PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I),PIPE4(I),VALUE,DIME)
AREAB=0.785398*DIME**2
L(I)=VALUE
AREA(I)=AREAB
DIA(I)=DIME
PIPE5(I)=0.0
ELSEIF(SECT.EQ.1) THEN
C      STRAIGHT SECTION
WRITE(*,*)' Specify LENGTH (ft) and DIAMETER (ft) of segment'
READ(*,*) PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I)
VALUE=PIPE1(I)
DIME=PIPE2(I)
PIPE3(I)=0.0
PIPE4(I)=0.0
PIPE5(I)=0.0
AREAB=0.785398*DIME**2
L(I)=VALUE
AREA(I)=AREAB
DIA(I)=DIME
ELSEIF(SECT.EQ.2) THEN
C      INLINE ACCUMULATOR
WRITE(*,*)' Specify LENGTH (ft) & DIAMETER (ft) of accumulator '
READ(*,*) PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I)
L(I)=PIPE1(I)
DIA(I)=PIPE2(I)
AREA(I)=0.25*PI*PIPE2(I)**2
PCAP(I)=DENS*0.785398*L(I)*DIA(I)**2*PMRAT/AVGK
PIPE3(I)=0.0
PIPE4(I)=0.0
PIPE5(I)=0.0
ELSEIF(SECT.EQ.3) THEN
C      TUNED STUB ACCUMULATOR
WRITE(*,*)' Specify LENGTH (ft) & DIAMETER (ft) of tuned stub'
READ(*,*)PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I)
L(I)=PIPE1(I)
DIA(I)=PIPE2(I)
AREA(I)=0.25*PI*PIPE2(I)**2
PCAP(I)=DENS*L(I)*AREA(I)*PMRAT/AVGK
PIND(I)=L(I)/(AREA(I)*GRAV*PMRAT)
PIPE3(I)=0.0
PIPE4(I)=0.0
PIPE5(I)=0.0

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ELSEIF(SECT.EQ.4) THEN
C      HELMHOLTZ RESONATOR ACCUMULATOR
      WRITE(*,*) ' Specify LENGTH (ft), DIAMETER (ft) ,VOLUME (ft^3)',
*      ' of Helmholtz Resonator'
      READ(*,*)PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I)
      L(I)=PIPE1(I)
      DIA(I)=PIPE2(I)
      AREA(I)=PIPE3(I)
      PCAP(I)=DENS*L(I)*AREA(I)*PMRAT/AVGK
      PIND(I)=L(I)/(0.25*PI*DIA(I)**2*GRAV*PMRAT)
      PIPE4(I)=0.0
      PIPE5(I)=0.0
ELSEIF(SECT.EQ.5) THEN
C      PARALLEL RESONATOR ACCUMULATOR
      WRITE(*,*) ' Specify LENGTH (ft), DIAMETER (ft) ,VOLUME (ft^3)',
*      ' of Parallel Resonator'
      READ(*,*)PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I)
      L(I)=PIPE1(I)
      DIA(I)=PIPE2(I)
      AREA(I)=PIPE3(I)
      PCAP(I)=DENS*L(I)*AREA(I)*PMRAT/AVGK
      PIND(I)=L(I)/(0.25*PI*DIA(I)**2*GRAV*PMRAT)
      PIPE4(I)=0.0
      PIPE5(I)=0.0
ELSEIF(SECT.EQ.6) THEN
C      PUMP
      WRITE(*,*) ' Specify LENGTH (ft), DIAMETER (ft) ,dp/dm, CAP.',
*      ' & IND. of pump'
      READ(*,*)PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I),PIPE4(I),PIPE5(I)
      L(I)=PIPE1(I)
      DIA(I)=PIPE2(I)
      AREA(I)=PIPE3(I)
      PCAP(I)=PIPE4(I)*PMRAT
      PIND(I)=PIPE5(I)/PMRAT
ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.9) THEN
C      SPLIT PIPE
      WRITE(*,*) ' Specify LENGTH (ft), DIAMETER (ft), and no. of',
*      ' segments'
      READ(*,*) PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I)
      VALUE=PIPE1(I)
      DIME=PIPE2(I)
      SPLIT=PIPE3(I)
      WRITE(*, '(A,I3)') ' Maximun no. of iterations is set at ',LOPOLD
      WRITE(*, '(A\)\') ' Do you wish to change it? '
      READ(*, '(A\)\')ANS
      IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') THEN
        WRITE(*, '(A\)\') ' Enter maximum no. of iterations '
        READ(*,*)LOPOLD
      ENDIF
      LOPEND=LOPOLD
      AREAB=0.785398*DIME**2
      L(I)=VALUE

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        AREA(I)=AREAB
        DIA(I)=DIME
        PIPE4(I)=0.0
        PIPE5(I)=0.0
    ENDIF
    WRITE(12,3)SECTN(I),L(I),AREA(I),DIA(I)
35 CONTINUE
    SEGMN=ISEGMN
36 CONTINUE
    WRITE(*,'(A\)\')' Do you wish to save these changes? Y or N '
    READ(*,'(A)\')ANS
    IF(ANS.NE.'Y'.AND.ANS.NE.'y') RETURN
    WRITE(*,'(A,A,A\)\')' Do you wish to use file ',NAMLIN,'? Y or N '
    READ(*,'(A)\')ANS
    IF(ANS.NE.'Y'.AND.ANS.NE.'y') THEN
        WRITE(*,'(A\)\')' Enter name of file to use '
        READ(*,'(A)\')NAMLIN
        CLOSE(UNIT=11)
        OPEN(UNIT=11,FILE=NAMLIN)
    ELSE
        WRITE(*,'(A,A,A\)\')' Do you wish to rewind ',NAMLIN,'? Y or N '
        READ(*,'(A)\')ANS
        IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') REWIND 11
    ENDIF
    WRITE(11,'(A)\')TITLF
    WRITE(11,1)VOL
    WRITE(11,1)LFLOW
    WRITE(11,1)KTANK
    WRITE(11,1)DENS
    WRITE(11,1)TFLOW
    WRITE(11,1)VOLMF
    WRITE(11,1)KMAN
    WRITE(11,1)PCHMB
    WRITE(11,1)DPROR
    WRITE(11,2)SEGMN
    WRITE(11,2)(SECTN(I),PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I),PIPE4(I),PIPE5(I),
*           I=1,SEGMN)
    RETURN
    END
    SUBROUTINE NEXPT(WN,MAG1)
C      Supervises plot of admittance while computing
    COMMON /WCAPAS/IFRST
    REAL MAG1,X(2),Y(2)
    X(2)=WN
    Y(2)=MAG1
    IF(IFRST.NE.0) CALL QTABL(1,2,X,Y)
    X(1)=WN
    Y(1)=MAG1
    IFRST=1
    RETURN
    END
    SUBROUTINE PIPLOT(SEGMN,SECTN,PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,PIPE4)

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C      Supervises plot of piping layout
COMMON /ARCCON/XC,YC,RAD,ANG,ANGLE
COMMON /PIPPXY/X,XH,XL,Y,YH,YL,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,SINA,COSA
EXTERNAL XFUN,YFUN
INTEGER*2 SEGMN,SECTN(75),ITYPE(200)
REAL PIPE1(75),PIPE2(75),PIPE3(75),PIPE4(75)
REAL POINT(8,200),XP(2),YP(2)
ANG=0.0
ANGLE=0.0
COSA=1.0
SINA=0.0
X=0.0
XH=0.0
XL=0.0
Y=0.0
IF(SECTN(1).EQ.0) THEN
  YH=Y+0.5*PIPE3(1)
  YL=Y-0.5*PIPE3(1)
ELSEIF(SECTN(1).GE.3.AND.SECTN(1).LE.5) THEN
  IF(SECTN(2).EQ.0) THEN
    YH=Y+0.5*PIPE3(2)
    YL=Y-0.5*PIPE3(2)
  ELSE
    YH=Y+0.5*PIPE2(2)
    YL=Y-0.5*PIPE2(2)
  ENDIF
ELSE
  YH=Y+0.5*PIPE2(1)
  YL=Y-0.5*PIPE2(1)
ENDIF
J=0
XMIN=0.0
XMAX=0.0
YMIN=AMIN1(Y,YL,YH)
YMAX=AMAX1(Y,YL,YH)
DO 21 I=1,SEGMN
  IF(SECTN(I).EQ.0) THEN
C      BEND
    CALL BNSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I),PIPE4(I))
  ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.1.OR.SECTN(I).EQ.9) THEN
C      STRAIGHT SECTION
    CALL STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I))
  ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.2) THEN
C      INLINE ACCUMULATOR
    CALL STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I))
  ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.3) THEN
C      TUNED STUB ACCUMULATOR
    CALL TSSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I))
  ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.4) THEN
C      HELMHOLTZ RESONATOR
    CALL HHSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I))
  ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.5) THEN

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C      PARALLEL RESONATOR
      CALL PLSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I))
      ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.6) THEN
C      PUMP
      CALL STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I))
      ENDIF
21 CONTINUE
XRANGE=XMAX-XMIN
YRANGE=YMAX-YMIN
XMIN=XMIN-0.05*XRANGE
XMAX=XMAX+0.05*XRANGE
YMIN=YMIN-0.05*YRANGE
YMAX=YMAX+0.05*YRANGE
CALL UPPERW(XMIN,YMIN,XMAX,YMAX)
DO 24 I=1,J
  IF(ITYPE(I).EQ.0) THEN
C    BEND
    XC=POINT(1,I)
    YC=POINT(2,I)
    X1=POINT(3,I)
    Y1=POINT(4,I)
    RAD=POINT(5,I)
    IF(X1.GT.Y1) THEN
      X1=3.14159+X1
      Y1=3.14159+Y1
      CALL QCURV(XFUN,YFUN,Y1,X1)
    ELSE
      CALL QCURV(XFUN,YFUN,X1,Y1)
    ENDIF
  ELSE
C    ALL EXCEPT BEND
    X0=POINT(1,I)
    Y0=POINT(2,I)
    X1=POINT(3,I)
    Y1=POINT(4,I)
    X2=POINT(5,I)
    Y2=POINT(6,I)
    X3=POINT(7,I)
    Y3=POINT(8,I)
    XP(1)=X0
    YP(1)=Y0
    XP(2)=X1
    YP(2)=Y1
    CALL QTABL(1,2,XP,YP)
    XP(1)=X2
    YP(1)=Y2
    XP(2)=X3
    YP(2)=Y3
    CALL QTABL(1,2,XP,YP)
    XP(1)=X0
    YP(1)=Y0
    XP(2)=X2

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        YP(2)=Y2
        CALL QTABL(1,2,XP,YP)
        XP(1)=X1
        YP(1)=Y1
        XP(2)=X3
        YP(2)=Y3
        CALL QTABL(1,2,XP,YP)
    ENDIF
24 CONTINUE
    RETURN
    END
    SUBROUTINE PLOTSU(X,Y,Z,XF,YF,ZF,JPTS,IPTS,IXMAX,IYMAX)
C      Supervises the surface plot
    CHARACTER*40 TITLE
    CHARACTER*20 TITLF
    INTEGER*2 IHR,IMIN,IYR,IMON,IDAY
    CHARACTER*2 AP
    COMMON /WCATIT/TITLE,TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IYR,IMON,IDAY
    COMMON /FACTOR/SFAC
    INTEGER*4 IXMAX,IYMAX
    REAL XF(IXMAX),YF(IYMAX),ZF(IXMAX,IYMAX)
    REAL X(IPTS,JPTS),Y(IPTS,JPTS),Z(IPTS,JPTS)
    INTEGER*2 IWRK1(640),IWRK2(640)
    CHARACTER*1 ANS
    CHARACTER*45 LEGEND
    CHARACTER*58 LEGENDR,LEGENDH
    DATA LEGEND/'Pressure Transfer Function = f(freq,distance)'/
    DATA LEGENDR/'Pressure Transfer Function = f(freq(rad/sec),distance
    *e(ft))'/
    DATA LEGENDH/' Pressure Transfer Function = f(freq(Hertz),distance
    *(ft)) '/
    DATA ASPECT/1.35/
    DATA ICOLR/4/,IFIL/3/,ILIN/1/
1  FORMAT(' Current view is PHI =',F8.3,' THETA =',F8.3)
2  FORMAT(' Current BACKGROUD COLOR = ',I2,' LINE COLOR = ',I2,
*      ' FILL COLOR = ',I2)
    CALL QRMODE(MODET,NCOLT)
    CALL QVIDBD(IBOARD)
    IF(IBOARD.LT.1.OR.IBOARD.GT.3) THEN
        WRITE(*,*)' Graphics board not installed!'
        RETURN
    ENDIF
    IF(IBOARD.EQ.1)  MODE=6
    IF(IBOARD.EQ.2)  MODE=16
    IF(IBOARD.EQ.3)  MODE=18
    IWIRE=0
    IF(IBOARD.NE.1) THEN
        WRITE(*,'(A\\)')' Do you want a wire-frame drawing? '
        READ(*,'(A)')ANS
        IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') IWIRE=1
    ENDIF
    XMIN=XF(1)

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```

XMAX=XF(IPTS)
YMIN=YF(1)
YMAX=YF(JPTS)
ZMIN=ZF(1,1)
ZMAX=ZF(1,1)
DO 20 J=1,JPTS
DO 20 I=1,IPTS
  IF(ZMIN.GT.ZF(I,J)) ZMIN=ZF(I,J)
  IF(ZMAX.LT.ZF(I,J)) ZMAX=ZF(I,J)
20 CONTINUE
YLEN=YF(JPTS)-YF(1)
XLEN=XF(IPTS)-XF(1)
ZLEN=ZMAX-ZMIN
XYZLEN=AMAX1(XLEN,YLEN,ZLEN)
XFAC=XYZLEN/XLEN
XINV=1.0/XFAC
YFAC=XYZLEN/YLEN
YINV=1.0/YFAC
ZFAC=XYZLEN/ZLEN
ZINV=1.0/ZFAC
DO 21 J=1,JPTS
DO 21 I=1,IPTS
  X(I,J)=XF(I)*XFAC
  Y(I,J)=YF(J)*YFAC
  Z(I,J)=ZF(I,J)*ZFAC
21 CONTINUE
XMIN=XMIN*XFAC
XMAX=XMAX*XFAC
YMIN=YMIN*YFAC
YMAX=YMAX*YFAC
ZMIN=ZMIN*ZFAC
ZMAX=ZMAX*ZFAC
XMAJ=0.2*(XMAX-XMIN)
YMAJ=0.2*(YMAX-YMIN)
ZMAJ=0.2*(ZMAX-ZMIN)
P=-45.0
T=30.0
CALL Q3DROT(X,Y,Z,IPTS,JPTS,P,T)
22 CONTINUE
CALL QSMODE(MODE)
IF(IBOARD.NE.1) CALL QPREG(0,ICOLR)
CALL WINDOW(MODE,ASPECT,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,ZMIN,ZMAX)
CALL Q3DXAX(XMIN,XMAX,XMAJ,0,-1,2,YMIN,YMAX,ZMIN,XINV)
CALL Q3DYAX(YMIN,YMAX,YMAJ,0,-1,2,XMAX,XMIN,ZMIN,YINV)
CALL Q3DZAX(ZMIN,ZMAX,ZMAJ,0,-1,2,XMIN,YMIN,ZINV)
IF(MODE.EQ.6) THEN
  CALL QPTXT(40,TITLE,7,17,23)
  CALL QPTXT(45,LEGEND,7,15,22)
ELSEIF(MODE.EQ.16) THEN
  CALL QPTXT(40,TITLE,7,17,23)
  IF(SFAC.EQ.1.0) THEN
    CALL QPTXT(58,LEGENDR,7,8,22)

```

```

ELSE
  CALL QPTXT(58,LEGENDH,7,8,22)
ENDIF
ELSE
  CALL QPTXT(40,TITLE,7,17,27)
  IF(SFAC.EQ.1.0) THEN
    CALL QPTXT(58,LEGENDR,7,8,26)
  ELSE
    CALL QPTXT(58,LEGENDH,7,8,26)
  ENDIF
ENDIF
ENDIF
IF(IBOARD.EQ.1.OR.IWIRE.EQ.1) THEN
  CALL Q3DSTK(X,Y,IPTS,JPTS,IWRK1,IWRK2,640,1)
ELSE
  CALL Q3DFIL(X,Y,IPTS,JPTS,IFIL,ILIN)
ENDIF
23 CONTINUE
CALL QONKEY(IKEY)
IF(IKEY.EQ.0) GO TO 23
CALL QINKEY(IEXTEN,IKEY)
IF(IKEY.EQ.80.OR.IKEY.EQ.112) CALL QPSCRN
CALL QSMODE(MODET)
25 CONTINUE
IGO=0
WRITE(*,1)P,T
WRITE(*,'(A\)'')' Do you wish another view? '
READ(*,'(A\)'')ANS
IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') THEN
  WRITE(*,'(A\)'')' Enter new viewing angles PHI & THETA. '
  READ(*,*)P,T
  CALL Q3DINV(X,Y,Z,IPTS,JPTS)
  CALL Q3DROT(X,Y,Z,IPTS,JPTS,P,T)
  IGO=1
ENDIF
IF(IBOARD.NE.1) THEN
  WRITE(*,2)ICOLR,ILIN,IFIL
  WRITE(*,'(A\)'')' Do you wish another color? '
  READ(*,'(A\)'')ANS
  IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') THEN
    WRITE(*,*)' Enter color number (0-63) for BACKGROUND, LINE,
* and FILL '
    WRITE(*,*)' 4,1,3 will give the default colors '
    WRITE(*,'(A\)'')' 0,7,0 will give black & white '
    READ(*,*)ICOLR,ILIN,IFIL
    IGO=1
  ENDIF
ENDIF
IWR=0
IF(IWIRE.EQ.0) THEN
  WRITE(*,'(A\)'')' Do you want a wire-frame drawing? '
  READ(*,'(A\)'')ANS
  IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') THEN
    IWR=1

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        IGO=1
    ENDIF
ELSE
    WRITE(*,'(A\\)') ' Do you want a filled drawing? '
    READ(*,'(A)')ANS
    IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') THEN
        IWR=2
        IGO=1
    ENDIF
ENDIF
ENDIF
IF(IWR.EQ.1) IWIRE=1
IF(IWR.EQ.2) IWIRE=0
ENDIF
IF(IGO.NE.0) GO TO 22
RETURN
END

SUBROUTINE PLSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,LEN,DIA,VOL)
C    Computes plot coordinates for parallel resonator
COMMON /PIPPXY/X,XH,XL,Y,YH,YL,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,SINA,COSA
COMMON /ARCCON/XC,YC,RAD,ANG,ANGLE
REAL LEN,POINT(8,200)
INTEGER*2 ITYPE(200)
XOLD=X
XHOLD=XH
XLOLD=XL
YOLD=Y
YHOLD=YH
YLOLD=YL
ANGOLD=ANG
ANGSAV=ANGLE
SINOLD=SINA
COSOLD=COSA
DIAM=SQRT((XH-XL)**2+(YH-YL)**2)
CALL STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,DIA,DIAM)
XC=0.5*(XHOLD+XH)
XHC=XHOLD
XLC=XL
YC=0.5*(YHOLD+YH)
YHC=YHOLD
YLC=YL
PLEN=LEN-2.0*DIA
PDIA=(VOL-2.0*DIA*DIAM)/PLEN
CALL STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PLEN,PDIA)
CALL STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,DIA,DIAM)
XSAV=X
XHSAV=XH
XLSAV=XL
YSAV=Y
YHSAV=YH
YLSAV=YL
SINA=COSOLD
COSA=-SINOLD

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```

RADIUS=DIA
TURN=-90.0
SIDE=LEN-5.0*DIA
ANG=ANG+1.5708
ANGLE=ANGLE+90.0
X=XC
Y=YC
XH=XHC
XL=XLC
YH=YHC
YL=YLC
CALL BNSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,RADIUS,TURN,DIA,DIA)
CALL STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,SIDE,DIA)
CALL BNSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,RADIUS,TURN,DIA,DIA)
X=XSAV
Y=YSAV
XH=XHSAV
XL=XLSAV
YH=YHSAV
YL=YLSAV
ANG=ANGOLD
ANGLE=ANGSAV
SINA=SINOLD
COSA=COSOLD
RETURN
END

```

C

```

SUBROUTINE PLTCON(X,Y,Z,XF,YF,ZF,JPTS,IPTS,IXMAX,IYMAX)
  Supervises plot of contour plot
  CHARACTER*40 TITLE
  CHARACTER*20 TITLF
  INTEGER*2 IHR,IMIN,IYR,IMON,IDAY
  CHARACTER*2 AP
  COMMON /WCATIT/TITLE,TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IYR,IMON,IDAY
  COMMON /FACTOR/SFAC
  INTEGER*4 IXMAX,IYMAX
  REAL XF(IXMAX),YF(IYMAX),ZF(IXMAX,IYMAX)
  REAL X(IPTS),Y(JPTS),Z(IPTS,JPTS),CONS(10)
  INTEGER*2 LABL(10)
  DATA ASPECT/1.35/
  DATA LABL/1,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,1,0/
  DATA ICOLR/4/,IFIL/3/,ILIN/1/
2 FORMAT(' Current BACKGROUD COLOR = ',I2,' LINE COLOR = ',I2,
*       ' FILL COLOR = ',I2)
  CALL QRMODE(MODET,NCOLT)
  CALL QVIDBD(IBOARD)
  IF(IBOARD.LT.1.OR.IBOARD.GT.3) THEN
    WRITE(*,*)' Graphics board not installed!'
    RETURN
  ENDIF
  IF(IBOARD.EQ.1) MODE=6
  IF(IBOARD.EQ.2) MODE=16
  IF(IBOARD.EQ.3) MODE=18

```

```

XMIN=XF(1)
XMAX=XF(IPTS)
YMIN=YF(1)
YMAX=YF(JPTS)
ZMIN=ZF(1,1)
ZMAX=ZF(1,1)
DO 21 J=1,JPTS
  Y(J)=YF(J)
DO 21 I=1,IPTS
  IF(J.EQ.1) X(I)=XF(I)
  Z(I,J)=ZF(I,J)
  IF(ZMIN.GT.Z(I,J)) ZMIN=Z(I,J)
  IF(ZMAX.LT.Z(I,J)) ZMAX=Z(I,J)
21 CONTINUE
ZLEN=0.1*(ZMAX-ZMIN)
DO 22 I=1,9
  CONS(I)=I*ZLEN
22 CONTINUE
XMAJ=0.2*(XMAX-XMIN)
YMAJ=0.2*(YMAX-YMIN)
20 CONTINUE
CALL QSMODE(MODE)
IDEF=2
IF(IBOARD.NE.1) THEN
  IDEF=2
  CALL QPREG(0,ICOLR)
ENDIF
CALL QCTRDE(MODE,ILIN,IFIL,ILIN,1)
JCOL1=100
JCOL2=450
JROW1=40
IF(MODE.EQ.6) JROW1=60
JROW2=169
IF(MODE.EQ.16) JROW2=319
IF(MODE.EQ.18) JROW2=409
XORG=XMIN
YORG=YMIN
YOVERX=1.0
IOPT=0
IF(MODE.NE.18) THEN
  CALL QPTXT(40,TITLE,7,17,23)
ELSE
  CALL QPTXT(40,TITLE,7,17,27)
ENDIF
CALL QPLOT(JCOL1,JCOL2,JROW1,JROW2,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,
*      XORG,YORG,IOPT,YOVERX,ASPECT)
CALL QXAXIS(XMIN,XMAX,XMAJ,0,-1,2)
CALL QYAXIS(YMIN,YMAX,YMAJ,0,-1,2)
IF(SFAC.EQ.1) THEN
  CALL QPTXTA(17,'Frequency-rad/sec',7)
ELSE
  CALL QPTXTA(17,' Frequency-Hertz ',7)

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ENDIF
CALL QPTXTD(7,'X - ft.',7)
CALL QCNTOU(ASPECT,X,Y,Z,CONS,LABL,IPTS,JPTS,9,IDEF)
23 CONTINUE
CALL QONKEY(IKEY)
IF(IKEY.EQ.0) GO TO 23
CALL QINKEY(IEXTEN,IKEY)
IF(IKEY.EQ.80.OR.IKEY.EQ.112) CALL QPSCRN
CALL QSMODE(MODET)
IF(IBOARD.NE.1) THEN
  WRITE(*,2)ICOLR,ILIN,IFIL
  WRITE(*,'(A\)'')' Do you wish another color? '
  READ(*,'(A)'')ANS
  IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') THEN
    WRITE(*,*)' Enter color number (0-63) for BACKGROUND, LINE,
* and FILL '
    WRITE(*,*)' 4,1,3 will give the default colors '
    WRITE(*,'(A\)'')' 0,7,7 will give black & white '
    READ(*,*)ICOLR,ILIN,IFIL
    GO TO 20
  ENDIF
ENDIF
25 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE SETPLT
C   Sets up the plot environment
COMMON /WCAPAS/IFRST
COMMON /NOCOL/MODE,MODET,NTROWS,NTCOLS,NPROWS,NPCOLS
COMMON /ADMCOL/ADMBAC,ADMLIN
INTEGER ADMBAC,ADMLIN
CHARACTER*1 ANS
DATA ITIM/0/
IF(ITIM.EQ.0) THEN
  ITIM=1
  ADMBAC=4
  ADMLIN=1
ENDIF
CALL QRMODE(MODET,NCOLT)
CALL QVIDBD(IBOARD)
IF(IBOARD.LT.1.OR.IBOARD.GT.3) THEN
  WRITE(*,*)' Graphics board not installed!'
  RETURN
ENDIF
IF(IBOARD.EQ.1) THEN
  MODE=6
  NPROWS=200
  NTROWS=25
ENDIF
IF(IBOARD.EQ.2) THEN
  MODE=16
  NPROWS=350

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      NTROWS=25
    ENDIF
    IF(IBOARD.EQ.3) THEN
      MODE=18
      NPROWS=480
      NTROWS=25
    ENDIF
    IFRST=0
    NTCOLS=NCOLT
    NPCOLS=640
    IF(MODE.NE.6) THEN
      WRITE(*,'(A\)' )' Do you wish change colors of admittance? '
      READ(*,'(A)')ANS
      IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') THEN
        WRITE(*,*)' Enter no. of background color and no. of line color'
        WRITE(*,*)'    4,1 will give the default colors '
        WRITE(*,'(A\)' )'    0,7 will give black & white '
        READ(*,*)ADMBAC,ADMLIN
      ENDIF
    ENDIF
    CALL QSMODE(MODE)
    RETURN
  END

```

```

C  SUBROUTINE STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,LEN,DIA)
    Computes plot coordinates for a straight section
    COMMON /PIPPXY/X,XH,XL,Y,YH,YL,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,SINA,COSA
    REAL LEN,POINT(8,200)
    INTEGER*2 ITYPE(200)
    J=J+1
    ITYPE(J)=1
    XH=X-0.5*SINA*DIA
    XL=X+0.5*SINA*DIA
    YH=Y+0.5*COSA*DIA
    YL=Y-0.5*COSA*DIA
    POINT(1,J)=XH
    POINT(2,J)=YH
    POINT(3,J)=XL
    POINT(4,J)=YL
    X=X+COSA*LEN
    XH=X-0.5*SINA*DIA
    XL=X+0.5*SINA*DIA
    Y=Y+SINA*LEN
    YH=Y+0.5*COSA*DIA
    YL=Y-0.5*COSA*DIA
    POINT(5,J)=XH
    POINT(6,J)=YH
    POINT(7,J)=XL
    POINT(8,J)=YL
    XMIN=AMIN1(X,XL,XH,XMIN)
    XMAX=AMAX1(X,XL,XH,XMAX)
    YMIN=AMIN1(Y,YL,YH,YMIN)
    YMAX=AMAX1(Y,YL,YH,YMAX)

```

```

RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE TSSECT(J, ITYPE, POINT, LEN, DIA)
C   Computes plot coordinates for a tuned stub
COMMON /PIPPXY/X,XH,XL,Y,YH,YL,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,SINA,COSA
REAL LEN, POINT(8,200)
INTEGER*2 ITYPE(200)
J=J+1
ITYPE(J)=1
DIAM=SQRT((XH-XL)**2+(YH-YL)**2)
XH=X-SINA*(LEN+0.5*DIAM)
YH=Y+COXA*(LEN+0.5*DIAM)
POINT(1,J)=XH
POINT(2,J)=YH
POINT(3,J)=XL
POINT(4,J)=YL
X=X+COXA*DIA
XH=X-SINA*(LEN+0.5*DIAM)
XL=XL+COXA*DIA
Y=Y+SINA*DIA
YH=Y+COXA*(LEN+0.5*DIAM)
YL=YL+SINA*DIA
POINT(5,J)=XH
POINT(6,J)=YH
POINT(7,J)=XL
POINT(8,J)=YL
XMIN=AMIN1(X,XL,XH,XMIN)
XMAX=AMAX1(X,XL,XH,XMAX)
YMIN=AMIN1(Y,YL,YH,YMIN)
YMAX=AMAX1(Y,YL,YH,YMAX)
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE UPPERW(X0,Y0,X1,Y1)
C   Sets up upper plotting window
COMMON /NOCOL/MODE,MODET,NTROWS,NTCOLS,NPROWS,NPCOLS
COMMON /ADMCOL/ADMBAC,ADMLIN
INTEGER ADMBAC,ADMLIN
XMIN=X0
XMAX=X1
YMIN=Y0
YMAX=Y1
JCOL1=100
JCOL2=550
IF(MODE.EQ.6) THEN
  JROW1=100
  JROW2=179
ELSEIF(MODE.EQ.16) THEN
  JROW1=214
  JROW2=309
ELSEIF(MODE.EQ.18) THEN
  JROW1=244
  JROW2=449

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ENDIF
XORG=XMIN
YORG=YMIN
YOVERX=1.0
IOPT=1
ASPECT=1.35
YMAX0=YMAX
CALL QPLOT(JCOL1,JCOL2,JROW1,JROW2,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,
*          XORG,YORG,IOPT,YOVERX,ASPECT)
IF(IOPT.GE.0) GO TO 21
IOPT=1
CHANGE=(YMAX-YMIN)/(YMAX0-YMIN)
JCOL2=JCOL1+0.98*CHANGE*(JCOL2-JCOL1)
YMAX=YMAX0
CALL QPLOT(JCOL1,JCOL2,JROW1,JROW2,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,
*          XORG,YORG,IOPT,YOVERX,ASPECT)
21 CONTINUE
IF(MODE.NE.6) THEN
  CALL QPREG(0,ADMBAC)
ENDIF
CALL QSETUP(0,ADMLIN,-2,ADMLIN)
IF(MODE.NE.18) THEN
  CALL QPTXT(11,'Pipe Layout',7,35,23)
ELSE
  CALL QPTXT(11,'Pipe Layout',7,35,27)
ENDIF
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE WINDOW(MODE,XSCALE,XST,XFIN,YST,YFIN,ZST,ZFIN)
C   Sets up window for surface plot
CALL Q3DWIN(XST,XFIN,YST,YFIN,ZST,ZFIN,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX)
JCOL1=100
JCOL2=450
JROW1=40
JROW2=169
IF(MODE.EQ.16) JROW2=319
IF(MODE.EQ.18) JROW2=409
XORG=XMIN
YORG=YMIN
YOVERX=1.0
IOPT=0
ASPECT=XSCALE
CALL QPLOT(JCOL1,JCOL2,JROW1,JROW2,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,
*          XORG,YORG,IOPT,YOVERX,ASPECT)
RETURN
END
FUNCTION XFUN(T)
C   Parametric function for plotting of bends
COMMON /ARCCON/XC,YC,RAD,ANG,ANGLE
XFUN=XC+RAD*SIN(T)
RETURN
END

```

```

FUNCTION YFUN(T)
C   Parametric function for plotting of bends
COMMON /ARCCON/XC,YC,RAD,ANG,ANGLE
YFUN=YC-RAD*COS(T)
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE ZREAD(NAME,VALUE)
C   Reads input for input modification
CHARACTER*1 NAME(8)
CHARACTER*1 CARD(80),PLUS,MINUS,PERIOD,LE,E,NUMBER(10)
CHARACTER*1 LEND(3),CEND(3),POUND,QUEST,BLK,COMMA
CHARACTER*1 LTIT(5),CTIT(5)
CHARACTER*80 DCARD
EQUIVALENCE (CARD(1),DCARD)
DATA PLUS/'+'/,MINUS/'-'/,PERIOD/'.'/,LE/'e'/,E/'E'/,BLK/' '/
DATA NUMBER/'0','1','2','3','4','5','6','7','8','9'/,COMMA/','/,
DATA LEND/'e','n','d'/,CEND/'E','N','D'/,POUND/'#'/,QUEST/'?'/
DATA LTIT/'t','i','t','l','e'/,CTIT/'T','I','T','L','E'/
1 FORMAT(A)
DO 21 I=1,8
  NAME(I)=BLK
21 CONTINUE
READ(*,1)DCARD
IF(CARD(1).EQ.POUND) THEN
  NAME(1)=POUND
  RETURN
ENDIF
IF(CARD(1).EQ.QUEST) THEN
  NAME(1)=QUEST
  RETURN
ENDIF
DO 22 I=1,3
  IF(CARD(I).NE.LEND(I).AND.CARD(I).NE.CEND(I)) GO TO 220
  NAME(I)=CEND(I)
22 CONTINUE
RETURN
220 CONTINUE
DO 221 I=1,5
  IF(CARD(I).NE.LTIT(I).AND.CARD(I).NE.CTIT(I)) GO TO 23
  NAME(I)=CTIT(I)
221 CONTINUE
RETURN
23 CONTINUE
DO 24 I=1,8
  II=I
  IF(CARD(I).EQ.BLK.OR.CARD(I).EQ.COMMA) GO TO 25
  NAME(I)=CARD(I)
24 CONTINUE
25 CONTINUE
DO 26 I=II,80
  ID=I
  IF(CARD(I).NE.BLK.AND.CARD(I).NE.COMMA) GO TO 27

```



```

26 CONTINUE
  VALUE=0.0
  WRITE(*,*)'  No value given, ZERO assumed'
  RETURN
27 CONTINUE
  SIGN=1.0
  IF(CARD(ID).EQ.MINUS) THEN
    SIGN=-1.0
    ID=ID+1
  ELSEIF(CARD(ID).EQ.PLUS) THEN
    ID=ID+1
  ENDIF
  WHOLE=0.0
  DO 30 I=ID,80
    II=I
    IF(CARD(I).EQ.PERIOD) GO TO 31
    IF(CARD(I).EQ.PLUS) GO TO 36
    IF(CARD(I).EQ.MINUS) GO TO 36
    IF(CARD(I).EQ.E.OR.CARD(I).EQ.LE) GO TO 35
    DO 28 J=1,10
      JJ=J-1
      IF(CARD(I).EQ.NUMBER(J)) GO TO 29
28 CONTINUE
    VALUE=SIGN*WHOLE
    IF(CARD(I).EQ.BLK) RETURN
    WRITE(*,*)'  Input error, value set to ZERO'
    VALUE=0.0
    RETURN
29 CONTINUE
    WHOLE=WHOLE*10.0+JJ
30 CONTINUE
    VALUE=SIGN*WHOLE
    RETURN
31 CONTINUE
    ID=II+1
    FRACT=0.0
    ICOUNT=0
    DO 34 I=ID,80
      ICOUNT=ICOUNT+1
      II=I
      IF(CARD(I).EQ.PERIOD) THEN
        WRITE(*,*)'  Input error, value set to ZERO'
        VALUE=0.0
        RETURN
      ENDIF
      IF(CARD(I).EQ.PLUS) GO TO 36
      IF(CARD(I).EQ.MINUS) GO TO 36
      IF(CARD(I).EQ.E.OR.CARD(I).EQ.LE) GO TO 35
      DO 32 J=1,10
        JJ=J-1
        IF(CARD(I).EQ.NUMBER(J)) GO TO 33
32 CONTINUE

```

```

        VALUE=SIGN*(WHOLE+FRACT)
        IF(CARD(I).EQ.BLK) RETURN
        WRITE(*,*)' Input error, value set to ZERO'
        VALUE=0.0
        RETURN
33 CONTINUE
        FRACT=FRACT+JJ/10.0**ICOUNT
34 CONTINUE
        VALUE=SIGN*(WHOLE+FRACT)
        RETURN
35 CONTINUE
        II=II+1
36 CONTINUE
        VALUE=SIGN*(WHOLE+FRACT)
        SIGN=1.0
        IF(CARD(II).EQ.MINUS) THEN
            SIGN=-1.0
            II=II+1
        ELSEIF(CARD(II).EQ.PLUS) THEN
            II=II+1
        ENDIF
        WHOLE=0.0
        DO 39 I=II,80
            DO 37 J=1,10
                JJ=J-1
                IF(CARD(I).EQ.NUMBER(J)) GO TO 38
37 CONTINUE
                VALUE=VALUE*10.0**(SIGN*WHOLE)
                IF(CARD(I).EQ.BLK) RETURN
                WRITE(*,*)' Input error, value set to ZERO'
                VALUE=0.0
                RETURN
38 CONTINUE
                WHOLE=WHOLE*10.0+JJ
39 CONTINUE
                VALUE=VALUE*10.0**(SIGN*WHOLE)
                RETURN
        END

```

Appendix C

Listing of Nyquist Program

NYQ

```

C
C      PROGRAM NYQ
C
C      Program to calculate fuel and lox lines admittance
C      as input to routines for a Nyquist plot
C
C      Variables in Commons
C
C      BLANK
C      SCREEN          CHAR*22      screen attributes for plotting
C
C      /ARCCON/
C      XC              REAL*4        x coordinate of curve center
C      YC              REAL*4        y coordinate of curve center
C      RAD             REAL*4        radius of bend
C      ANG             REAL*4        angle of bend in radians
C      ANGLE           REAL*4        angle of bend in degrees
C
C      /FACTOR/
C      SFAC            REAL*4        factor for frequency
C
C      /NOCOL/
C      NCOLS           INTEGER*2     number of text columns
C      NMODE           INTEGER*2     graphics mode
C
C      /PIPPXY/
C      X               REAL*4        x location of current centerline
C      XH              REAL*4        x location of current upper pipe
C      XL              REAL*4        x location of current lower pipe
C      Y               REAL*4        y location of current centerline
C      YH              REAL*4        y location of current upper pipe
C      YL              REAL*4        y location of current lower pipe
C      XMIN            REAL*4        minimum x value of piping layout
C      XMAX            REAL*4        maximum x value of piping layout
C      YMIN            REAL*4        minimum y value of piping layout
C      YMAX            REAL*4        maximum y value of piping layout
C      SINA            REAL*4        sine of current pipe direction
C      COSA            REAL*4        cosine of current pipe direction
C
C      /WCAOUT/
C      NAMLIN(2)       CHAR*24       name of files containing pipe description
C      IUNIT           INTEGER*2     unit number of current file (fuel or lox)
C
C      /WCAPAS/
C      IFRST           INTEGER*2     flag for admittance plot
C
C      /WCATIT/
C      TITLE           CHAR*40       title for plots
C      TITLF           CHAR*20       title from pipe file
C      IHR             INTEGER*2     hour code run
C      IMIN            INTEGER*2     minute code run

```

C	AP	CHAR*2	AM or PM
C	IYR	INTEGER*2	year code run
C	IMON	INTEGER*2	month code run
C	IDAY	INTEGER*2	day code run
C			
C			/WORKIT/
C	WORK(12)	REAL*4	EQUIVALENCE(WORK(1),A)
C	A	REAL*4	speed of sound in the fluid (ft/sec)
C	CMAN	REAL*4	manifold capacitance
C	CTANK	REAL*4	tank capacitance
C	DENS	REAL*4	density of fluid (lbm/ft ³)
C	LFLOW	REAL*4	flow rate through pipe (lbm/sec)
C	KTANK	REAL*4	bulk modulus of tank (lbf/ft ²)
C	KMAN	REAL*4	bulk modulus of manifold (lbf/ft ²)
C	TFLOW	REAL*4	total flow rate of engine (lbm/sec)
C	VOL	REAL*4	volume of tank (ft ³)
C	VOLMF	REAL*4	volume of manifold (ft ³)
C	PCHMB	REAL*4	chamber pressure (lbf/ft ²)
C	DPROR	REAL*4	pressure drop across orifices (lbf/ft ²)
C			
C			
C	PROGRAM NYQ		
C	Logic portion of code		
C			
C	Commons FACTOR	NOCOL	WCAOUT WCATIT
C		Local Variables	
C	AM	CHAR*2	'AM'
C	ANS	CHAR*1	response to question
C	CHOICE	INTEGER*2	flag for type plot requested
C	CSTAR	REAL*4	characteristic rocket velocity (ft/sec)
C	DCDR	REAL*4	change in velocity with mixture ratio (ft/sec)
C	GF	COMPLEX*8	admittance of fuel line looking toward tank
C	GOX	COMPLEX*8	admittance of lox line looking toward tank
C	HFREQ	REAL*4	maximum frequency requested
C	IFUEL	INTEGER*2	flag indicating presence of fuel line
C	IGONE	INTEGER*2	flag for FUEL & LOX routines
C	ILOX	INTEGER*2	flag indicating presence of lox line
C	ISEC	INTEGER*2	second code run
C	I100	INTEGER*2	hundredth of second code run
C	K	INTEGER*2	do loop index
C	KW(1001)	REAL*4	frequency array
C	K1C(1001)	REAL*4	complex part of K(jw)
C	K1R(1001)	REAL*4	real part of K(jw)
C	K2C(1001)	REAL*4	complex part of K(jw,Gox)
C	K2R(1001)	REAL*4	real part of K(jw,Gox)
C	K3C(1001)	REAL*4	complex part of K(jw,Gf)
C	K3R(1001)	REAL*4	real part of K(jw,Gf)
C	K4C(1001)	REAL*4	complex part of K(jw,Gox,Gf)
C	K4R(1001)	REAL*4	real part of K(jw,Gox,Gf)
C	LFREQ	REAL*4	minimum frequency requested
C	NPTS	INTEGER*2	intermediate variable
C	PM	CHAR*2	'PM'

C	GDIF	REAL*4	distance between new and old admittance
C	GOLD(0:75)	COMPLEX*8	previous admittance calculated
C	GRAV	REAL*4	gravitational constant (lbfm-ft/lbf-sec ²)
C	G1	COMPLEX*8	admittance starting at G(0)+1
C	I	INTEGER*2	do loop index
C	IOPEN	INTEGER*2	flag indicating if SURF.ERR is open
C	KLOOP	INTEGER*2	do loop index
C	RHS	COMPLEX*8	intermediate variable
C	TL	REAL*4	length/speed of sound
C	ZG(75)	COMPLEX*8	impedance looking toward engine
C	ZGEFF	COMPLEX*8	effective impedance for calculations
C	ZOEFF	COMPLEX*8	effective Z0 for calculations
C	ZO(75)	REAL*4	characteristic impedance
C	ZOR	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	ZT(0:75)	COMPLEX*8	impedance looking toward tank
C	ZTOP	REAL*4	intermediate variable

C
C
C
C SUBROUTINE ALLPT(WHOLD,GHOLD,PTS,ITYPE)
C Supervises Nyquist plot

C
C Variables in Argument List

C	GHOLD(1001)	REAL*4	imaginary part of K()
C	ITYPE	INTEGER*2	which K()
C	PTS	INTEGER*2	number of values to plot
C	WHOLD(1001)	REAL*4	real part of K()

C Local Variables

C	DUMWIL	INTEGER*2	intermediate variable
C	I	INTEGER*2	do loop index
C	IMAX	REAL*8	maximum value of complex part
C	IMMIN	REAL*8	minimum value of complex part
C	RMAX	REAL*8	maximum value of real part
C	RMIN	REAL*8	minimum value of real part
C	X	REAL*8	x value of point to be plotted
C	XY	CHAR*16	intermediate variable
C	Y	REAL*8	y value of point to be plotted

C
C
C
C SUBROUTINE BENDS(PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,PIPE4,VALUE,DIME)
C Computes effective straight pipe for bend

C
C Variables in Argument List

C	DIME	REAL*4	effective diameter (ft)
C	PIPE1	REAL*4	radius of bend (ft)
C	PIPE2	REAL*4	angle of bend (degrees)
C	PIPE3	REAL*4	diameter of bend (ft)
C	PIPE4	REAL*4	length of end straight segments (ft)
C	VALUE	REAL*4	effective length (ft)

C Local Variables

C	ARBND	REAL*4	area of bend
C	AREAB	REAL*4	effective area of bend
C	BENDR	REAL*4	bend angle in radians

C	GAMMA	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	INERT	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	INRAD	REAL*4	inside radius of bend
C	LBEND	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	LPRME	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	NEWLN	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	OTRAD	REAL*4	outside radius of bend
C	RATIO	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	X	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	Y	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C			
C			
C	SUBROUTINE BNSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,PIPE4)		
C	Computes plot coordinates for a bend		
C			
C	Commons ARCCON	PIPPXY	
C		Variables in Argument List	
C	ITYPE(200)	INTEGER*2	type plot element
C	J	INTEGER*2	pointer to element
C	PIPE1	REAL*4	first parameter of pipe description
C	PIPE2	REAL*4	second parameter of pipe description
C	PIPE3	REAL*4	third parameter of pipe description
C	PIPE4	REAL*4	fourth parameter of pipe description
C	POINT(8,200)	REAL*4	description of plot element
C		Local Variables	
C	DIA	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	HOLD	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	RANG	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	SLENTH	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	X0	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	X1	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	X2	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	X3	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	Y0	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	Y1	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	Y2	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	Y3	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C			
C			
C	COMPLEX FUNCTION CCOSH(S)		
C	Evaluates the complex hyperbolic cosine		
C			
C		Variable in Argument List	
C	S	COMPLEX*8	complex frequency
C		Local Variables	
C	COSHI	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	COSHR	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	LAMDA	REAL*4	real part of complex frequency
C	MU	REAL*4	imaginary part of complex frequency
C			
C			
C	COMPLEX FUNCTION CSINH(S)		


```

C      Evaluates the complex hyperbolic sine
C
C      Variable in Argument List
C      S      COMPLEX*8  complex frequency
C      Local Variables
C      LAMDA   REAL*4    real part of complex frequency
C      MU      REAL*4    imaginary part of complex frequency
C      SINHI   REAL*4    intermediate variable
C      SINHR   REAL*4    intermediate variable
C
C
C      COMPLEX FUNCTION CTANH(S)
C      Evaluates the complex hyperbolic tangent
C
C      Variable in Argument List
C      S      COMPLEX*8  complex frequency
C
C
C      SUBROUTINE CURV(A1,A2)
C      Draws circular arc
C
C      Common  ARCCON
C      Variables in Argument List
C      A1      REAL*8    starting angle for arc
C      A2      REAL*8    ending angle for arc
C      Local Variables
C      ANG1    REAL*4    starting angle for arc
C      ANG2    REAL*4    ending angle for arc
C      DA      REAL*4    incremental angle for plot
C      DTH     REAL*4    total angle to plot
C      DUMWIL  INTEGER*2  intermediate variable
C      I       INTEGER*2  do loop index
C      N       INTEGER*2  number of points to plot
C      T       REAL*4    current angle
C      XP      REAL*8    x location of point to plot
C      XY      CHAR*16   intermediate variable
C      YP      REAL*8    y location of point to plot
C
C
C      SUBROUTINE ENDPLT
C      Closes plot routines
C
C      Local Variable
C      DUMMY   INTEGER*2  intermediate variable
C
C
C      LOGICAL FUNCTION fourcolors()
C      Determines type of graphics monitor
C
C      Common  BLANK
C      Local Variable
C      DUMMY   INTEGER*2  intermediate variable

```

```

C
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE FUEL(S,GF,PIPEA1,PIPEA2,PIPEA3,PIPEA4,SEGMNA,SECTNA,IGONE)
C       Handles fuel piping logic
C
C   Commons WCAOUT  WORKIT
C
C       Variables in Argument List
C   GF              COMPLEX*8  admittance of fuel line looking toward tank
C   IGONE           INTEGER*2  flag for path to be taken
C   SECTNA(75)      INTEGER*2  pipe section types
C   SEGMNA          INTEGER*2  number of pipe sections
C   PIPEA1(75)      REAL*4      first parameter of fuel pipe description
C   PIPEA2(75)      REAL*4      second parameter of fuel pipe description
C   PIPEA3(75)      REAL*4      third parameter of fuel pipe description
C   PIPEA4(75)      REAL*4      fourth parameter of fuel pipe description
C   S               COMPLEX*8  complex frequency
C
C       Local Variables
C   A               REAL*4      speed of sound in the fluid (ft/sec)
C   ANS             CHAR*1      response to question
C   AREA(75)        REAL*4      area of pipe section (ft^2)
C   CMAN            REAL*4      manifold capacitance
C   CTANK           REAL*4      tank capacitance
C   DENS            REAL*4      density of fluid (lbm/ft^3)
C   DIA(75)         REAL*4      diameter of pipe section (ft)
C   DPROR           REAL*4      pressure drop across orifices (lbf/ft^2)
C   FUELIN          CHAR*24     name of file containing fuel piping data
C   IMORE           INTEGER*2   internal flag
C   ISTRT           INTEGER*2   internal flag
C   KMAN            REAL*4      bulk modulus of manifold (lbf/ft^2)
C   KTANK           REAL*4      bulk modulus of tank (lbf/ft^2)
C   L(75)           REAL*4      length of pipe section (ft)
C   LFLOW           REAL*4      flow rate through pipe (lbm/sec)
C   LOPEND          INTEGER*2   maximum number of iterations for split pipe
C   LOOLD           INTEGER*2   previous value of LOPEND
C   PCAP(75)        REAL*4      capacitance of pipe section
C   PCHMB           REAL*4      chamber pressure (lbf/ft^2)
C   PIND(75)        REAL*4      inductance of pipe section
C   PIPEA5(75)      REAL*4      fifth parameter of fuel pipe description
C   PMRAT           REAL*4      chamber pressure/total mass flow
C   SECTA           INTEGER*2   intermediate variable
C   SPLIT           REAL*4      number of lines from pipe split
C   TFLOW           REAL*4      total flow rate of engine (lbm/sec)
C   TITLF           CHAR*20     title from fuel file
C   VOL             REAL*4      volume of tank (ft^3)
C   VOLMF           REAL*4      volume of manifold (ft^3)
C
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE GINERT(BEND,X,Y)
C       Evaluates curve fit of inertance of bends
C
C       Variables in Argument List
C   BEND            REAL*4      angle of bend (degrees)

```

```

C      X      REAL*4      ratio of inner to outer radius
C      Y      REAL*4      inertance
C      Local Variables
C      A      REAL*4      intermediate variable
C      B(3)    REAL*4      coefficient array for inertance fit
C
C
C      SUBROUTINE HHSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,LEN,DIA,VOL)
C          Computes plot coordinates for Helmholtz resonator
C
C      Common PIPXY
C          Variables in Argument List
C      DIA      REAL*4      diameter of opening (ft)
C      ITYPE(200) INTEGER*2  type plot element
C      J        INTEGER*2  pointer to element
C      LEN      REAL*4      length of opening (ft)
C      POINT(8,200) REAL*4  description of plot element
C      VOL      REAL*4      volume of reservoir (ft^3)
C      Local Variables
C      COSOLD   REAL*4      intermediate variable
C      DIAM     REAL*4      intermediate variable
C      SIDE     REAL*4      intermediate variable
C      SINOLD   REAL*4      intermediate variable
C      XC       REAL*4      intermediate variable
C      XHOLD    REAL*4      intermediate variable
C      XLOLD    REAL*4      intermediate variable
C      XOLD     REAL*4      intermediate variable
C      YC       REAL*4      intermediate variable
C      YHOLD    REAL*4      intermediate variable
C      YLOLD    REAL*4      intermediate variable
C      YOLD     REAL*4      intermediate variable
C
C
C      SUBROUTINE LABANG(XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX)
C          Labels phase angle plot
C
C      Commons BLANK FACTOR NOCOL WCATIT
C          Variables in Argument List
C      XMAX     REAL*8      maximum x value for phase angle plot
C      XMIN     REAL*8      minimum x value for phase angle plot
C      YMAX     REAL*8      maximum y value for phase angle plot
C      YMIN     REAL*8      minimum y value for phase angle plot
C      Local Variables
C      DUMMY    REAL*4      intermediate variable
C      DUMWIL   INTEGER*2  intermediate variable
C      HI       REAL*4      intermediate variable
C      I        INTEGER*2  do loop index
C      IDEL     INTEGER*2  intermediate variable
C      IHI      INTEGER*2  intermediate variable
C      ILO      INTEGER*2  intermediate variable
C      ILOC     INTEGER*2  intermediate variable
C      IMAX     INTEGER*2  intermediate variable

```

```

C      ROW      INTEGER*2  intermediate variable
C      ROWS     INTEGER*2  intermediate variable
C      S        CHAR*4    intermediate variable
C      XHI      CHAR*7    label for x tick marks
C      XP       REAL*8    x point for plot
C      XY       CHAR*16   intermediate variable
C      YHI      CHAR*6    ' 180'' upper phase angle label
C      YLO      CHAR*6    ' -180'' lower phase angle label
C      YP       REAL*8    y point for plot
C
C
C
C      SUBROUTINE LABGAIN(XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,ITYPE)
C          Labels gain plot
C
C      Commons BLANK  FACTOR  NOCOL  WCATIT
C          Variables in Argument List
C      ITYPE      INTEGER*2  which K()
C      XMAX       REAL*8    maximum x value for gain plot
C      XMIN       REAL*8    minimum x value for gain plot
C      YMAX       REAL*8    maximum y value for gain plot
C      YMIN       REAL*8    minimum y value for gain plot
C          Local Variables
C      DUMMY      REAL*4    intermediate variable
C      DUMWIL     INTEGER*2  intermediate variable
C      HI         REAL*4    intermediate variable
C      I          INTEGER*2  do loop index
C      IDEL       INTEGER*2  intermediate variable
C      IHI        INTEGER*2  intermediate variable
C      ILO        INTEGER*2  intermediate variable
C      ILOC       INTEGER*2  intermediate variable
C      IMAX       INTEGER*2  intermediate variable
C      ROW        INTEGER*2  intermediate variable
C      ROWS       INTEGER*2  intermediate variable
C      S          CHAR*4    intermediate variable
C      XHI        CHAR*7    label for x tick marks
C      XP         REAL*8    x point for plot
C      XY         CHAR*16   intermediate variable
C      YHI        CHAR*6    ' 180'' upper phase angle label
C      YLO        CHAR*6    ' -180'' lower phase angle label
C      YP         REAL*8    y point for plot
C
C
C
C      SUBROUTINE LOWERW(XMIN,XMAX,YMAX,YMIN)
C          Sets up lower plotting window
C
C      Commons BLANK  NOCOL
C          Variables in Argument List
C      XMAX       REAL*8    maximum x value for Nyquist plot
C      XMIN       REAL*8    minimum x value for Nyquist plot
C      YMAX       REAL*8    maximum y value for Nyquist plot
C      YMIN       REAL*8    minimum y value for Nyquist plot
C          Local Variables

```

```

C      COLS              INTEGER*2  number of text columns
C      DUMMY             INTEGER*2  intermediate variable
C      ROWS              INTEGER*2  number of text rows
C      XLEN              REAL*8     intermediate variable
C      XWIDTH           INTEGER*2  number of x pixels
C      YHEIGHT          INTEGER*2  number of y pixels
C      YLEN             REAL*8     intermediate variable
C
C
C      SUBROUTINE LOX(S,GOX,PIPEB1,PIPEB2,PIPEB3,PIPEB4,SEGMNB,SECTNB,IGONE)
C          Handles lox piping logic
C
C      Commons WCAOUT  WORKIT
C          Variables in Argument List
C      GOX                COMPLEX*8  admittance of lox line looking toward tank
C      IGONE             INTEGER*2  flag for path to be taken
C      PIPEB1(75)        REAL*4      first parameter of lox pipe description
C      PIPEB2(75)        REAL*4      second parameter of lox pipe description
C      PIPEB3(75)        REAL*4      third parameter of lox pipe description
C      PIPEB4(75)        REAL*4      fourth parameter of lox pipe description
C      S                 COMPLEX*8  complex frequency
C      SECTNB(75)        INTEGER*2  pipe section types
C      SEGMNB            INTEGER*2  number of pipe sections
C          Local Variables
C      A                REAL*4      speed of sound in the fluid (ft/sec)
C      ANS              CHAR*1     response to question
C      AREA(75)         REAL*4      area of pipe section (ft^2)
C      CMAN             REAL*4      manifold capacitance
C      CTANK            REAL*4      tank capacitance
C      DENS             REAL*4      density of fluid (lbm/ft^3)
C      DIA(75)          REAL*4      diameter of pipe section (ft)
C      DPROR            REAL*4      pressure drop across orifices (lbf/ft^2)
C      IMORE            INTEGER*2  internal flag
C      ISTRT            INTEGER*2  internal flag
C      KMAN             REAL*4      bulk modulus of manifold (lbf/ft^2)
C      KTANK            REAL*4      bulk modulus of tank (lbf/ft^2)
C      L(75)            REAL*4      length of pipe section (ft)
C      LFLOW            REAL*4      flow rate through pipe (lbm/sec)
C      LOPEND           INTEGER*2  maximum number of iterations for split pipe
C      LOPOLD           INTEGER*2  previous value of LOPEND
C      LOXIN            CHAR*24    name of file containing lox piping data
C      PCAP(75)         REAL*4      capacitance of pipe section
C      PCHMB            REAL*4      chamber pressure (lbf/ft^2)
C      PIND(75)         REAL*4      inductance of pipe section
C      PIPEB5(75)       REAL*4      fifth parameter of fuel pipe description
C      PMRAT            REAL*4      chamber pressure/total mass flow
C      SECTB            INTEGER*2  intermediate variable
C      SPLIT            REAL*4      number of lines from pipe split
C      TFLOW            REAL*4      total flow rate of engine (lbm/sec)
C      TITLO            CHAR*20    title from lox file
C      VOL              REAL*4      volume of tank (ft^3)
C      VOLMF            REAL*4      volume of manifold (ft^3)

```

```

C
C
C SUBROUTINE MODIFY(AREA,DIA,L,PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,PIPE4,PIPE5,SECTN,
C             SEGMN,SECT,PIND,PCAP,LOPEND,LOPOLD,SPLIT,PMRAT,R)
C     Allows modifications to input data
C
C Commons WCAOUT  WCATIT  WORKIT
C             Variables in Argument List
C AREA(75)      REAL*4    area of pipe section (ft^2)
C DIA(75)       REAL*4    diameter of pipe section (ft)
C L(75)         REAL*4    length of pipe section (ft)
C LOPEND        INTEGER*2 maximum number of iterations for split pipe
C LOPOLD        INTEGER*2 previous value of LOPEND
C PCAP(75)      REAL*4    capacitance of pipe section
C PIND(75)      REAL*4    inductance of pipe section
C PIPE1(75)     REAL*4    first parameter of pipe description
C PIPE2(75)     REAL*4    second parameter of pipe description
C PIPE3(75)     REAL*4    third parameter of pipe description
C PIPE4(75)     REAL*4    fourth parameter of pipe description
C PIPE5(75)     REAL*4    fifth parameter of pipe description
C PMRAT         REAL*4    chamber pressure/total mass flow
C R             CHAR*1    flag for fuel or lox
C SECT          INTEGER*2 intermediate variable
C SECTN(75)     INTEGER*2 pipe section types
C SEGMN         INTEGER*2 number of pipe sections
C SPLIT         REAL*4    number of lines from pipe split
C             Local Variables
C ANS           CHAR*1    response to question
C AREAB         REAL*4    intermediate variable
C AVGK          REAL*4    average bulk modulus
C DIME          REAL*4    intermediate variable
C GRAV          REAL*4    gravitational constant (lbm-ft/lbf-sec^2)
C I             INTEGER*2 pointer
C II            INTEGER*2 do loop index
C III           INTEGER*2 do loop index
C ICHG          INTEGER*2 change flag
C ISEGMN        INTEGER*2 intermediate variable
C NAME          CHAR*8    name of input variable
C NAMNAM        INTEGER*2 flag for fuel or lox
C PI            REAL*4    mathematical constant
C VALUE         REAL*4    value of input variable
C VARL(9)       CHAR*8    array of variable names (lower case)
C VARU(9)       CHAR*8    array of variable names (upper case)
C VARVAL(9)     CHAR*8    array of variable names for printout
C
C
C SUBROUTINE NICEGRF(RMIN,RMAX,IMAX,IMMIN,ITYPE)
C     Plots Nyquist curve
C
C Commons BLANK  FACTOR  NOCOL  WCATIT
C             Variables in Argument List
C IMAX          REAL*8    maximum value of complex part

```

```

C   IMMIN          REAL*8      minimum value of complex part
C   ITYPE          INTEGER*2    which K()
C   RMAX           REAL*8      maximum value of real part
C   RMIN           REAL*8      minimum value of real part
C
C   Local Variables
C   DUMMY          REAL*4      intermediate variable
C   ROW            INTEGER*2    intermediate variable
C   ROWS           INTEGER*2    intermediate variable
C   S              CHAR*4      intermediate variable
C   XHI            CHAR*6      label for maximum x value
C   XLO            CHAR*6      label for minimum x value
C   XMAX           REAL*8      maximum x value
C   XMIN           REAL*8      minimum x value
C   YHI            CHAR*6      label for maximum y value
C   YLO            CHAR*6      label for minimum y value
C   YMAX           REAL*8      maximum y value
C   YMIN           REAL*8      minimum y value
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE NYQUIS(GF,GOX,S,TAUT,CSTAR,RBAR,DCDR,THETAC,K,K1R,K2R,
C                   K3R,K4R,K1C,K2C,K3C,K4C,IFUEL,ILOX)
C       Computes the K()'s
C
C       Variables in Argument List
C   CSTAR          REAL*4      characteristic rocket velocity (ft/sec)
C   DCDR           REAL*4      change in velocity with mixture ratio (ft/sec)
C   GF             COMPLEX*8    admittance of fuel line looking toward tank
C   GOX            COMPLEX*8    admittance of lox line looking toward tank
C   IFUEL          INTEGER*2    flag indicating presence of fuel line
C   ILOX           INTEGER*2    flag indicating presence of lox line
C   K              INTEGER*2    index of current item
C   K1C(1001)      REAL*4      complex part of K(jw)
C   K1R(1001)      REAL*4      real part of K(jw)
C   K2C(1001)      REAL*4      complex part of K(jw,Gox)
C   K2R(1001)      REAL*4      real part of K(jw,Gox)
C   K3C(1001)      REAL*4      complex part of K(jw,Gf)
C   K3R(1001)      REAL*4      real part of K(jw,Gf)
C   K4C(1001)      REAL*4      complex part of K(jw,Gox,Gf)
C   K4R(1001)      REAL*4      real part of K(jw,Gox,Gf)
C   RBAR           REAL*4      mixture ratio
C   S              COMPLEX*8    complex frequency
C   TAUT           REAL*4      transport lag (sec)
C   THETAC         REAL*4      characteristic time constant (sec)
C
C       Local Variables
C   KG1            COMPLEX*8    K(jw)
C   KG2            COMPLEX*8    K(jw,Gox)
C   KG3            COMPLEX*8    K(jw,Gf)
C   KG4            COMPLEX*8    K(jw,Gox,Gf)
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE PIPLOT(SEGMN,SECTN,PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,PIPE4,ILOX,R)
C       Supervises plot of piping layout

```

```

C
C Commons ARCCON PIPXY
C Variables in Argument List
C ILOX INTEGER*2 flag indicating presence of lox line
C PIPE1(75) REAL*4 first parameter of pipe description
C PIPE2(75) REAL*4 second parameter of pipe description
C PIPE3(75) REAL*4 third parameter of pipe description
C PIPE4(75) REAL*4 fourth parameter of pipe description
C R CHAR*1 flag indicating fuel or lox line
C SECTN(75) INTEGER*2 pipe section types
C SEGMN INTEGER*2 number of pipe sections
C Local Variables
C DUMWIL INTEGER*2 intermediate variable
C I INTEGER*2 do loop index
C ITYPE(200) INTEGER*2 type plot element
C J INTEGER*2 pointer to element
C POINT(8,200) REAL*4 description of plot element
C XRANGE REAL*4 range of x values
C XY CHAR*16 intermediate variable
C X0 REAL*8 intermediate variable
C X1 REAL*8 intermediate variable
C X2 REAL*8 intermediate variable
C X3 REAL*8 intermediate variable
C YRANGE REAL*4 range of y values
C Y0 REAL*8 intermediate variable
C Y1 REAL*8 intermediate variable
C Y2 REAL*8 intermediate variable
C Y3 REAL*8 intermediate variable
C
C
C SUBROUTINE PLSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,LEN,DIA,VOL)
C Computes plot coordinates for parallel resonator
C
C Commons ARCCON PIPXY
C Variables in Argument List
C DIA REAL*4 diameter of parallel segment (ft)
C ITYPE(200) INTEGER*2 type plot element
C J INTEGER*2 pointer to element
C LEN REAL*4 length of parallel segment (ft)
C POINT(8,200) REAL*4 description of plot element
C VOL REAL*4 volume of bypassed segment (ft^3)
C Local Variables
C ANGOLD REAL*4 intermediate variable
C ANGSAY REAL*4 intermediate variable
C COSOLD REAL*4 intermediate variable
C DIAM REAL*4 intermediate variable
C PDIA REAL*4 intermediate variable
C PLEN REAL*4 intermediate variable
C RADIUS REAL*4 intermediate variable
C SIDE REAL*4 intermediate variable
C SINOLD REAL*4 intermediate variable
C TURN REAL*4 intermediate variable

```


C	XHC	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	XHOLD	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	XHSAV	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	XLC	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	XLOLD	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	XLSAV	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	XOLD	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	XSAV	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	YHC	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	YHOLD	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	YHSAV	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	YLC	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	YLOLD	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	YLSAV	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	YOLD	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	YSAV	REAL*4	intermediate variable

C
C

C SUBROUTINE PNYQ(KR,KC,KW,PTS,ITYPE)
C Plots gain and phase angle

C
C

		Variables in Argument List
C	ITYPE	INTEGER*2 which K()
C	KC(PTS)	REAL*4 complex part of K()
C	KR(PTS)	REAL*4 real part of ()
C	KW(PTS)	REAL*4 frequency
C	PTS	INTEGER*2 number of points
C		Local Variables
C	DUMWIL	INTEGER*2 intermediate variable
C	I	INTEGER*2 do loop index
C	X(1001)	REAL*4 log of frequency (base 10)
C	XHI	REAL*8 intermediate variable
C	XLO	REAL*8 intermediate variable
C	XMAX	REAL*8 maximum x value
C	XMIN	REAL*8 minimum x value
C	XP	REAL*8 x point to plot
C	XY	CHAR*16 intermediate variable
C	YC(1001)	REAL*4 phase angle
C	YMAXC	REAL*8 maximum phase angle
C	YMAXR	REAL*8 maximum amplitude
C	YMINC	REAL*8 minimum phase angle
C	YMINR	REAL*8 minimum amplitude
C	YP	REAL*8 y point to plot
C	YR(1001)	REAL*4 amplitude

C
C

C SUBROUTINE RLINE(TITL,PMRAT,SEGMN,SECTN,PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,
C PIPE4,PIPE5,L,AREA,DIA,PIND,PCAP,LOPEND,LOPOLD,SPLIT,IUNIT)
C Reads fuel or lox file

C
C

C Common WORKIT

C

Variables in Argument List

```

C   AREA(75)          REAL*4      area of pipe section (ft^2)
C   DIA(75)           REAL*4      diameter of pipe section (ft)
C   IUNIT             INTEGER*2    unit number of current file (fuel or lox)
C   L(75)             REAL*4      length of pipe section (ft)
C   LOPEND            INTEGER*2    maximum number of iterations for split pipe
C   LOPOLD            INTEGER*2    previous value of LOPEND
C   PCAP(75)          REAL*4      capacitance of pipe section
C   PIND(75)          REAL*4      inductance of pipe section
C   PIPE1(75)         REAL*4      first parameter of pipe description
C   PIPE2(75)         REAL*4      second parameter of pipe description
C   PIPE3(75)         REAL*4      third parameter of pipe description
C   PIPE4(75)         REAL*4      fourth parameter of pipe description
C   PIPE5(75)         REAL*4      fifth parameter of pipe description
C   PMRAT             REAL*4      chamber pressure/total mass flow
C   SECTN(75)         INTEGER*2    pipe section types
C   SEGMN             INTEGER*2    number of pipe sections
C   SPLIT             REAL*4      number of lines from pipe split
C   TITL              CHAR*20     title from fuel or lox file
C
C   Local Variables
C   ANS               REAL*4      response to question
C   AREAB             REAL*4      intermediate variable
C   AVGK              REAL*4      average bulk modulus
C   DIME              REAL*4      intermediate variable
C   GRAV              REAL*4      gravitational constant (lbf-ft/lbf-sec^2)
C   I                 INTEGER*2    do loop index
C   PI                REAL*4      mathematical constant
C   VALUE             REAL*4      intermediate variable
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE SETPLT
C       Sets up the plot environment
C
C   Commons BLANK  NOCOL  WCAPAS
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,LEN,DIA)
C       Computes plot coordinates for a straight section
C
C   Common PIPXY
C       Variables in Argument List
C   DIA              REAL*4      diameter of segment (ft)
C   ITYPE(200)       INTEGER*2    type plot element
C   J                INTEGER*2    pointer to element
C   LEN              REAL*4      length of segment (ft)
C   POINT(8,200)     REAL*4      description of plot element
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE TSSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,LEN,DIA)
C       Computes plot coordinates for a tuned stub
C
C   Common PIPXY
C       Variables in Argument List

```

```

C   DIA                REAL*4      diameter of tuned stub (ft)
C   ITYPE(200)         INTEGER*2   type plot element
C   J                  INTEGER*2   pointer to element
C   LEN                REAL*4      length of tuned stub
C   POINT(8,200)       REAL*4      description of plot element
C                               Local Variables
C   DIAM               REAL*4      intermediate variable
C
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE UPPERW(X00,Y00,X11,Y11,ILOX,R)
C       Sets up upper plotting window
C
C   Commons BLANK  NOCOL  WCATIT
C                               Variables in Argument List
C   ILOX            INTEGER*2   flag indicating presence of lox line
C   R               CHAR*1      flag indicating fuel or lox
C   X00             REAL*4      minimum x value
C   X11             REAL*4      maximum x value
C   Y00             REAL*4      minimum y value
C   Y11             REAL*4      maximum y value
C                               Local Variables
C   ADDX            REAL*4      intermediate variable
C   ADDY            REAL*4      intermediate variable
C   COLS            INTEGER*2   number of text columns
C   DUMMY           INTEGER*2   intermediate variable
C   HALFY           REAL*4      intermediate variable
C   PICX            REAL*4      intermediate variable
C   PICY            REAL*4      intermediate variable
C   ROWS            INTEGER*2   number of text rows
C   S               CHAR*4      intermediate variable
C   XRANG           REAL*4      intermediate variable
C   XRAT            REAL*4      intermediate variable
C   XWIDTH          INTEGER*2   number of x pixels
C   X0              REAL*8      minimum x value
C   X1              REAL*8      maximum x value
C   YHEIGHT         INTEGER*2   number of y pixels
C   YRANG           REAL*4      intermediate variable
C   YRAT            REAL*4      intermediate variable
C   Y0              REAL*8      minimum y value
C   Y1              REAL*8      maximum y value
C
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE WINDLO(XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX)
C       Sets up gain window
C
C   Commons BLANK  NOCOL
C                               Variables in Argument List
C   XMAX            REAL*8      maximum x value
C   XMIN            REAL*8      minimum x value
C   YMAX            REAL*8      maximum y value
C   YMIN            REAL*8      minimum y value
C                               Local Variables

```

```

C COLS          INTEGER*2  number of text columns
C DUMMY          INTEGER*2  intermediate variable
C HALFY          INTEGER*2  intermediate variable
C ROWS           INTEGER*2  number of text rows
C XLEN           REAL*8     intermediate variable
C XMAXP          REAL*8     maximum x value
C XMINP          REAL*8     minimum x value
C XWIDTH         INTEGER*2  number of x pixels
C YHEIGHT        INTEGER*2  number of y pixels
C YLEN           REAL*8     intermediate variable
C YMAXP          REAL*8     maximum y value
C YMINP          REAL*8     minimum y value
C
C
C SUBROUTINE WINDUP(XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX)
C     Sets up phase angle window
C
C Commons BLANK NOCOL
C     Variables in Argument List
C XMAX           REAL*8     maximum x value
C XMIN           REAL*8     minimum x value
C YMAX           REAL*8     maximum y value
C YMIN           REAL*8     minimum y value
C     Local Variables
C COLS          INTEGER*2  number of text columns
C DUMMY          INTEGER*2  intermediate variable
C HALFY          INTEGER*2  intermediate variable
C ROWS           INTEGER*2  number of text rows
C XLEN           REAL*8     intermediate variable
C XMAXP          REAL*8     maximum x value
C XMINP          REAL*8     minimum x value
C XWIDTH         INTEGER*2  number of x pixels
C YHEIGHT        INTEGER*2  number of y pixels
C YLEN           REAL*8     intermediate variable
C YMAXP          REAL*8     maximum y value
C YMINP          REAL*8     minimum y value
C
C
C SUBROUTINE WORKFR(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,
C     VOLMF,PCHMB,DPROR)
C     Moves arguments from common /WORKIT/
C
C Common WORKIT
C     Variables in Argument List
C A              REAL*4     speed of sound in the fluid (ft/sec)
C CMAN           REAL*4     manifold capacitance
C CTANK          REAL*4     tank capacitance
C DENS           REAL*4     density of fluid (lbm/ft^3)
C DPROR          REAL*4     pressure drop across orifices (lbf/ft^2)
C KMAN           REAL*4     bulk modulus of manifold (lbf/ft^2)
C KTANK          REAL*4     bulk modulus of tank (lbf/ft^2)
C LFLOW          REAL*4     flow rate through pipe (lbm/sec)

```

```

C   PCHMB          REAL*4      chamber pressure (lbf/ft^2)
C   TFLOW          REAL*4      total flow rate of engine (lbm/sec)
C   VOL            REAL*4      volume of tank (ft^3)
C   VOLMF          REAL*4      volume of manifold (ft^3)
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE WORKTO(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,
C                     VOLMF,PCHMB,DPROR)
C       Moves arguments to common /WORKIT/
C
C   Common  WORKIT
C
C               Variables in Argument List
C   A          REAL*4      speed of sound in the fluid (ft/sec)
C   CMAN        REAL*4      manifold capacitance
C   CTANK       REAL*4      tank capacitance
C   DENS        REAL*4      density of fluid (lbm/ft^3)
C   DPROR       REAL*4      pressure drop across orifices (lbf/ft^2)
C   KMAN        REAL*4      bulk modulus of manifold (lbf/ft^2)
C   KTANK       REAL*4      bulk modulus of tank (lbf/ft^2)
C   LFLOW       REAL*4      flow rate through pipe (lbm/sec)
C   PCHMB       REAL*4      chamber pressure (lbf/ft^2)
C   TFLOW       REAL*4      total flow rate of engine (lbm/sec)
C   VOL         REAL*4      volume of tank (ft^3)
C   VOLMF       REAL*4      volume of manifold (ft^3)
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE ZREAD(NAME,VALUE)
C       Reads input for input modification
C
C               Variables in Argument List
C   NAME(8)     CHAR*1      name of input variable
C   VALUE       REAL*4      value of input variable
C
C               Local Variables
C   BLK         CHAR*1      ' '
C   CARD(80)    CHAR*1      card image
C   CEND(3)     CHAR*1      'E','N','D'
C   COMMA       CHAR*1      ','
C   CTIT(5)     CHAR*1      'T','I','T','L','E'
C   DCARD       CHAR*80     card image
C   E           CHAR*1      'E'
C   FRACT       REAL*4      fractional part of number
C   I           INTEGER*2   do loop index
C   ICOUNT      INTEGER*2   position counter
C   ID          INTEGER*2   position counter
C   II          INTEGER*2   position counter
C   J           INTEGER*2   do loop index
C   JJ          INTEGER*2   position counter
C   LE          CHAR*1      'e'
C   LEND(3)     CHAR*1      'e','n','d'
C   LTIT(5)     CHAR*1      't','i','t','l','e'
C   MINUS       CHAR*1      '-'
C   NUMBER(10)  CHAR*1      '0','1','2','3','4','5','6','7','8','9'

```

C	PERIOD	CHAR*1	'.'
C	PLUS	CHAR*1	'+'
C	POUND	CHAR*1	'#'
C	QUEST	CHAR*1	'?'
C	SIGN	REAL*4	sign of number or exponent
C	WHOLE	REAL*4	WHOLE PART OF NUMBER

C

\$LARGE

```

      INCLUDE 'FGRAPH.FI'
      INCLUDE 'FGRAPH.FD'
      COMMON /NOCOL/NCOLS,NMODE
      INTEGER*2 NCOLS,NMODE
      INTEGER*2 IHR,IMIN,ISEC,I100,IYR,IMON,IDAY
      CHARACTER*2 AM,PM,AP
      COMPLEX GF,GOX,S
      REAL K1R(1001),K2R(1001),K3R(1001),K1C(1001),K2C(1001),K3C(1001)
      REAL K4R(1001),K4C(1001),KW(1001)
      REAL PIPEA1(75),PIPEA2(75),PIPEA3(75),PIPEA4(75)
      REAL PIPEB1(75),PIPEB2(75),PIPEB3(75),PIPEB4(75)
      REAL LFREQ,TAUT,CSTAR,RBAR,THETAC,DCDR
      INTEGER SECTNA(75),SECTNB(75),SEGMNA,SEGMNB,PTS,CHOICE
      CHARACTER ANS*1
      CHARACTER*24 NAMLIN(2)
      CHARACTER*40 TITLE
      CHARACTER*20 TITLF
      CHARACTER*24 VARI
      COMMON /WCATIT/TITLE,TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IYR,IMON,IDAY
      COMMON /WCAOUT/NAMLIN,IUNIT
      COMMON /FACTOR/SFAC
      DATA AM/'AM'/,PM/'PM'/
      DATA IFUEL/0/,ILOX/0/
1  FORMAT(E15.6)
2  FORMAT(I5,4E15.6)
3  FORMAT(1P4E15.6)
4  FORMAT(1PE13.5,E12.5,E12.5)
5  FORMAT('/      FREQ',8X,'FREQ-NORM',9X,'REALS',11X,'IMAGINARY'/)
8  FORMAT(I5,1P3E15.6)
9  FORMAT(E11.4,E11.4)
10 FORMAT(A20,1X,I2.2,':',I2.2,A2,4X,I2.2,'-',I2.2,'-',I2.2)
      CALL GETTIM(IHR,IMIN,ISEC,I100)
      CALL GETDAT(IYR,IMON,IDAY)
      IYR=IYR-1900
      CALL CLEARSCREEN(0)
      WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*'|-----|'
      WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*'|-----|'
      IF(IHR.LT.12) THEN
          WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*'|-----|'
          Good Morning and Welcome to NYQ!!
*'|-----|'
          AP=AM
      ELSE

```

```

WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*' | Good Afternoon and Welcome to NYQ!! |
  AP=PM
  IF(IHR.GT.12) IHR=IHR-12
ENDIF
WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*' | |
WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*' | Program NYQ provides stability predictions |
WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*' | of feedline systems |
WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*' | |
WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*' | To send a plot to the printer |
WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*' | |
WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*' | The computer MUST be in GRAPHICS mode |
WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*' | |
WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*' | Hit PrScn to send the current plot to the printer |
WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*' | |
WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*' |_____|
WRITE(*,*)' '
SFAC=1.0
WRITE(*,*)' If you want frequency in rad/sec, hit enter.'
WRITE(*,'(A\\)')' If you want it in Hertz, enter "H". '
READ(*,'(A)')ANS
IF(ANS.EQ.'H'.OR.ANS.EQ.'h') SFAC=6.283185
20 CONTINUE
OPEN(UNIT=13,FILE='CONST.DAT')
WRITE(*,'(A\\)')' Do you have FUEL data? '
READ(*,'(A)')ANS
IF(ANS.EQ.'N'.OR.ANS.EQ.'n') THEN
  IFUEL=1
ELSE
  IGONE=2
  CALL FUEL(S,GF,PIPEA1,PIPEA2,PIPEA3,PIPEA4,SEGMNA,SECTNA,IGONE)
ENDIF
WRITE(*,'(A\\)')' Do you have LOX data? '
READ(*,'(A)')ANS
IF(ANS.EQ.'N'.OR.ANS.EQ.'n') THEN
  ILOX=1
ELSE
  IGONE=2
  CALL LOX(S,GOX,PIPEB1,PIPEB2,PIPEB3,PIPEB4,SEGMNB,SECTNB,IGONE)
ENDIF
IGONE=0

```

C THIS SECTION COMPUTES THE NEW ADMITTANCE OVER VARYING FREQUENCIES.

```
95 CONTINUE
  WRITE(*,*)' Enter 20 character title'
  READ(*,'(A)')TITLF
  WRITE(TITLE,10)TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IMON,IDAY,IYR
  WRITE(*,*)' Are the following variables in a file? (Y/N) '
  WRITE(*,*)'
  WRITE(*,*)'          VARIABLES      '
  WRITE(*,*)' TRANSPORT LAG'
  WRITE(*,*)' CHARACTERISTIC ROCKET VELOCITY'
  WRITE(*,*)' MIXTURE RATIO '
  WRITE(*,*)' CHARACTERISTIC TIME CONSTANT '
  WRITE(*,*)' CHANGE IN VELOCITY WITH MIXTURE RATIO '
  WRITE(*,*)'
  READ(*,'(A)')ANS
  IF(ANS.EQ. 'N' .OR. ANS.EQ. 'n') THEN
101 CONTINUE
    WRITE(*,*)'Enter values for VARIABLES as listed above.'
    READ(*,*,ERR=100)TAUT,CSTAR,RBAR,THETAC,DCDR
    GOTO 102
100 CONTINUE
    WRITE(*,*)' Enter numeric values only. Please try again !!'
    GOTO 101
102 CONTINUE
  WRITE(13,*)TAUT
  WRITE(13,*)CSTAR
  WRITE(13,*)RBAR
  WRITE(13,*)THETAC
  WRITE(13,*)DCDR
  WRITE(13,*)'          VARIABLES      '
  WRITE(13,*)' TAUT          = ',TAUT
  WRITE(13,*)' CSTAR        = ',CSTAR
  WRITE(13,*)' RBAR         = ',RBAR
  WRITE(13,*)' THETAC       = ',THETAC
  WRITE(13,*)' DCDR         = ',DCDR
  ELSE
  WRITE(*,*)'Is the name of the file CONST.DAT? (Y/N) '
  READ(*,'(A)')ANS
  IF(ANS.EQ. 'N' .OR. ANS.EQ. 'n') THEN
    WRITE(*,'(A\\)')' Enter name of file with VARIABLES data '
    READ(*,'(A)')VARI
    OPEN(UNIT=13,FILE=VARI)
  ENDIF
  REWIND 13
  READ(13,*)TAUT
  READ(13,*)CSTAR
  READ(13,*)RBAR
  READ(13,*)THETAC
  READ(13,*)DCDR
  ENDIF
27 CONTINUE
201 CONTINUE
```



```

IF(SFAC.EQ.1.0) THEN
  WRITE(*,*)' Enter range of frequencies in rad/sec '
ELSE
  WRITE(*,*)' Enter range of frequencies in Hertz '
ENDIF
WRITE(*,*)' Low freq=1 high freq=2 #pts=10'
WRITE(*,*)' 1001 = Maximum number of points'
READ(*,*,ERR=200)LFREQ,HFREQ,PTS
IF(LFREQ.LE.0.0) LFREQ=1.0E-5
IF(PTS.LE.1) GO TO 30
GO TO 202
200 CONTINUE
  WRITE(*,*)' Enter numeric values only. Please try again !!'
  GO TO 201
202 CONTINUE
C THIS SECTION CALCULATES THE ADMITTANCES FOR FUEL AND LOX, THEN
C CALCULATES THE COMPLEX K(JW) IN THE "PREDICTION OF THE LINEAR
C STABILITY BEHAVIOR OF LIQUID PROPELLANT PROPULSION SYSTEMS",
C VOLUME 1, PAGE 47.
C
  NPTS=PTS/3
  IF(NPTS.GT.1) THEN
    SSIZE1=0.1*(HFREQ-LFREQ)/(NPTS-1)
    SSIZE2=0.3*(HFREQ-LFREQ)/NPTS
    IF(3*NPTS.EQ.PTS) THEN
      SSIZE3=0.6*(HFREQ-LFREQ)/NPTS
    ELSEIF(3*NPTS.EQ.PTS-1) THEN
      SSIZE3=0.6*(HFREQ-LFREQ)/(NPTS+1)
    ELSEIF(3*NPTS.EQ.PTS-2) THEN
      SSIZE3=0.6*(HFREQ-LFREQ)/(NPTS+2)
    ENDIF
  ELSE
    SSIZE1=(HFREQ-LFREQ)/(PTS-1)
    NPTS=PTS
  ENDIF
C PLOT FUEL PIPE LAYOUT ON SCREEN 1
  CALL SETPLT
  IF(IFUEL.EQ.0) CALL PIPLOT(SEGMNA,SECTNA,PIPEA1,PIPEA2,
* PIPEA3,PIPEA4,ILOX,'A')
  IF(ILOX.EQ.0) CALL PIPLOT(SEGMNB,SECTNB,PIPEB1,PIPEB2,
* PIPEB3,PIPEB4,ILOX,'B')
  CALL clearscreen(0)
  WRITE(*,*)' Please wait while computations proceed. '
  W=LFREQ
  DO 29 K=1,PTS
    IF(K.LE.NPTS) THEN
      IF(K.GT.1) W=W+SSIZE1
    ELSEIF(K.GT.2*NPTS) THEN
      W=W+SSIZE3
    ELSE
      W=W+SSIZE2
    ENDIF
  
```

```

      IF(K.EQ.PTS) THEN
        W=HFREQ
      ENDIF
      KW(K)=W
      S=CMPLX(0.0,SFAC*W)
      IF(IFUEL.EQ.0) CALL FUEL(S,GF,PIPEA1,PIPEA2,PIPEA3,PIPEA4,
*                               SEGMNA,SECTNA,IGONE)
      IF(ILOX.EQ.0) CALL LOX(S,GOX,PIPEB1,PIPEB2,PIPEB3,PIPEB4,
*                               SEGMNB,SECTNB,IGONE)
      CALL NYQUIS(GF,GOX,S,TAUT,CSTAR,RBAR,DCDR,THETAC,K,K1R,K2R,K3R,
* K4R,K1C,K2C,K3C,K4C,IFUEL,ILOX)
29  CONTINUE
81  CONTINUE
      WRITE(*,*)' Enter graph selection '
      WRITE(*,*)' '
      WRITE(*,*)' 1 Nyquist plot independent of fuel or lox. '
      IF(ILOX.EQ.0)
* WRITE(*,*)' 2 Nyquist plot independent of fuel.'
      IF(IFUEL.EQ.0)
* WRITE(*,*)' 3 Nyquist plot independent of lox.'
      IF(ILOX.EQ.0.AND.IFUEL.EQ.0)
* WRITE(*,*)' 4 Nyquist plot with fuel and lox.'
      WRITE(*,*)' 5 Phase-Gain plot independent of fuel or lox. '
      IF(ILOX.EQ.0)
* WRITE(*,*)' 6 Phase-Gain plot independent of fuel.'
      IF(IFUEL.EQ.0)
* WRITE(*,*)' 7 Phase-Gain plot independent of lox.'
      IF(ILOX.EQ.0.AND.IFUEL.EQ.0)
* WRITE(*,*)' 8 Phase-Gain plot with fuel and lox.'
      WRITE(*,*)' 9 End plots.'
      WRITE(*,*)' '
      READ(*,*)CHOICE
      IF(CHOICE.EQ.9) GO TO 30
      IF(CHOICE.LT.1.OR.CHOICE.GT.8) THEN
        WRITE(*,*)' Number must be between 1 and 9, TRY AGAIN'
        GO TO 81
      ENDIF
      IF(ILOX.EQ.1) THEN
        IF(MOD(CHOICE,2).EQ.0) THEN
          WRITE(*,*)' No LOX file, do not use 2,4,6,8'
          GO TO 81
        ENDIF
      ENDIF
      IF(IFUEL.EQ.1) THEN
        IF(CHOICE.EQ.3.OR.CHOICE.EQ.4.OR.CHOICE.GE.7) THEN
          WRITE(*,*)' No FUEL file, do not use 3,4,7,8'
          GO TO 81
        ENDIF
      ENDIF
      CALL SETPLT
      CALL GETTIM(IHR,IMIN,ISEC,I100)
      CALL GETDAT(IYR,IMON,IDAY)

```

```

IYR=IYR-1900
IF(IHR.LT.12) THEN
  AP=AM
ELSE
  AP=PM
  IF(IHR.GT.12) IHR=IHR-12
ENDIF
IF(CHOICE.EQ.1) CALL ALLPT(K1R,K1C,PTS,1)
IF(CHOICE.EQ.2) CALL ALLPT(K2R,K2C,PTS,2)
IF(CHOICE.EQ.3) CALL ALLPT(K3R,K3C,PTS,3)
IF(CHOICE.EQ.4) CALL ALLPT(K4R,K4C,PTS,4)
IF(CHOICE.EQ.5) CALL PNYQ(K1R,K1C,KW,PTS,1)
IF(CHOICE.EQ.6) CALL PNYQ(K2R,K2C,KW,PTS,2)
IF(CHOICE.EQ.7) CALL PNYQ(K3R,K3C,KW,PTS,3)
IF(CHOICE.EQ.8) CALL PNYQ(K4R,K4C,KW,PTS,4)
CALL ENDPLT
GO TO 81
30 CONTINUE
WRITE(*,*) ' Enter E to exit, '
WRITE(*,*) '       F to run new frequency range, '
WRITE(*,*) '       C to run a new case, '
WRITE(*,*(A\)) '       N to read new files. '
READ(*,*(A))ANS
IF(ANS.EQ.'F'.OR.ANS.EQ.'f') GO TO 27
IF(ANS.EQ.'E'.OR.ANS.EQ.'e') STOP
IF(ANS.EQ.'C'.OR.ANS.EQ.'c') THEN
  IF(IFUEL.EQ.0) THEN
    IGONE=1
    CALL FUEL(S,GF,PIPEA1,PIPEA2,PIPEA3,PIPEA4,SEGMNA,SECTNA,IGONE)
  ENDIF
  IF(ILOX.EQ.0) THEN
    IGONE=1
    CALL LOX(S,GOX,PIPEB1,PIPEB2,PIPEB3,PIPEB4,SEGMNB,SECTNB,IGONE)
  ENDIF
  IGONE=0
  GO TO 95
ENDIF
IF(ANS.EQ.'N'.OR.ANS.EQ.'n') THEN
  IFUEL=0
  ILOX=0
  GO TO 20
ENDIF
WRITE(*,*) ' You did not enter E, F, C, or N. Try again. '
GO TO 30
END
SUBROUTINE ADMIT(S,GADM,A,AREA,CMAN,CTANK,DPROR,L,LFLOW,PMRAT,
*          SEGMN,SECTN,SPLIT,LOPEND,PCAP,PIND)
C    determines admittance looking toward tank
CHARACTER*40 TITLE
CHARACTER*20 TITLF
INTEGER*2 IHR,IMIN,IYR,IMON,IDAY
CHARACTER*2 AP

```

```

COMMON /WCATIT/TITLE,TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IYR,IMON,IDAY
INTEGER SEGMN,SECTN(75)
REAL AREA(75),PCAP(75),PIND(75),L(75),LFLOW,ZO(75)
COMPLEX G(0:75),ZT(0:75),ZG(75),GOLD(0:75),GADM,S,G1,ZGEFF,ZOEFF
COMPLEX CTANH,RHS,CFAC,CAPN,CAPM
DATA GRAV/32.2/
ZTOP=A/(GRAV*PMRAT)
ZOR=2.0*DPROR/(LFLOW*PMRAT)
GOLD(0)=0.0
DO 26 I=1,SEGMN
  GOLD(I)=0.0
  IF(SECTN(I).LE.1.OR.SECTN(I).EQ.9) THEN
    ZO(I)=ZTOP/AREA(I)
  ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.2) THEN
    ZO(I)=ZTOP/AREA(I)
  ELSE
    ZO(I)=SQRT(PIND(I)/PCAP(I))
  ENDIF
26 CONTINUE
G(0)=CTANK*PMRAT*S
G(0)=G(0)/SPLIT
ZT(0)=1.0/G(0)
DO 281 KLOOP=1,LOPEND
  G1=G(0)+1.0
  DO 27 I=1,SEGMN
    ZGEFF=G(I-1)
    IF(SECTN(I).LE.1.OR.SECTN(I).EQ.9) THEN
C      BEND IN PIPE OR STRAIGHT SECTION
      TL=L(I)/A
      IF(KLOOP.NE.1.AND.SECTN(I).EQ.9) THEN
        ZGEFF=G(I-1)+(SPLIT-1.0)/ZG(I-1)
      ENDIF
      G(I)=(1.0+CTANH(S*TL)/(ZGEFF*ZO(I)))/(1.0+ZGEFF*ZO(I)*
*      CTANH(S*TL))
    ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.2) THEN
C      INLINE RESONATOR ACCUMULATOR
      G(I)=1.0+PCAP(I)*S/ZGEFF
    ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.3) THEN
C      TUNED STUB ACCUMULATOR
      G(I)=1.0+CTANH(S*SQRT(PIND(I)*PCAP(I)))/(ZO(I)*ZGEFF)
    ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.4) THEN
C      HELMHOLTZ RESONATOR ACCUMULATOR
      G(I)=1.0+S*PCAP(I)/(1.0+PIND(I)*PCAP(I)*S**2)/ZGEFF
    ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.5) THEN
C      PARALLEL RESONATOR ACCUMULATOR
      G(I)=PIND(I)*PCAP(I)*S**2+1.0
      G(I)=G(I)/(G(I)+PIND(I)*S*ZGEFF)
    ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.6) THEN
C      PUMP
      G(I)=(1.0+PCAP(I)*S/ZGEFF)/(1.0+(PIND(I)*S+AREA(I))*
*      (PCAP(I)*S+ZGEFF))
  ENDIF

```

```

      G(I)=G(I)*ZGEFF
      G1=G1*G(I)
      ZT(I)=1.0/G(I)
27  CONTINUE
      G(SEGMN+1)=1.0+CMAN*PMRAT*S/G(SEGMN)
      G1=G1*G(SEGMN+1)
      G(SEGMN+1)=G(SEGMN+1)*G(SEGMN)
      G(SEGMN+2)=1.0/(1.0+ZOR*G(SEGMN+1))
      G1=G1*G(SEGMN+2)
      G(SEGMN+2)=G(SEGMN+2)*G(SEGMN+1)
      IF(LOPEND.EQ.1) GO TO 281
      ZG(SEGMN)=ZOR/(ZOR*CMAN*PMRAT*S+1.0)
      IF(SEGMN.NE.1) THEN
        DO 271 I=SEGMN-1,1,-1
          ZGEFF=ZG(I+1)
          ZOEFF=ZO(I+1)
          IF(SECTN(I+1).LE.1.OR.SECTN(I+1).EQ.9) THEN
C            BEND IN PIPE OR STRAIGHT SECTION
            TL=(L(I)+L(I+1))/A
            CAPN=(ZOEFF-ZT(I-1))/(ZOEFF+ZT(I-1))
            CAPM=(ZOEFF-ZGEFF)/(ZOEFF+ZGEFF)
            CFAC=CEXP(-2.0*S*TL)
            RHS=(ZOEFF+ZGEFF)*(1.0-CAPN*CAPM*CFAC)*CEXP(S*L(I+1)/A)
            CFAC=CAPN*CFAC*CEXP(2.0*S*L(I+1)/A)
            ZG(I)=(RHS-ZOEFF*(1.0-CFAC))/(1.0+CFAC)
            IF(SECTN(I+1).EQ.9) THEN
              ZG(I)=ZG(I)/SPLIT
            ENDIF
          ELSEIF(SECTN(I+1).EQ.2) THEN
C            INLINE RESONATOR ACCUMULATOR
            ZG(I)=ZGEFF/(ZGEFF*PCAP(I+1)*S+1.0)
          ELSEIF(SECTN(I+1).EQ.3) THEN
C            TUNED STUB ACCUMULATOR
            ZG(I)=ZOEFF/CTANH(S*SQRT(PIND(I+1)*PCAP(I+1)))
            ZG(I)=(ZG(I)*ZGEFF)/(ZG(I)+ZGEFF)
          ELSEIF(SECTN(I+1).EQ.4) THEN
C            HELMHOLTZ RESONATOR ACCUMULATOR
            ZG(I)=(1.0+PIND(I+1)*PCAP(I+1)*S**2)/(PCAP(I+1)*S)
            ZG(I)=(ZG(I)*ZGEFF)/(ZG(I)+ZGEFF)
          ELSEIF(SECTN(I+1).EQ.5) THEN
C            PARALLEL RESONATOR ACCUMULATOR
            ZG(I)=ZGEFF+PIND(I+1)*S/(PIND(I+1)*PCAP(I+1)*S**2+1.0)
          ELSEIF(SECTN(I+1).EQ.6) THEN
C            PUMP
            ZG(I)=ZGEFF+PIND(I+1)*S-AREA(I+1)
            ZG(I)=ZG(I)/(1.0+ZG(I)*PCAP(I+1)*S)
          ENDIF
        271 CONTINUE
      ENDIF
      IF(KLOOP.EQ.1) GO TO 281
      ERRP=0.0
      DO 272 I=1,SEGMN

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        GDIF=SQRT((REAL(G(I))-REAL(GOLD(I)))*2+(AIMAG(G(I))-
*      AIMAG(GOLD(I)))*2)
        IF(GDIF.GT.ERRP) ERRP=GDIF
272 CONTINUE
        IF(ERRP.LT.0.001) GO TO 282
281 CONTINUE
        IF(LOPEND.EQ.1) GO TO 282
        IF(IOPEN.EQ.0) THEN
            OPEN(UNIT=14,FILE='SURF.ERR')
            WRITE(14,*)' '
            WRITE(14,*)' '
            WRITE(14,*)TITLE
            WRITE(14,*)' '
            IOPEN=1
        ENDIF
        WRITE(14,(' ' jw =' ',F8.1,' ' after'',I3,' ' iterations'',
*      ' ' has error of'',F8.3,'% '''))
*      AIMAG(S),LOPEND,100.0*ERRP
282 CONTINUE
        GADM=G(SEGMN+2)
        RETURN
    END
    SUBROUTINE ALLPT(WHOLD,GHOLD,PTS,ITYPE)
C      Supervises Nyquist plot
        INCLUDE 'FGRAPH.FD'
        RECORD/WXYCOORD/XY
        INTEGER*2 DUMWIL
        REAL WHOLD(1001),GHOLD(1001)
        REAL*8 RMIN,RMAX,IMMIN,IMAX
        REAL*8 X,Y
        INTEGER PTS
        RMAX=WHOLD(1)
        RMIN=WHOLD(1)
        IMAX=GHOLD(1)
        IMMIN=GHOLD(1)
        DO 21 I=2,PTS
            IF(WHOLD(I).GT.RMAX) RMAX=WHOLD(I)
            IF(WHOLD(I).LT.RMIN) RMIN=WHOLD(I)
            IF(GHOLD(I).GT.IMAX) IMAX=GHOLD(I)
            IF(GHOLD(I).LT.IMMIN) IMMIN=GHOLD(I)
21 CONTINUE
        CALL LOWERW(RMIN,RMAX,IMAX,IMMIN)
        CALL NICEGRF(RMIN,RMAX,IMAX,IMMIN,ITYPE)
        CALL SETLINESTYLE(62268)
        X=0.0
        Y=IMMIN
        CALL MOVETO_W(X,Y,XY)
        Y=IMAX
        DUMWIL=LINETO_W(X,Y)
        Y=0.0
        X=RMIN
        CALL MOVETO_W(X,Y,XY)

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X=RMAX
DUMWIL=LINETO_W(X,Y)
CALL SETLINESTYLE(65535)
X=WHOLD(1)
Y=GHOLD(1)
CALL MOVETO_W(X,Y,XY)
DO 25 I=2,PTS
  X=WHOLD(I)
  Y=GHOLD(I)
  DUMWIL=LINETO_W(X,Y)
25 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE BENDS(PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,PIPE4,VALUE,DIME)
C   Computes effective straight pipe for bend
REAL LBEND,INRAD,INERT,LPRME,NEWLN
BENDR=0.0174533*ABS(PIPE2)
LBEND=PIPE1*BENDR
ARBND=0.785398*PIPE3**2
INRAD=PIPE1-0.5*PIPE3
OTRAD=PIPE1+0.5*PIPE3
RATIO=INRAD/OTRAD
X=RATIO
CALL GINERT(ABS(PIPE2),X,Y)
INERT=(Y*(OTRAD-INRAD))/ARBND
LPRME=LBEND/ARBND
NEWLN=LPRME+INERT
GAMMA=NEWLN/LPRME
VALUE=GAMMA*(LBEND+2.0*PIPE4)
AREAB=ARBND/SQRT(GAMMA)
DIME=2.0*SQRT(AREAB/3.1415927)
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE BNSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,PIPE4)
C   Computes plot coordinates for a bend
COMMON /PIPPXY/X,XH,XL,Y,YH,YL,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,SINA,COSA
COMMON /ARCCON/XC,YC,RAD,ANG,ANGLE
REAL POINT(8,200)
INTEGER*2 ITYPE(200)
C   BEND
C   FIRST STRAIGHT SECTION OF BEND
IF(PIPE4.NE.0.0) CALL STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PIPE4,PIPE3)
C   CURVED SECTION OF BEND
IF(PIPE2.GE.0.0) THEN
  XC=X-SINA*PIPE1
  YC=Y+COXA*PIPE1
  DIA= 0.5
ELSE
  XC=X+SINA*PIPE1
  YC=Y-COSA*PIPE1
  DIA=-0.5
ENDIF

```

```

J=J+1
ITYPE(J)=0
POINT(1,J)=XC
POINT(2,J)=YC
POINT(3,J)=ANG
ANG=ANG+0.01745329*PIPE2
ANGLE=ANGLE+0.5*PIPE2
RANG=0.01745329*ANGLE
COSA=COS(RANG)
SINA=SIN(RANG)
RAD=PIPE1-DIA*PIPE3
POINT(4,J)=ANG
POINT(5,J)=RAD
X0=XC-RAD
Y0=YC+RAD
X1=XC+RAD
Y1=YC-RAD
X2=XH
Y2=YH
SLENTH=2.0*RAD*SIN(0.00872665*ABS(PIPE2))
XH=X2+COSA*SLENTH
YH=Y2+SINA*SLENTH
X3=XH
Y3=YH
IF(DIA.LT.0.0) THEN
  HOLD=X2
  X2=X3
  X3=HOLD
  HOLD=Y2
  Y2=Y3
  Y3=HOLD
ENDIF
RAD=PIPE1+DIA*PIPE3
X0=XC-RAD
Y0=YC+RAD
X1=XC+RAD
Y1=YC-RAD
X2=XL
Y2=YL
SLENTH=2.0*RAD*SIN(0.00872665*ABS(PIPE2))
XL=X2+COSA*SLENTH
YL=Y2+SINA*SLENTH
X3=XL
Y3=YL
IF(DIA.LT.0.0) THEN
  HOLD=X2
  X2=X3
  X3=HOLD
  HOLD=Y2
  Y2=Y3
  Y3=HOLD
ENDIF

```



```

J=J+1
ITYPE(J)=0
POINT(1,J)=POINT(1,J-1)
POINT(2,J)=POINT(2,J-1)
POINT(3,J)=POINT(3,J-1)
POINT(4,J)=POINT(4,J-1)
POINT(5,J)=RAD
SLENTH=2.0*PIPE1*SIN(0.00872665*ABS(PIPE2))
X=X+COXA*SLENTH
Y=Y+SINA*SLENTH
XMIN=AMIN1(X,XL,XH,XMIN)
XMAX=AMAX1(X,XL,XH,XMAX)
YMIN=AMIN1(Y,YL,YH,YMIN)
YMAX=AMAX1(Y,YL,YH,YMAX)
C      LAST STRAIGHT SECTION OF BEND
ANGLE=ANGLE+0.5*PIPE2
RANG=0.01745329*ANGLE
COXA=COS(RANG)
SINA=SIN(RANG)
J=J+1
ITYPE(J)=1
POINT(1,J)=XH
POINT(2,J)=YH
POINT(3,J)=XL
POINT(4,J)=YL
X=X+COXA*PIPE4
XH=X-0.5*SINA*PIPE3
XL=X+0.5*SINA*PIPE3
Y=Y+SINA*PIPE4
YH=Y+0.5*COXA*PIPE3
YL=Y-0.5*COXA*PIPE3
POINT(5,J)=XH
POINT(6,J)=YH
POINT(7,J)=XL
POINT(8,J)=YL
XMIN=AMIN1(X,XL,XH,XMIN)
XMAX=AMAX1(X,XL,XH,XMAX)
YMIN=AMIN1(Y,YL,YH,YMIN)
YMAX=AMAX1(Y,YL,YH,YMAX)
RETURN
END
C      COMPLEX FUNCTION CCOSH(S)
      Evaluates the complex hyperbolic cosine
COMPLEX S
REAL LAMDA, MU
LAMDA=REAL(S)
MU=AIMAG(S)
COSHR=COSH(LAMDA)*COS(MU)
COSHI=SINH(LAMDA)*SIN(MU)
CCOSH=CMPLX(COSHR,COSHI)
RETURN
END

```

```

COMPLEX FUNCTION CSINH(S)
C   Evaluates the complex hyperbolic sine
COMPLEX S
REAL LAMDA, MU
LAMDA=REAL(S)
MU=AIMAG(S)
SINHR=SINH(LAMDA)*COS(MU)
SINHI=COSH(LAMDA)*SIN(MU)
CSINH=CMPLX(SINHR,SINHI)
RETURN
END
COMPLEX FUNCTION CTANH(S)
C   Evaluates the complex hyperbolic tangent
COMPLEX CCOSH,CSINH,S
CTANH=CSINH(S)/CCOSH(S)
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE CURV(A1,A2)
C   Draws circular arc
INCLUDE 'FGRAPH.FD'
RECORD/WXYCOORD/XY
INTEGER*2 DUMWIL
COMMON /ARCCON/XC,YC,RAD,ANG,ANGLE
REAL*8 XP,YP,A1,A2
ANG1=A1
ANG2=A2
DTH=ANG2-ANG1
IF(DTH.LT.0.0) DTH=6.283185+DTH
N=57.29578*DTH
DA=DTH/(N-1)
XP=XC+RAD*SIN(ANG1)
YP=YC-RAD*COS(ANG1)
CALL MOVETO_W(XP,YP,XY)
DO 21 I=1,N-1
T=ANG1+I*DA
XP=XC+RAD*SIN(T)
YP=YC-RAD*COS(T)
DUMWIL=LINETO_W(XP,YP)
21 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE ENDPLT
C   Closes plot routines
INCLUDE 'FGRAPH.FD'
INTEGER*2 dummy
READ (*,*) ! Wait for ENTER key to be pressed
dummy = setvideomode( $DEFAULTMODE )
RETURN
END
LOGICAL FUNCTION fourcolors()
C   Determines type of graphics monitor
INCLUDE 'FGRAPH.FD'

```

```

INTEGER*2          dummy
RECORD /videoconfig/ screen
COMMON             screen

C
C   Set to maximum number of available colors.
C

CALL getvideoconfig( screen )
SELECT CASE( screen.adapter )
  CASE( $CGA, $OCGA )
    dummy = setvideomode( $MRES4COLOR )
  CASE( $EGA, $OEGA )
    dummy = setvideomode( $ERESCOLOR )
  CASE( $VGA, $OVGA )
    dummy = setvideomode( $VRES16COLOR )
  CASE DEFAULT
    dummy = 0
END SELECT
CALL getvideoconfig( screen )
fourcolors = .TRUE.
IF( dummy .EQ. 0 ) fourcolors = .FALSE.
END

SUBROUTINE FUEL(S,GF,PIPEA1,PIPEA2,PIPEA3,PIPEA4,SEGMNA,SECTNA,
*          IGONE)
C   Handles fuel piping logic
COMMON /WORKIT/WORK(12)
COMPLEX GF,S
REAL AREA(75),DIA(75),L(75),KMAN,PIND(75),PCAP(75)
REAL DENS,A,LFLOW,KTANK,CMAN,CTANK,VOL,VOLMF
REAL PIPEA1(75),PIPEA2(75),PIPEA3(75),PIPEA4(75),PIPEA5(75)
INTEGER SEGMNA,SECTNA(75),SECTA
CHARACTER*24 FUELIN,NAMLIN(2)
COMMON /WCAOUT/NAMLIN,IUNIT
CHARACTER*20 TITLF
CHARACTER*1 ANS
DATA ISTRT/0/
1 FORMAT(E15.6)
2 FORMAT(I5,4E15.6)
IMORE=0
IF(IGONE.EQ.2) THEN
  WRITE(*,'(A\)' ) ' Is fuel line data in a file? (Y/N) '
  READ(*,'(A\)' )ANS
  IF(ANS.NE.'N'.AND.ANS.NE.'n') THEN
    WRITE(*,'(A\)' ) ' Is the file name FUEL.INP? (Y/N) '
    READ(*,'(A\)' )ANS
    IF(ANS.NE.'N'.AND.ANS.NE.'n') THEN
      OPEN(UNIT=11,FILE='FUEL.INP')
      NAMLIN(1)='FUEL.INP'
    ELSE
      WRITE(*,'(A\)' ) ' Enter name of file with fuel line data '
      READ(*,'(A\)' )FUELIN
      OPEN(11,FILE=FUELIN)
      NAMLIN(1)=FUELIN
    END IF
  END IF
END IF

```

```

        ENDIF
        IMORE=1
    ENDIF
    IGONE=0
ENDIF
65 CONTINUE
IF(ISTRT .EQ.0.AND. IGONE.EQ.0) THEN
    ISTRT=1
    IF(IMORE.EQ.1) GO TO 66
    CALL WORKTO(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*       PCHMB,DPROR)
    CALL MODIFY(AREA,DIA,L,PIPEA1,PIPEA2,PIPEA3,PIPEA4,PIPEA5,
*       SECTNA,SEGMNA,SECTA,PIND,PCAP,LOPEND,LOPOLD,SPLIT,PMRAT,'A')
    CALL WORKFR(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*       PCHMB,DPROR)
    IF(IUNIT.EQ.0) THEN
        WRITE(*,*)' You do not have any data stored, please re-read'
        WRITE(*,*)' the questions and answer carefully.'
        ISTRT=0
        WRITE(*,*)' '
        GOTO 65
    ENDIF
    REWIND 11
66 CONTINUE
    CALL WORKTO(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*       PCHMB,DPROR)
    CALL RLINE(TITLF,PMRAT,SEGMNA,SECTNA,PIPEA1,PIPEA2,
*       PIPEA3,PIPEA4,PIPEA5,L,AREA,DIA,PIND,PCAP,LOPEND,LOPOLD,
*       SPLIT,11)
    CALL WORKFR(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*       PCHMB,DPROR)
    WRITE(*,*)' For changes in fuel line data enter Y,'
    WRITE(*, '(A\'))' if not, press enter key.'
    READ(*, '(A\'))ANS
    WRITE(*,*)' '
    IF(ANS .EQ. 'Y' .OR. ANS .EQ. 'y') THEN
        CALL WORKTO(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*       PCHMB,DPROR)
        CALL MODIFY(AREA,DIA,L,PIPEA1,PIPEA2,PIPEA3,PIPEA4,PIPEA5,
*       SECTNA,SEGMNA,SECTA,PIND,PCAP,LOPEND,LOPOLD,SPLIT,PMRAT,'A')
        CALL WORKFR(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*       PCHMB,DPROR)
    ENDIF
    RETURN
ELSEIF(ISTRT .EQ. 1.AND. IGONE .EQ.0) THEN
    CALL ADMIT(S,GF,A,AREA,CMAN,CTANK,DPROR,L,LFLOW,PMRAT,SEGMNA,
*       SECTNA,SPLIT,LOPEND,PCAP,PIND)
    RETURN
ELSEIF(ISTRT .EQ. 1 .AND. IGONE .EQ. 1) THEN
    WRITE(*, '(A\'))' Do you wish to modify current fuel line data? '
    READ(*, '(A\'))ANS
    IF(ANS .EQ. 'Y' .OR. ANS .EQ. 'y') THEN

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```

      CALL WORKTO(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*       PCHMB,DPROR)
      CALL MODIFY(AREA,DIA,L,PIPEA1,PIPEA2,PIPEA3,PIPEA4,PIPEA5,
*       SECTNA,SEGMNA,SECTA,PIND,PCAP,LOPEND,LOPOLD,SPLIT,PMRAT,'A')
      CALL WORKFR(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*       PCHMB,DPROR)
    ELSE
      WRITE(*,'(A\))') ' Do you wish to rewind fuel line file? '
      READ(*,'(A)')ANS
      IF(ANS .EQ. 'Y' .OR. ANS .EQ. 'y') REWIND 11
      CALL WORKTO(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*       PCHMB,DPROR)
      CALL RLINE(TITLF,PMRAT,SEGMNA,SECTNA,PIPEA1,PIPEA2,
*       PIPEA3,PIPEA4,PIPEA5,L,AREA,DIA,PIND,PCAP,LOPEND,LOPOLD,
*       SPLIT,11)
      CALL WORKFR(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*       PCHMB,DPROR)
      WRITE(*,*) ' For changes in fuel line data enter Y,'
      WRITE(*,'(A\))') ' if not, press enter key.'
      READ(*,'(A)')ANS
      WRITE(*,*) ' '
      IF(ANS .EQ. 'Y' .OR. ANS .EQ. 'y') THEN
        CALL WORKTO(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*       PCHMB,DPROR)
        CALL MODIFY(AREA,DIA,L,PIPEA1,PIPEA2,PIPEA3,PIPEA4,PIPEA5,
*       SECTNA,SEGMNA,SECTA,PIND,PCAP,LOPEND,LOPOLD,SPLIT,PMRAT,'A')
        CALL WORKFR(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*       PCHMB,DPROR)
      ENDIF
    ENDIF
  ENDIF
  IGONE=0
ENDIF
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE GINERT(BEND,X,Y)
C   Evaluates curve fit of inertance of bends
  DIMENSION B(3)
  DATA B/0.0,0.7877014E-02,-0.2814679E-04/
  A=B(1)+(B(2)+B(3)*BEND)*BEND
  Y=A*(X-1.0)**2
  RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE HHSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,LEN,DIA,VOL)
C   Computes plot coordinates for Helmholtz resonator
  COMMON /PIPPXY/X,XH,XL,Y,YH,YL,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,SINA,COSA
  REAL LEN,POINT(8,200)
  INTEGER*2 ITYPE(200)
  XOLD=X
  XHOLD=XH
  XLOLD=XL
  YOLD=Y
  YHOLD=YH

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```

YLOLD=YL
SINOLD=SINA
COSOLD=COSA
DIAM=SQRT((XH-XL)**2+(YH-YL)**2)
CALL TSSECT(J, ITYPE, POINT, LEN, DIA)
XC=0.5*(XOLD+X)
YC=0.5*(YOLD+Y)
XOLD=X
YOLD=Y
SINA=COSOLD
COSA=-SINOLD
X=XC+COSA*(LEN+0.5*DIAM)
Y=YC+SINA*(LEN+0.5*DIAM)
SIDE=VOL**0.3333333
CALL STSECT(J, ITYPE, POINT, SIDE, SIDE)
X=XOLD
Y=YOLD
SINA=SINOLD
COSA=COSOLD
DIAM=SQRT((XHOLD-XLOLD)**2+(YHOLD-YLOLD)**2)
XH=X-0.5*SINA*DIAM
XL=X+0.5*SINA*DIAM
YH=Y+0.5*COSA*DIAM
YL=Y-0.5*COSA*DIAM
RETURN
END

```

```

C SUBROUTINE LABANG(XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX)
  Labels phase angle plot
  INCLUDE 'FGRAPH.FD'
  RECORD/WXYCOORD/XY
  RECORD /videoconfig/ screen
  COMMON screen
  CHARACTER*40 TITLE
  CHARACTER*20 TITLF
  INTEGER*2 IHR,IMIN,IYR,IMON,IDAY
  CHARACTER*2 AP
  COMMON /WCATIT/TITLE,TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IYR,IMON,IDAY
  COMMON /NOCOL/NCOLS,NMODE
  COMMON /FACTOR/SFAC
  INTEGER*2 NCOLS
  INTEGER*2 row,rows
  INTEGER*2 DUMWIL
  RECORD/RCCOORD/S
  REAL*8 XMIN, XMAX, YMIN, YMAX, XP, YP
  CHARACTER*6 YLO,YHI
  CHARACTER*7 XHI
  DATA YLO/' -180''/
  DATA YHI/' 180''/
1 FORMAT(F6.3)
2 FORMAT(F7.2)
  rows = screen.numtextrows
  IF(NMODE.EQ.6) THEN

```

```

    CALL settextposition( 1, 1, s)
ELSE
    CALL settextposition( 0, 20, s)
ENDIF
CALL OUTTEXT(TITLE)
dummy = rectangle_w( $GBORDER, XMIN, YMIN, XMAX, YMAX )
row=rows/4
CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(row,1,s)
IF(NCOLS.LE.40) THEN
    CALL OUTTEXT('Angle')
ELSE
    CALL OUTTEXT(' Phase Angle')
ENDIF
IF(NMODE.EQ.6) THEN
    CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(rows/2-1,18,s)
    CALL OUTTEXT('freq')
ELSE
    CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(rows/2-1,35,s)
    IF(SFAC.EQ.1.0) THEN
        CALL OUTTEXT('Frequency - rad/sec')
    ELSE
        CALL OUTTEXT('Frequency - Hertz ')
    ENDIF
ENDIF
ENDIF
CALL GETTEXTPOSITION(s)
IF(NMODE.EQ.6) THEN
    CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(3,1,s)
    CALL OUTTEXT(YHI)
    CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(s.row-3,1,s)
    CALL OUTTEXT(YLO)
    CALL GETTEXTPOSITION(s)
    ILOC=4
    IMAX=26
ELSEIF(NMODE.EQ.16) THEN
    CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(2,10,s)
    CALL OUTTEXT(YHI)
    CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(s.row-2,10,s)
    CALL OUTTEXT(YLO)
    CALL GETTEXTPOSITION(s)
    ILOC=13
    IMAX=54
ELSE
    CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(2,10,s)
    CALL OUTTEXT(YHI)
    CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(s.row-2,10,s)
    CALL OUTTEXT(YLO)
    CALL GETTEXTPOSITION(s)
    ILOC=13
    IMAX=54
ENDIF
ILO=XMIN
IHI=XMAX

```

```

IDEL=IMAX/(IHI-ILO)
row=s.row+1
DO 21 I=ILO,IHI
  HI=10.0**I
  WRITE(XHI,2)HI
  CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(row,ILOC,s)
  CALL OUTTEXT(XHI)
  ILOC=ILOC+IDEL
  IF(I.EQ.ILO.OR.I.EQ.IHI) GO TO 21
  CALL SETLINESTYLE(62268)
  XP=I
  YP=YMIN
  CALL MOVETO_W(XP,YP,XY)
  YP=YMAX
  DUMWIL=LINETO_W(XP,YP)
  CALL SETLINESTYLE(65535)
21 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE LABGAIN(XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,ITYPE)
C   Labels gain plot
  INCLUDE 'FGRAPH.FD'
  RECORD/WXYCOORD/XY
  RECORD /videoconfig/ screen
  COMMON          screen
  CHARACTER*40 TITLE
  CHARACTER*20 TITLF
  INTEGER*2 IHR,IMIN,IYR,IMON,IDAY
  CHARACTER*2 AP
  COMMON /WCATIT/TITLE,TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IYR,IMON,IDAY
  COMMON /NOCOL/NCOLS,NMODE
  COMMON /FACTOR/SFAC
  INTEGER*2 NCOLS
  INTEGER*2 row,rows
  INTEGER*2 DUMWIL
  RECORD/RCCOORD/S
  REAL*8 XMIN, XMAX, YMIN, YMAX, XP, YP
  CHARACTER*6 YLO,YHI
  CHARACTER*7 XHI
1  FORMAT(F6.3)
2  FORMAT(F7.2)
  rows = screen.numtextrows
  dummy = rectangle_w( $GBORDER, XMIN, YMIN, XMAX, YMAX )
  row=rows/4
  CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(row,5,s)
  CALL OUTTEXT('Gain ')
  IF(NMODE.EQ.6) THEN
    CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(rows/2-1,18,s)
    CALL OUTTEXT('freq')
    CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(rows,16,s)
  ELSE
    CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(rows/2-1,35,s)

```



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IF(SFAC.EQ.1.0) THEN
  CALL OUTTEXT('Frequency - rad/sec')
ELSE
  CALL OUTTEXT('Frequency - Hertz ')
ENDIF
CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(rows,39,s)
ENDIF
IF(ITYPE.EQ.1) CALL OUTTEXT(' K(jw) ')
IF(ITYPE.EQ.2) CALL OUTTEXT(' K(jw,Gox) ')
IF(ITYPE.EQ.3) CALL OUTTEXT(' K(jw,Gf) ')
IF(ITYPE.EQ.4) CALL OUTTEXT('K(jw,Gox,Gf)')
WRITE(YLO,1)YMIN
WRITE(YHI,1)YMAX
CALL GETTEXTPOSITION(s)
IF(NMODE.EQ.6) THEN
  CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(3,1,s)
  CALL OUTTEXT(YHI)
  CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(s.row-3,1,s)
  CALL OUTTEXT(YLO)
  CALL GETTEXTPOSITION(s)
  ILOC=4
  IMAX=26
ELSEIF(NMODE.EQ.16) THEN
  CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(3,10,s)
  CALL OUTTEXT(YHI)
  CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(s.row-4,10,s)
  CALL OUTTEXT(YLO)
  CALL GETTEXTPOSITION(s)
  ILOC=13
  IMAX=54
ELSE
  CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(2,10,s)
  CALL OUTTEXT(YHI)
  CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(s.row-3,10,s)
  CALL OUTTEXT(YLO)
  CALL GETTEXTPOSITION(s)
  ILOC=13
  IMAX=54
ENDIF
ILO=XMIN
IHI=XMAX
IDEL=IMAX/(IHI-ILO)
row=s.row+1
DO 21 I=ILO,IHI
  HI=10.0**I
  WRITE(XHI,2)HI
  CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(row,ILOC,s)
  CALL OUTTEXT(XHI)
  ILOC=ILOC+IDEL
  IF(I.EQ.ILO.OR.I.EQ.IHI) GO TO 21
  CALL SETLINESTYLE(62268)
  XP=I

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```

        YP=YMIN
        CALL MOVETO_W(XP,YP,XY)
        YP=YMAX
        DUMWIL=LINETO_W(XP,YP)
        CALL SETLINestyle(65535)
21 CONTINUE
    RETURN
    END
    SUBROUTINE LOWERW(XMIN,XMAX,YMAX,YMIN)
C      Sets up lower plotting window
    INCLUDE 'FGRAPH.FD'
    INTEGER*2          dummy
    INTEGER*2          xwidth, yheight, cols, rows
    RECORD /videoconfig/ screen
    COMMON              screen
    COMMON /NOCOL/NCOLS,NMODE
    INTEGER*2 NCOLS,NMODE
    REAL*8 XMIN, XMAX, YMIN, YMAX, XLEN, YLEN
    XLEN=0.1*(XMAX-XMIN)
    YLEN=0.1*(YMAX-YMIN)
    XMIN=XMIN-XLEN
    XMAX=XMAX+XLEN
    YMIN=YMIN-YLEN
    YMAX=YMAX+YLEN
    xwidth = screen.numxpixels
    yheight = screen.numypixels
    cols    = screen.numtextcols
    rows    = screen.numtextrows
C
C      window
C
    IF(NMODE.EQ.6) THEN
        CALL setviewport( 50, yheight - 30, xwidth - 20, 10 )
    ELSE
        CALL setviewport( 100, yheight - 50, xwidth - 50, 20 )
    ENDIF
    CALL settextwindow( 0, 1, rows, cols)
    dummy = setwindow(.TRUE.,XMIN,YMIN,XMAX,YMAX)
    CALL clearscreen( $GWINDOW )
    RETURN
    END
    SUBROUTINE LOX(S,GOX,PIPEB1,PIPEB2,PIPEB3,PIPEB4,SEGMNB,SECTNB,
*      IGONE)
C      Handles lox piping logic
    COMMON /WORKIT/WORK(12)
    COMPLEX GOX,S
    REAL AREA(75),DIA(75),L(75),PIND(75),PCAP(75)
    REAL DENS,A,LFLOW,KTANK,KMAN,CMAN,CTANK,VOL,VOLMF
    REAL PIPEB1(75),PIPEB2(75),PIPEB3(75),PIPEB4(75),PIPEB5(75)
    INTEGER SEGMNB,SECTNB(75),SECTB
    CHARACTER*24 LOXIN,NAMLIN(2)
    COMMON /WCAOUT/NAMLIN,IUNIT

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CHARACTER*20 TITLO
CHARACTER*1 ANS
DATA ISTRT/0/
1 FORMAT(E15.6)
2 FORMAT(I5,4E15.6)
IMORE=0
IF(IGONE.EQ.2) THEN
  WRITE(*,'(A\)' )' Is the lox line data in a file? (Y/N) '
  READ(*,'(A)')ANS
  IF(ANS.NE.'N'.AND.ANS.NE.'n') THEN
    WRITE(*,'(A\)' )' Is the file with lox line data LOX.INP? (Y/N)'
    READ(*,'(A)')ANS
    IF(ANS.NE.'N'.AND.ANS.NE.'n') THEN
      OPEN(UNIT=10,FILE='LOX.INP')
      NAMLIN(2)='LOX.INP'
    ELSE
      WRITE(*,'(A\)' )' Enter name of file with lox line data '
      READ(*,'(A)')LOXIN
      OPEN(10,FILE=LOXIN)
      NAMLIN(2)=LOXIN
    ENDIF
  ENDIF
  IMORE=1
ENDIF
IGONE=0
ENDIF
65 CONTINUE
IF(ISTRT .EQ. 0.AND.IGONE.EQ.0) THEN
  ISTRT=1
  IF(IMORE.EQ.1) GO TO 66
  CALL WORKTO(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
  * PCHMB,DPROR)
  CALL MODIFY(AREA,DIA,L,PIPEB1,PIPEB2,PIPEB3,PIPEB4,PIPEB5,
  * SECTNB,SEGMNB,SECTB,PIND,PCAP,LOPEND,LOPOLD,SPLIT,PMRAT,'B')
  CALL WORKFR(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
  * PCHMB,DPROR)
  IF(IUNIT.EQ.0) THEN
    WRITE(*,*)' You do not have any data stored, please re-read'
    WRITE(*,*)' the questions and answer carefully.'
    ISTRT=0
    WRITE(*,*)' '
    GOTO 65
  ENDIF
  REWIND 10
66 CONTINUE
  CALL WORKTO(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
  * PCHMB,DPROR)
  CALL RLINE(TITLO,PMRAT,SEGMNB,SECTNB,PIPEB1,PIPEB2,
  * PIPEB3,PIPEB4,PIPEB5,L,AREA,DIA,PIND,PCAP,LOPEND,LOPOLD,
  * SPLIT,10)
  CALL WORKFR(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
  * PCHMB,DPROR)
  WRITE(*,*)' For changes in lox line data enter Y,'

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WRITE(*,'(A\))') if not, press enter key.'
READ(*,'(A\))')ANS
WRITE(*,*)' '
IF(ANS .EQ. 'Y' .OR. ANS .EQ. 'y') THEN
    CALL WORKTO(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*       PCHMB,DPROR)
    CALL MODIFY(AREA,DIA,L,PIPEB1,PIPEB2,PIPEB3,PIPEB4,PIPEB5,
*       SECTNB,SEGMNB,SECTB,PIND,PCAP,LOPEND,LOPOLD,SPLIT,PMRAT,'B')
    CALL WORKFR(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*       PCHMB,DPROR)
ENDIF
RETURN
ELSEIF(ISTRT .EQ. 1 .AND.IGONE.EQ.0) THEN
    CALL ADMIT(S,GOX,A,AREA,CMAN,CTANK,DPROR,L,LFLOW,PMRAT,SEGMNB,
*       SECTNB,SPLIT,LOPEND,PCAP,PIND)
ELSEIF(ISTRT.EQ.1.AND.IGONE.EQ.1) THEN
    WRITE(*,'(A\))') Do you wish to modify current LOX line data? '
    READ(*,'(A\))')ANS
    IF(ANS .EQ. 'Y' .OR. ANS .EQ. 'y') THEN
        CALL WORKTO(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*       PCHMB,DPROR)
        CALL MODIFY(AREA,DIA,L,PIPEB1,PIPEB2,PIPEB3,PIPEB4,PIPEB5,
*       SECTNB,SEGMNB,SECTB,PIND,PCAP,LOPEND,LOPOLD,SPLIT,PMRAT,'B')
        CALL WORKFR(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*       PCHMB,DPROR)
    ELSE
        WRITE(*,'(A\))') Do you wish to rewind LOX line file? '
        READ(*,'(A\))')ANS
        IF(ANS .EQ. 'Y' .OR. ANS .EQ. 'y') REWIND 10
        CALL WORKTO(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*       PCHMB,DPROR)
        CALL RLINE(TITLO,PMRAT,SEGMNB,SECTNB,PIPEB1,PIPEB2,
*       PIPEB3,PIPEB4,PIPEB5,L,AREA,DIA,PIND,PCAP,LOPEND,LOPOLD,
*       SPLIT,10)
        CALL WORKFR(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*       PCHMB,DPROR)
        WRITE(*,*)' For changes in lox line data enter Y,'
        WRITE(*,'(A\))') if not, press enter key.'
        READ(*,'(A\))')ANS
        WRITE(*,*)' '
        IF(ANS .EQ. 'Y' .OR. ANS .EQ. 'y') THEN
            CALL WORKTO(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*       PCHMB,DPROR)
            CALL MODIFY(AREA,DIA,L,PIPEB1,PIPEB2,PIPEB3,PIPEB4,PIPEB5,
*       SECTNB,SEGMNB,SECTB,PIND,PCAP,LOPEND,LOPOLD,SPLIT,PMRAT,'B')
            CALL WORKFR(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*       PCHMB,DPROR)
        ENDIF
    ENDIF
    IGONE=0
ENDIF
RETURN

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END
SUBROUTINE MODIFY(AREA,DIA,L,PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,PIPE4,PIPE5,SECTN,
*      SEGMN,SECT,PIND,PCAP,LOPEND,LOPOLD,SPLIT,PMRAT,R)
C      Allows modifications to input data
REAL AREA(75),DIA(75),L(75),PIPE1(75),PIPE2(75),PIPE3(75),
*      PIPE4(75),PIPE5(75),PIND(75),PCAP(75)
REAL KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW
INTEGER*2 SECTN(75),SECT,SEGMN
COMMON /WORKIT/A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,
*      VOLMF,PCHMB,DPROR
CHARACTER*1 ANS,R
CHARACTER*8 VARVAL(9),VARU(9),VARL(9),NAME
CHARACTER*24 NAMLIN(2)
COMMON /WCAOUT/NAMLIN,IUNIT
CHARACTER*40 TITLE
CHARACTER*20 TITLF
INTEGER*2 IHR,IMIN,IYR,IMON,IDAY
CHARACTER*2 AP
COMMON /WCATIT/TITLE,TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IYR,IMON,IDAY
DATA GRAV/32.2/,PI/3.141593/
DATA VARVAL/' DENS =',' DPROR =',' KMAN =',
*      ' KTANK =',' LFLOW =',' PCHMB =',' TFLOW =',
*      ' VOL =',' VOLMF ='/
DATA VARU/'DENS      ','DPROR      ','KMAN      ',
*      'KTANK      ','LFLOW      ','PCHMB      ','TFLOW      ',
*      'VOL      ','VOLMF      '/
DATA VARL/'dens      ','dpror      ','kman      ',
*      'ktank      ','lflow      ','pchmb      ','tflow      ',
*      'vol      ','volmf      '/
1 FORMAT(1PE15.6)
2 FORMAT(I5,1P5E15.6)
3 FORMAT(I5,1P3E15.6)
4 FORMAT(' This segment is a bend of',1PE13.5,' deg and radius of',
*      E13.5)
5 FORMAT(' This segment is straight ',1PE13.5,' diameter pipe ',
*      E13.5,' ft. long')
6 FORMAT(A8,1PE13.5,10X,A8,E13.5)
7 FORMAT(' TITLE = ',A20)
10 FORMAT(A20,2X,I2.2,':',I2.2,A2,3X,I2.2,'-',I2.2,'-',I2.2)
11 FORMAT(' This segment is ',I2,' way split ',1PE13.5,' dia.',
*      ' pipe ',E13.5,' ft. long')
12 FORMAT(' This segment is a pump with length =',1PE13.5,' dia =',
*      E13.5/5X,'dp/dm =',E13.5,' capacitance =',E13.5,
*      ' inductance =',E13.5)
13 FORMAT(' This segment is a tuned pipe ',1PE13.5,' long & dia =',
*      E13.5)
14 FORMAT(' This segment is a Helmholtz resonator with'/5X,'length =',
*      1PE13.5,' dia =',E13.5,' and vol =',E13.5)
15 FORMAT(' This segment is a parallel resonator with'/5X,'length =',
*      1PE13.5,' dia =',E13.5,' and vol =',E13.5)
16 FORMAT(' This segment is a',1PE13.5,' long inline acc. with',
*      ' diameter of',E13.5)

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IF(R.EQ.'A') THEN
  IUNIT=11
  NAMNAM=1
ELSE
  IUNIT=10
  NAMNAM=2
ENDIF
AVGK=0.5*(KTANK+KMAN)
ICHG=0
WRITE(*,*)' Do you wish to change engine & fluid parameters '
READ(*, '(A)')ANS
IF(ANS.NE.'Y'.AND.ANS.NE.'y') GO TO 29
WRITE(*,*)' Do you wish to change all of the parameters?'
READ(*, '(A)')ANS
IF(ANS.NE.'Y'.AND.ANS.NE.'y') ICHG=1
21 CONTINUE
IF(ICHG.EQ.0) THEN
  WRITE(*, '(A\))')' Enter TITLE (20 characters max.) '
  READ(*, '(A)')TITLF
  WRITE(TITLE,10)TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IMON,IDAY,IYR
  WRITE(*, '(A\))')' Enter FUEL TANK VOLUME (ft^3)'
  READ(*,*)VOL
  WRITE(*, '(A\))')' Enter FLOW RATE inside LINE (lbm/sec)'
  READ(*,*)LFLOW
  WRITE(*, '(A\))')' Enter BULK MODULUS of fluid inside TANK (lb /ft^
*2)'
  READ(*,*)KTANK
  WRITE(*, '(A\))')' Enter FUEL DENSITY (lbm/ft^3)'
  READ(*,*)DENS
  WRITE(*, '(A\))')' Enter TOTAL FLOW RATE inside ENGINE (lbm/sec)'
  READ(*,*)TFLOW
  WRITE(*, '(A\))')' Enter MANIFOLD VOLUME (ft^3)'
  READ(*,*)VOLMF
  WRITE(*, '(A\))')' Enter BULK MODULUS of fluid inside MANIFOLD (lb
*/ft^2)'
  READ(*,*)KMAN
  WRITE(*, '(A\))')' Enter CHAMBER PRESSURE in ENGINE (lb/ft^2)'
  READ(*,*)PCHMB
  WRITE(*, '(A\))')' Enter PRESSURE DROP across ORIFICE (lb/ft^2)'
  READ(*,*)DPROR
  A=SQRT(GRAV*KTANK/DENS)
  CTANK=DENS*VOL/KTANK
  CMAN=DENS*VOLMF/KMAN
  PMRAT=PCHMB/TFLOW
  AVGK=0.5*(KTANK+KMAN)
ELSE
  GO TO 24
22 CONTINUE
WRITE(*,*)' VARIABLE NAMES AND DESCRIPTIONS'
WRITE(*,*)' ,
WRITE(*,*)' TITLE - title (20 characters max.) ,
WRITE(*,*)' DENS - density of fluid (lbm/ft^3) ,

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WRITE(*,*)'    DPROR - pressure drop across orifices (lbf/ft^2)'
WRITE(*,*)'    KMAN - bulk modulus in manifold (lbf/ft^2)    '
WRITE(*,*)'    KTANK - bulk modulus in tank (lbf/ft^2)        '
WRITE(*,*)'    LFLOW - mass flow rate of fluid (lbm/sec)      '
WRITE(*,*)'    PCHMB - chamber pressure (lbf/ft^2)           '
WRITE(*,*)'    TFLOW - total mass flow inside engine (lbm/sec)'
WRITE(*,*)'    VOL - volume of storage tank (ft^3)            '
WRITE(*,*)'    VOLMF - volume of manifold (ft^3)              '
WRITE(*,*)' ,
GO TO 25
23 CONTINUE
WRITE(*,*)'    VARIABLE NAMES AND VALUES'
WRITE(*,*)' ,
WRITE(*,7)TITLF
WRITE(*,6)VARVAL( 1), DENS,VARVAL( 2),DPROR,
*      VARVAL( 3), KMAN,VARVAL( 4),KTANK,VARVAL( 5),LFLOW,
*      VARVAL( 6),PCHMB,VARVAL( 7),TFLOW,VARVAL( 8), VOL,
*      VARVAL( 9),VOLMF
24 CONTINUE
WRITE(*,*)' ,
WRITE(*,*)' Enter ? to print variable names & descriptions'
WRITE(*,*)'      # to print variable names & values'
WRITE(*,*)'      TITLE to enter new title'
WRITE(*,*)'      END when all changes have been made'
WRITE(*,*)' ,
25 CONTINUE
WRITE(*, '(A\'))' Enter variable name and new value, END, ?, or
* # ,
CALL ZREAD(NAME,VALUE)
IF(NAME.EQ.'?') GO TO 22
IF(NAME.EQ.'#') GO TO 23
IF(NAME.EQ.'END'.OR.NAME.EQ.'end') GO TO 28
IF(NAME.EQ.'TITLE'.OR.NAME.EQ.'title') THEN
WRITE(*, '(A\'))' Enter new TITLE (20 characters max.) '
READ(*, '(A\'))TITLF
WRITE(TITLE,10)TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IMON,IDAY,IYR
GO TO 25
ENDIF
DO 26 II=1,9
I=II
IF(NAME.EQ.VARU(I).OR.NAME.EQ.VARL(I)) GO TO 27
26 CONTINUE
WRITE(*,*)'      Invalid name, try again'
GO TO 22
27 CONTINUE
IF(I.EQ. 1) DENS=VALUE
IF(I.EQ. 2) DPROR=VALUE
IF(I.EQ. 3) KMAN=VALUE
IF(I.EQ. 4) KTANK=VALUE
IF(I.EQ. 5) LFLOW=VALUE
IF(I.EQ. 6) PCHMB=VALUE
IF(I.EQ. 7) TFLOW=VALUE

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        IF(I.EQ. 8) VOL=VALUE
        IF(I.EQ. 9) VOLMF=VALUE
        GO TO 25
    ENDIF
28 CONTINUE
    A=SQRT(GRAV*KTANK/DENS)
    CTANK=DENS*VOL/KTANK
    CMAN=DENS*VOLMF/KMAN
    PMRAT=PCHMB/TFLOW
    AVGK=0.5*(KTANK+KMAN)
29 CONTINUE
    ICHG=0
    WRITE(*,*)' Do you wish to change the pipe layout? '
    READ(*,'(A)')ANS
    IF(ANS.NE.'Y'.AND.ANS.NE.'y') GO TO 36
    WRITE(*,*)' Do you wish to change all of the pipe segments?'
    READ(*,'(A)')ANS
    IF(ANS.NE.'Y'.AND.ANS.NE.'y') THEN
        ICHG=1
        GO TO 30
    ENDIF
    SPLIT=1.0
    LOPEND=1
    LOPOLD=20
    WRITE(*,'(A\\)')' How many segments is the pipe broken into? '
    READ(*,*)SEGMN
30 CONTINUE
    I=0
    ISEGMN=SEGMN
    DO 35 II=1,SEGMN
        I=I+1
        IF(ICHG.EQ.1) THEN
            IF(SECTN(I).EQ.0) THEN
                WRITE(*,4)PIPE2(I),PIPE1(I)
            ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.1) THEN
                WRITE(*,5)PIPE2(I),PIPE1(I)
            ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.2) THEN
                WRITE(*,16)PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I)
            ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.3) THEN
                WRITE(*,13)PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I)
            ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.4) THEN
                WRITE(*,14)PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I)
            ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.5) THEN
                WRITE(*,15)PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I)
            ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.6) THEN
                WRITE(*,12)PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I),PIPE4(I),PIPE5(I)
            ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.9) THEN
                WRITE(*,11)INT(PIPE3(I)),PIPE2(I),PIPE1(I)
            ENDIF
            WRITE(*,*)' You may keep (K), modify (Y), delete (D),',
*              ' add before (B), or add after (A)?'
            READ(*,'(A)')ANS

```



```

IF(ANS.EQ.'A'.OR.ANS.EQ.'a') THEN
  I=I+1
  DO 31 III=ISEGMN,I,-1
    PIPE1(III+1)=PIPE1(III)
    PIPE2(III+1)=PIPE2(III)
    PIPE3(III+1)=PIPE3(III)
    PIPE4(III+1)=PIPE4(III)
    PIPE5(III+1)=PIPE5(III)
    L(III+1)=L(III)
    DIA(III+1)=DIA(III)
    AREA(III+1)=AREA(III)
    PCAP(III+1)=PCAP(III)
    PIND(III+1)=PIND(III)
    SECTN(III+1)=SECTN(III)
31 CONTINUE
  ISEGMN=ISEGMN+1
  GO TO 34
ELSEIF(ANS.EQ.'B'.OR.ANS.EQ.'b') THEN
  DO 32 III=ISEGMN,I,-1
    PIPE1(III+1)=PIPE1(III)
    PIPE2(III+1)=PIPE2(III)
    PIPE3(III+1)=PIPE3(III)
    PIPE4(III+1)=PIPE4(III)
    PIPE5(III+1)=PIPE5(III)
    L(III+1)=L(III)
    DIA(III+1)=DIA(III)
    AREA(III+1)=AREA(III)
    PCAP(III+1)=PCAP(III)
    PIND(III+1)=PIND(III)
    SECTN(III+1)=SECTN(III)
32 CONTINUE
  ISEGMN=ISEGMN+1
  GO TO 34
ELSEIF(ANS.EQ.'D'.OR.ANS.EQ.'d') THEN
  DO 33 III=I,ISEGMN
    PIPE1(III)=PIPE1(III+1)
    PIPE2(III)=PIPE2(III+1)
    PIPE3(III)=PIPE3(III+1)
    PIPE4(III)=PIPE4(III+1)
    PIPE5(III)=PIPE5(III+1)
    L(III)=L(III+1)
    DIA(III)=DIA(III+1)
    AREA(III)=AREA(III+1)
    PCAP(III)=PCAP(III+1)
    PIND(III)=PIND(III+1)
    SECTN(III)=SECTN(III+1)
33 CONTINUE
  I=I-1
  ISEGMN=ISEGMN-1
  GO TO 35
ELSEIF(ANS.NE.'Y'.AND.ANS.NE.'y') THEN
  GO TO 35

```

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        ENDIF
    ENDIF
34 CONTINUE
    WRITE(*,*) ' Specify 0 for BEND,          1 for STRAIGHT pipe,'
    WRITE(*,*) '          2 for INLINE ACCUM., 3 for TUNED STUB,'
    WRITE(*,*) '          4 for HELMHOLTZ RES., 5 for PARALLEL RES.'
    WRITE(*,*) '          6 for PUMP,          9 for SPLIT'
    READ(*,*) SECT
    IF(SECT.LT.0.OR.SECT.GT.6.AND.SECT.NE.9) GO TO 34
    SECTN(I)=SECT
    IF(SECT.EQ.0) THEN
C        BEND IN PIPE
        WRITE(*,*) ' RADIUS of bend along CL (ft), ANGLE of bend (deg),'
        WRITE(*,*) ' DIAMETER (ft), and LENGTH (ft) beyond bend of pipe'
        READ(*,*) PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I),PIPE4(I)
        CALL BENDS(PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I),PIPE4(I),VALUE,DIME)
        AREAB=0.785398*DIME**2
        L(I)=VALUE
        AREA(I)=AREAB
        DIA(I)=DIME
        PIPE5(I)=0.0
    ELSEIF(SECT.EQ.1) THEN
C        STRAIGHT SECTION
        WRITE(*,*) ' Specify LENGTH (ft) and DIAMETER (ft) of segment'
        READ(*,*) PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I)
        VALUE=PIPE1(I)
        DIME=PIPE2(I)
        PIPE3(I)=0.0
        PIPE4(I)=0.0
        PIPE5(I)=0.0
        AREAB=0.785398*DIME**2
        L(I)=VALUE
        AREA(I)=AREAB
        DIA(I)=DIME
    ELSEIF(SECT.EQ.2) THEN
C        INLINE ACCUMULATOR
        WRITE(*,*) ' Specify LENGTH (ft) & DIAMETER (ft) of accumulator '
        READ(*,*) PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I)
        L(I)=PIPE1(I)
        DIA(I)=PIPE2(I)
        AREA(I)=0.25*PI*PIPE2(I)**2
        PCAP(I)=DENS*0.785398*L(I)*DIA(I)**2*PMRAT/AVGK
        PIPE3(I)=0.0
        PIPE4(I)=0.0
        PIPE5(I)=0.0
    ELSEIF(SECT.EQ.3) THEN
C        TUNED STUB ACCUMULATOR
        WRITE(*,*) ' Specify LENGTH (ft) & DIAMETER (ft) of tuned stub'
        READ(*,*) PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I)
        L(I)=PIPE1(I)
        DIA(I)=PIPE2(I)
        AREA(I)=0.25*PI*PIPE2(I)**2

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PCAP(I)=DENS*L(I)*AREA(I)*PMRAT/AVGK
PIND(I)=L(I)/(AREA(I)*GRAV*PMRAT)
PIPE3(I)=0.0
PIPE4(I)=0.0
PIPE5(I)=0.0
ELSEIF(SECT.EQ.4) THEN
C      HELMHOLTZ RESONATOR ACCUMULATOR
      WRITE(*,*) ' Specify LENGTH (ft), DIAMETER (ft) ,VOLUME (ft^3)',
*      ' of Helmholtz Resonator'
      READ(*,*)PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I)
      L(I)=PIPE1(I)
      DIA(I)=PIPE2(I)
      AREA(I)=PIPE3(I)
      PCAP(I)=DENS*L(I)*AREA(I)*PMRAT/AVGK
      PIND(I)=L(I)/(0.25*PI*DIA(I)**2*GRAV*PMRAT)
      PIPE4(I)=0.0
      PIPE5(I)=0.0
ELSEIF(SECT.EQ.5) THEN
C      PARALLEL RESONATOR ACCUMULATOR
      WRITE(*,*) ' Specify LENGTH (ft), DIAMETER (ft) ,VOLUME (ft^3)',
*      ' of Parallel Resonator'
      READ(*,*)PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I)
      L(I)=PIPE1(I)
      DIA(I)=PIPE2(I)
      AREA(I)=PIPE3(I)
      PCAP(I)=DENS*L(I)*AREA(I)*PMRAT/AVGK
      PIND(I)=L(I)/(0.25*PI*DIA(I)**2*GRAV*PMRAT)
      PIPE4(I)=0.0
      PIPE5(I)=0.0
ELSEIF(SECT.EQ.6) THEN
C      PUMP
      WRITE(*,*) ' Specify LENGTH (ft), DIAMETER (ft) ,dp/dm, CAP.',
*      ' & IND. of pump'
      READ(*,*)PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I),PIPE4(I),PIPE5(I)
      L(I)=PIPE1(I)
      DIA(I)=PIPE2(I)
      AREA(I)=PIPE3(I)
      PCAP(I)=PIPE4(I)
      PIND(I)=PIPE5(I)
ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.9) THEN
C      SPLIT PIPE
      WRITE(*,*) ' Specify LENGTH (ft), DIAMETER (ft), and no. of',
*      ' segments'
      READ(*,*) PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I)
      VALUE=PIPE1(I)
      DIME=PIPE2(I)
      SPLIT=PIPE3(I)
      WRITE(*,'(A,I3)') ' Maximun no. of iterations is set at ',LOPOLD
      WRITE(*,'(A\)' ) ' Do you wish to change it? '
      READ(*,'(A)')ANS
      IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') THEN
        WRITE(*,'(A\)' ) ' Enter maximum no. of iterations '

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        READ(*,*)LOPOLD
        ENDIF
        LOPEND=LOPOLD
        AREAB=0.785398*DIME**2
        L(I)=VALUE
        AREA(I)=AREAB
        DIA(I)=DIME
        PIPE4(I)=0.0
        PIPE5(I)=0.0
        ENDIF
35  CONTINUE
    IF(ICHG.EQ.0) THEN
        WRITE(*,*)'          NEW PIPE LAYOUT'
        WRITE(*,*)' STATUS      LENGTH          AREA          DIAMETER'
        DO 351 II=1,SEGMN
            WRITE(*,3)SECTN(I),L(I),AREA(I),DIA(I)
351  CONTINUE
        ENDIF
        SEGMN=ISEGMN
36  CONTINUE
        WRITE(*,'(A\\)')' Do you wish to save these changes? Y or N '
        READ(*,'(A)')ANS
        IF(ANS.NE.'Y'.AND.ANS.NE.'y') RETURN
        WRITE(*,'(A,A,A\\)')' Do you wish to use file ',NAMLIN(NAMNAM),
*          '? Y or N '
        READ(*,'(A)')ANS
        IF(ANS.NE.'Y'.AND.ANS.NE.'y') THEN
            WRITE(*,'(A\\)')' Enter name of file to use '
            READ(*,'(A)')NAMLIN(NAMNAM)
            CLOSE(UNIT=IUNIT)
            OPEN(UNIT=IUNIT,FILE=NAMLIN(NAMNAM))
        ELSE
            WRITE(*,'(A,A,A\\)')' Do you wish to rewind ',NAMLIN(NAMNAM),
*          '? Y or N '
            READ(*,'(A)')ANS
            IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') REWIND IUNIT
        ENDIF
        WRITE(IUNIT,'(A)')TITLF
        WRITE(IUNIT,1)VOL
        WRITE(IUNIT,1)LFLOW
        WRITE(IUNIT,1)KTANK
        WRITE(IUNIT,1)DENS
        WRITE(IUNIT,1)TFLOW
        WRITE(IUNIT,1)VOLMF
        WRITE(IUNIT,1)KMAN
        WRITE(IUNIT,1)PCHMB
        WRITE(IUNIT,1)DPROR
        WRITE(IUNIT,2)SEGMN
        WRITE(IUNIT,2)(SECTN(I),PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I),PIPE4(I),
*          PIPE5(I),I=1,SEGMN)
        RETURN
    END

```

```

SUBROUTINE NICEGRF(RMIN,RMAX,IMAX,IMMIN,ITYPE)
C   Plots Nyquist curve
  INCLUDE 'FGRAPH.FD'
  RECORD /videoconfig/ screen
  COMMON          screen
  CHARACTER*40 TITLE
  CHARACTER*20 TITLF
  INTEGER*2 IHR,IMIN,IYR,IMON,IDAY
  CHARACTER*2 AP
  COMMON /WCATIT/TITLE,TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IYR,IMON,IDAY
  COMMON /NOCOL/NCOLS,NMODE
  COMMON /FACTOR/SFAC
  INTEGER*2 NCOLS,NMODE
  INTEGER*2 row,rows
  RECORD/RCCOORD/S
  REAL*8 IMMIN,IMAX,RMIN,RMAX
  REAL*8 XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX
  CHARACTER*6 YLO,YHI,XLO,XHI
1  FORMAT(F6.3)
  rows = screen.numtextrows
  XMIN=RMIN
  XMAX=RMAX
  YMIN=IMMIN
  YMAX=IMAX
  IF(NMODE.EQ.6) THEN
    CALL settextposition( 0, 1, s)
    CALL OUTTEXT(TITLE)
  ELSE
    CALL settextposition( 0, 20, s)
    CALL OUTTEXT(TITLE)
  ENDIF
  dummy = rectangle_w( $GBORDER, XMIN, YMIN, XMAX, YMAX )
  row=rows/2
  CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(row,1,s)
  IF(NMODE.EQ.6) THEN
    CALL OUTTEXT('Imag')
    CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(rows-1,16,s)
    CALL OUTTEXT('    Real')
    CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(rows,16,s)
  ELSE
    CALL OUTTEXT('Imaginary')
    CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(rows-1,39,s)
    CALL OUTTEXT('    Real')
    CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(rows,39,s)
  ENDIF
  IF(ITYPE.EQ.1) CALL OUTTEXT('    K(jw)  ')
  IF(ITYPE.EQ.2) CALL OUTTEXT(' K(jw,Gox) ')
  IF(ITYPE.EQ.3) CALL OUTTEXT(' K(jw,Gf)  ')
  IF(ITYPE.EQ.4) CALL OUTTEXT('K(jw,Gox,Gf)')
  WRITE(YLO,1)YMIN
  WRITE(YHI,1)YMAX
  WRITE(XLO,1)XMIN

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WRITE(XHI,1)XMAX
CALL GETTEXTPOSITION(s)
IF(NMODE.EQ.6) THEN
  CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(s.row-3,1,s)
  CALL OUTTEXT(YLO)
  CALL GETTEXTPOSITION(s)
  CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(s.row+1,4,s)
  CALL OUTTEXT(XLO)
  CALL GETTEXTPOSITION(s)
  CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(s.row,35,s)
  CALL OUTTEXT(XHI)
  CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(3,1,s)
  CALL OUTTEXT(YHI)
ELSE
  CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(s.row-3,5,s)
  CALL OUTTEXT(YLO)
  CALL GETTEXTPOSITION(s)
  CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(s.row+1,9,s)
  CALL OUTTEXT(XLO)
  CALL GETTEXTPOSITION(s)
  CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(s.row,71,s)
  CALL OUTTEXT(XHI)
  CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(2,5,s)
  CALL OUTTEXT(YHI)
ENDIF
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE NYQUIS(GF,GOX,S,TAUT,CSTAR,RBAR,DCDR,THETAC,K,K1R,K2R,
* K3R,K4R,K1C,K2C,K3C,K4C,IFUEL,ILOX)
C   Computes the K()'s
COMPLEX GF,GOX,KG1,KG2,KG3,KG4,S
REAL THETAC,RBAR,CSTAR,DCDR,TAUT
REAL K1R(1001),K2R(1001),K3R(1001),K1C(1001),K2C(1001),K3C(1001)
REAL K4R(1001),K4C(1001)
KG1=2.0*CEXP(-S*TAUT)/(THETAC*S +1.0)
K1C(K)=AIMAG(KG1)
K1R(K)=REAL(KG1)
IF(ILOX.EQ.0) THEN
  KG2=0.5*KG1*((1.0+(1.0+RBAR)*DCDR/CSTAR)*GOX)
  K2C(K)=AIMAG(KG2)
  K2R(K)=REAL(KG2)
ENDIF
IF(IFUEL.EQ.0) THEN
  KG3=0.5*KG1*((1.0-RBAR*(1.0+RBAR)*DCDR/CSTAR)*GF)
  K3C(K)=AIMAG(KG3)
  K3R(K)=REAL(KG3)
ENDIF
IF(ILOX.EQ.0.AND. IFUEL.EQ.0) THEN
  KG4=KG2+KG3
  K4C(K)=AIMAG(KG4)
  K4R(K)=REAL(KG4)
ENDIF

```

```

RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE PIPLOT(SEGMN,SECTN,PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,PIPE4,ILOX,R)
C   Supervises plot of piping layout
INCLUDE 'FGRAPH.FD'
RECORD/WXYCOORD/XY
INTEGER*2 DUMWIL
COMMON /ARCCON/XC,YC,RAD,ANG,ANGLE
COMMON /PIPPXY/X,XH,XL,Y,YH,YL,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,SINA,COSA
INTEGER*2 SEGMN,SECTN(75),ITYPE(200)
REAL PIPE1(75),PIPE2(75),PIPE3(75),PIPE4(75)
REAL*8 X0,X1,X2,X3,Y0,Y1,Y2,Y3
REAL POINT(8,200)
CHARACTER*1 R
ANG=0.0
ANGLE=0.0
COSA=1.0
SINA=0.0
X=0.0
XH=0.0
XL=0.0
Y=0.0
IF(SECTN(1).EQ.0) THEN
    YH=Y+0.5*PIPE3(1)
    YL=Y-0.5*PIPE3(1)
ELSEIF(SECTN(1).GE.3.AND.SECTN(1).LE.5) THEN
    IF(SECTN(2).EQ.0) THEN
        YH=Y+0.5*PIPE3(2)
        YL=Y-0.5*PIPE3(2)
    ELSE
        YH=Y+0.5*PIPE2(2)
        YL=Y-0.5*PIPE2(2)
    ENDIF
ELSE
    YH=Y+0.5*PIPE2(1)
    YL=Y-0.5*PIPE2(1)
ENDIF
J=0
XMIN=0.0
XMAX=0.0
YMIN=AMIN1(Y,YL,YH)
YMAX=AMAX1(Y,YL,YH)
DO 21 I=1,SEGMN
    IF(SECTN(I).EQ.0) THEN
C       BEND
        CALL BNSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I),PIPE4(I))
    ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.1.OR.SECTN(I).EQ.9) THEN
C       STRAIGHT SECTION
        CALL STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I))
    ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.2) THEN
C       INLINE ACCUMULATOR
        CALL STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I))

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ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.3) THEN
C   TUNED STUB ACCUMULATOR
   CALL TSSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I))
ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.4) THEN
C   HELMHOLTZ RESONATOR
   CALL HHSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I))
ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.5) THEN
C   PARALLEL RESONATOR
   CALL PLSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I))
ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.6) THEN
C   PUMP
   CALL STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I))
ENDIF
21 CONTINUE
XRANGE=XMAX-XMIN
YRANGE=YMAX-YMIN
XMIN=XMIN-0.05*XRANGE
XMAX=XMAX+0.05*XRANGE
YMIN=YMIN-0.05*YRANGE
YMAX=YMAX+0.05*YRANGE
CALL UPPERW(XMIN,YMIN,XMAX,YMAX,ILOX,R)
DO 24 I=1,J
  IF(ITYPE(I).EQ.0) THEN
C    BEND
    XC=POINT(1,I)
    YC=POINT(2,I)
    X1=POINT(3,I)
    Y1=POINT(4,I)
    RAD=POINT(5,I)
    IF(X1.GT.Y1) THEN
      X1=3.14159+X1
      Y1=3.14159+Y1
      CALL CURV(Y1,X1)
    ELSE
      CALL CURV(X1,Y1)
    ENDIF
  ELSE
C    ALL EXCEPT BEND
    X0=POINT(1,I)
    Y0=POINT(2,I)
    X1=POINT(3,I)
    Y1=POINT(4,I)
    X2=POINT(5,I)
    Y2=POINT(6,I)
    X3=POINT(7,I)
    Y3=POINT(8,I)
    CALL MOVETO_W(X0,Y0,XY)
    DUMWIL=LINETO_W(X1,Y1)
    CALL MOVETO_W(X2,Y2,XY)
    DUMWIL=LINETO_W(X3,Y3)
    CALL MOVETO_W(X0,Y0,XY)
    DUMWIL=LINETO_W(X2,Y2)
  
```



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        CALL MOVETO_W(X1,Y1,XY)
        DUMWIL=LINETO_W(X3,Y3)
    ENDIF
24 CONTINUE
    IF(R.EQ.'A') THEN
        IF(ILOX.EQ.0) RETURN
    ENDIF
    READ(*,*)
    RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE PLSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,LEN,DIA,VOL)
C    Computes plot coordinates for parallel resonator
COMMON /PIPPXY/X,XH,XL,Y,YH,YL,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,SINA,COSA
COMMON /ARCCON/XC,YC,RAD,ANG,ANGLE
REAL LEN,POINT(8,200)
INTEGER*2 ITYPE(200)
XOLD=X
XHOLD=XH
XLOLD=XL
YOLD=Y
YHOLD=YH
YLOLD=YL
ANGOLD=ANG
ANGSAV=ANGLE
SINOLD=SINA
COSOLD=COSA
DIAM=SQRT((XH-XL)**2+(YH-YL)**2)
CALL STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,DIA,DIAM)
XC=0.5*(XHOLD+XH)
XHC=XHOLD
XLC=XL
YC=0.5*(YHOLD+YH)
YHC=YHOLD
YLC=YL
PLEN=LEN-2.0*DIA
PDIA=(VOL-2.0*DIA*DIAM)/PLEN
CALL STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PLEN,PDIA)
CALL STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,DIA,DIAM)
XSAV=X
XHSAV=XH
XLSAV=XL
YSAV=Y
YHSAV=YH
YLSAV=YL
SINA=COSOLD
COSA=-SINOLD
RADIUS=DIA
TURN=-90.0
SIDE=LEN-5.0*DIA
ANG=ANG+1.5708
ANGLE=ANGLE+90.0
X=XC

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```

Y=YC
XH=XHC
XL=XLC
YH=YHC
YL=YLC
CALL BNSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,RADIUS,TURN,DIA,DIA)
CALL STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,SIDE,DIA)
CALL BNSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,RADIUS,TURN,DIA,DIA)
X=XSAV
Y=YSAV
XH=XHSAV
XL=XLSAV
YH=YHSAV
YL=YLSAV
ANG=ANGOLD
ANGLE=ANGSAV
SINA=SINOLD
COSA=COSOLD
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE PNYQ(KR,KC,KW,PTS,ITYPE)
C   Plots gain and phase angle
INCLUDE 'FGRAPH.FD'
INTEGER PTS
REAL KR(PTS),KC(PTS),KW(PTS),X(1001),YR(1001),YC(1001)
RECORD/WXYCOORD/XY
INTEGER*2 DUMWIL
REAL*8 XMIN,XMAX,YMINR,YMAXR,YMINC,YMAXC,XP,YP,XLO,XHI
DO 20 I=1,PTS
  YR(I)=SQRT(KR(I)**2+KC(I)**2)
  YC(I)=57.29578*ATAN2(KC(I),KR(I))
  X(I)=ALOG10(KW(I))
20 CONTINUE
  YMINR=YR(1)
  YMAXR=YR(1)
  YMINC=-180.0
  YMAXC= 180.0
  XMIN=X(1)
  XMAX=X(1)
  DO 21 I=2,PTS
    IF(X(I).LT.XMIN) XMIN=X(I)
    IF(X(I).GT.XMAX) XMAX=X(I)
    IF(YR(I).LT.YMINR) YMINR=YR(I)
    IF(YR(I).GT.YMAXR) YMAXR=YR(I)
21 CONTINUE
  XLO=XMIN
  XHI=XMAX
  DO 22 I=1,10
    IF(XMIN.GE.I) XLO=I
    IF(XMAX.GE.I) XHI=I
22 CONTINUE
  IF(XMAX.NE.XHI) XHI=XHI+1.0

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```

IF(XLO.EQ.XHI) THEN
  XLO=XMIN
  XHI=XMAX
ENDIF
CALL WINDLO(XLO,XHI,YMINR,YMAXR)
CALL LABGAIN(XLO,XHI,YMINR,YMAXR,ITYPE)
CALL SETLINESTYLE(62268)
IF(XMIN.LE.0.0.AND.XMAX.GE.0.0) THEN
  XP=0.0
  YP=YMINR
  CALL MOVETO_W(XP,YP,XY)
  YP=YMAXR
  DUMWIL=LINETO_W(XP,YP)
ENDIF
IF(YMINR.LE.0.0.AND.YMAXR.GE.0.0) THEN
  YP=0.0
  XP=XLO
  CALL MOVETO_W(XP,YP,XY)
  XP=XHI
  DUMWIL=LINETO_W(XP,YP)
ENDIF
CALL SETLINESTYLE(65535)
XP=X(1)
YP=YR(1)
CALL MOVETO_W(XP,YP,XY)
DO 23 I=2,PTS
  XP=X(I)
  YP=YR(I)
  DUMWIL=LINETO_W(XP,YP)
23 CONTINUE
CALL WINDUP(XLO,XHI,YMINC,YMAXC)
CALL LABANG(XLO,XHI,YMINC,YMAXC)
CALL SETLINESTYLE(62268)
IF(XMIN.LE.0.0.AND.XMAX.GE.0.0) THEN
  XP=0.0
  YP=YMINC
  CALL MOVETO_W(XP,YP,XY)
  YP=YMAXC
  DUMWIL=LINETO_W(XP,YP)
ENDIF
IF(YMINC.LE.0.0.AND.YMAXC.GE.0.0) THEN
  YP=0.0
  XP=XLO
  CALL MOVETO_W(XP,YP,XY)
  XP=XHI
  DUMWIL=LINETO_W(XP,YP)
ENDIF
CALL SETLINESTYLE(65535)
XP=X(1)
YP=YC(1)
CALL MOVETO_W(XP,YP,XY)
DO 24 I=2,PTS

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```

      XP=X(I)
      YP=YC(I)
      DUMWIL=LINETO_W(XP,YP)
24  CONTINUE
      RETURN
      END
      SUBROUTINE RLINE(TITL,PMRAT,SEGMN,SECTN,PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,
*   PIPE4,PIPE5,L,AREA,DIA,PIND,PCAP,LOPEND,LOPOLD,SPLIT,IUNIT)
C      Reads fuel or lox file
      REAL AREA(75),DIA(75),L(75),PIND(75),PCAP(75)
      REAL LFLOW,KTANK,KMAN
      REAL PIPE1(75),PIPE2(75),PIPE3(75),PIPE4(75),PIPE5(75)
      INTEGER SEGMN,SECTN(75)
      COMMON /WORKIT/A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,
*           VOLMF,PCHMB,DPROR
      CHARACTER*20 TITL
      DATA GRAV/32.2/,PI/32.2/
1  FORMAT(E15.6)
2  FORMAT(I5,5E15.6)
C      TITLE
      READ(IUNIT,'(A)')TITL
C      TANK CONDITIONS
      READ(IUNIT,1)VOL
      READ(IUNIT,1)LFLOW
      READ(IUNIT,1)KTANK
C      MANIFOLD CONDITIONS
      READ(IUNIT,1)DENS
      READ(IUNIT,1)TFLOW
      READ(IUNIT,1)VOLMF
      READ(IUNIT,1)KMAN
      READ(IUNIT,1)PCHMB
C      ORFICE CONDITION
      READ(IUNIT,1)DPROR
      A=SQRT(GRAV*KTANK/DENS)
      CTANK=DENS*VOL/KTANK
      CMAN=DENS*VOLMF/KMAN
      PMRAT=PCHMB/TFLOW
      AVGK=0.5*(KTANK+KMAN)
      SPLIT=1.0
      LOPOLD=20
      LOPEND=1
C      PIPING
      READ(IUNIT,2)SEGMN
      DO 21 I=1,SEGMN
        READ(IUNIT,2)SECTN(I),PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I),PIPE4(I),
*           PIPE5(I)
        IF(SECTN(I).EQ.0) THEN
          CALL BENDS(PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I),PIPE4(I),VALUE,DIME)
          AREAB=0.785398*DIME**2
          L(I)=VALUE
          AREA(I)=AREAB
          DIA(I)=DIME

```

```

ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.1.OR.SECTN(I).EQ.9) THEN
C      STRAIGHT SECTION OR SPLIT
      VALUE=PIPE1(I)
      DIME=PIPE2(I)
      AREAB=0.785398*DIME**2
      L(I)=VALUE
      AREA(I)=AREAB
      DIA(I)=DIME
      IF(SECTN(I).EQ.9) THEN
        SPLIT=PIPE3(I)
        WRITE(*,'(A,I3)') ' Max. no. of iterations is set at ',LOPOLD
        WRITE(*,'(A\)'') ' Do you wish to change it? '
        READ(*,'(A)'')ANS
        IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') THEN
          WRITE(*,'(A\)'') ' Enter maximum no. of iterations '
          READ(*,*)LOPOLD
        ENDIF
        LOPEND=LOPOLD
      ENDIF
ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.2) THEN
C      INLINE ACCUMULATOR
C      PIPE1 - LEN      - L
C      PIPE2 - DIA      - DIA
C      PIPE3 - DEN
C      PIPE4 - K
      L(I)=PIPE1(I)
      DIA(I)=PIPE2(I)
      AREA(I)=0.25*PI*PIPE2(I)**2
      IF(PIPE3(I).EQ.0.0) PIPE3(I)=DENS
      IF(PIPE4(I).EQ.0.0) PIPE4(I)=AVGK
      PCAP(I)=PIPE3(I)*L(I)*AREA(I)*PMRAT/PIPE4(I)
ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.3) THEN
C      TUNED STUB ACCUMULATOR
C      SUPPRESSES OMEGA = (PI/2)/(L*SQRT(PIND*PCAP))
C      PIPE1 - LEN      - L
C      PIPE2 - DIA      - DIA
C      PIPE3 - DEN
C      PIPE4 - K
      L(I)=PIPE1(I)
      DIA(I)=PIPE2(I)
      AREA(I)=0.25*PI*DIA(I)**2
      IF(PIPE3(I).EQ.0.0) PIPE3(I)=DENS
      IF(PIPE4(I).EQ.0.0) PIPE4(I)=AVGK
      PCAP(I)=PIPE3(I)*L(I)*AREA(I)*PMRAT/PIPE4(I)
      PIND(I)=L(I)/(AREA(I)*GRAV*PMRAT)
ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.4.OR.SECTN(I).EQ.5) THEN
C      HELMHOLTZ RESONATOR ACCUMULATOR
C      PARALLEL RESONATOR ACCUMULATOR
C      SUPPRESSES OMEGA = 1/SQRT(PIND*PCAP)
C      PIPE1 - LEN      - L
C      PIPE2 - DIA      - DIA
C      PIPE3 - VOL      - AREA

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C      PIPE4 - DEN
C      PIPE5 - K
      L(I)=PIPE1(I)
      DIA(I)=PIPE2(I)
      AREA(I)=PIPE3(I)
      IF(PIPE4(I).EQ.0.0) PIPE4(I)=DENS
      IF(PIPE5(I).EQ.0.0) PIPE5(I)=AVGK
      PCAP(I)=PIPE4(I)*AREA(I)*PMRAT/PIPE5(I)
      PIND(I)=L(I)/(0.25*PI*DIA(I)**2*GRAV*PMRAT)
      ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.6) THEN
C          PUMP
C          PIPE1 - LEN - L
C          PIPE2 - DIA - DIA
C          PIPE3 - DP/DM - AREA
C          PIPE4 - IND - PIND
C          PIPE5 - CAP - PCAP
      L(I)=PIPE1(I)
      DIA(I)=PIPE2(I)
      AREA(I)=PIPE3(I)
      PCAP(I)=PIPE4(I)*PMRAT
      PIND(I)=PIPE5(I)/PMRAT
      ENDIF
21 CONTINUE
      RETURN
      END
      SUBROUTINE SETPLT
C      Sets up the plot environment
      INCLUDE 'FGRAPH.FD'
      RECORD /videoconfig/ screen
      COMMON screen
      COMMON /WCAPAS/IFRST
      LOGICAL fourcolors
      EXTERNAL fourcolors
      COMMON /NOCOL/NCOLS,NMODE
      INTEGER*2 NCOLS,NMODE
      IFRST=0
      IF( .NOT.fourcolors() ) THEN
+      WRITE (*,*) ' This program requires a CGA, EGA, or',
+      ' VGA graphics card.'
      STOP
      END IF
      NCOLS = screen.numtextcols
      NMODE = screen.mode
      RETURN
      END
      SUBROUTINE STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,LEN,DIA)
C      Computes plot coordinates for a straight section
      COMMON /PIPPXY/X,XH,XL,Y,YH,YL,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,SINA,COSA
      REAL LEN,POINT(8,200)
      INTEGER*2 ITYPE(200)
      J=J+1
      ITYPE(J)=1

```

```

XH=X-0.5*SINA*DIA
XL=X+0.5*SINA*DIA
YH=Y+0.5*COSA*DIA
YL=Y-0.5*COSA*DIA
POINT(1,J)=XH
POINT(2,J)=YH
POINT(3,J)=XL
POINT(4,J)=YL
X=X+COSA*LEN
XH=X-0.5*SINA*DIA
XL=X+0.5*SINA*DIA
Y=Y+SINA*LEN
YH=Y+0.5*COSA*DIA
YL=Y-0.5*COSA*DIA
POINT(5,J)=XH
POINT(6,J)=YH
POINT(7,J)=XL
POINT(8,J)=YL
XMIN=AMIN1(X,XL,XH,XMIN)
XMAX=AMAX1(X,XL,XH,XMAX)
YMIN=AMIN1(Y,YL,YH,YMIN)
YMAX=AMAX1(Y,YL,YH,YMAX)
RETURN
END

```

C

```

SUBROUTINE TSSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,LEN,DIA)
  Computes plot coordinates for a tuned stub
COMMON /PIPPXY/X,XH,XL,Y,YH,YL,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,SINA,COSA
REAL LEN,POINT(8,200)
INTEGER*2 ITYPE(200)
J=J+1
ITYPE(J)=1
DIAM=SQRT((XH-XL)**2+(YH-YL)**2)
XH=X-SINA*(LEN+0.5*DIAM)
YH=Y+COSA*(LEN+0.5*DIAM)
POINT(1,J)=XH
POINT(2,J)=YH
POINT(3,J)=XL
POINT(4,J)=YL
X=X+COSA*DIA
XH=X-SINA*(LEN+0.5*DIAM)
XL=XL+COSA*DIA
Y=Y+SINA*DIA
YH=Y+COSA*(LEN+0.5*DIAM)
YL=YL+SINA*DIA
POINT(5,J)=XH
POINT(6,J)=YH
POINT(7,J)=XL
POINT(8,J)=YL
XMIN=AMIN1(X,XL,XH,XMIN)
XMAX=AMAX1(X,XL,XH,XMAX)
YMIN=AMIN1(Y,YL,YH,YMIN)
YMAX=AMAX1(Y,YL,YH,YMAX)

```

```

RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE UPPERW(X00,Y00,X11,Y11,ILOX,R)
C   Sets up upper plotting window
INCLUDE 'FGRAPH.FD'
RECORD/RCCOORD/S
INTEGER*2          dummy
INTEGER*2          xwidth, yheight, cols, rows
RECORD /videoconfig/ screen
COMMON            screen
COMMON /NOCOL/NCOLS,NMODE
INTEGER*2 NCOLS,NMODE
CHARACTER*2 AP
CHARACTER*40 TITLE
CHARACTER*20 TITLF
COMMON /WCATIT/TITLE,TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IYR,IMON,IDAY
REAL*8 X0, X1, Y0, Y1
CHARACTER*1 R
xwidth = screen.numxpixels
yheight = screen.numypixels
cols = screen.numtextcols
rows = screen.numtextrows
halfy = yheight/2
X0=X00
Y0=Y00
X1=X11
Y1=Y11
PICX=XWIDTH-20
PICY=HALFY-30
IF(NCOLS.LE.40) PICY=HALFY-20
XRANG=DABS(X1-X0)
YRANG=DABS(Y1-Y0)
XRAT=PICX/XRANG
YRAT=PICY/YRANG
IF(XRAT.LT.YRAT) THEN
  YRAT=PICY/XRAT
  ADDY=0.5*(YRAT-YRANG)
  Y0=Y0-ADDY
  Y1=Y1+ADDY
ELSE
  XRAT=PICX/YRAT
  ADDX=0.5*(XRAT-XRANG)
  X0=X0-ADDX
  X1=X1+ADDX
ENDIF
C
C   window
C
IF(R .EQ. 'A') THEN
  IF(NMODE.EQ.6) THEN
    CALL setviewport( 10, halfy + 10, xwidth - 10, yheight - 10 )
    dummy = setwindow( .TRUE., X0-1.0, Y0-1.0, X1+1.0, Y1+1.0 )
  
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CALL settextwindow( (rows / 2 ) + 1, 1, rows, cols)
ELSE
CALL setviewport( 10, halfy + 10, xwidth - 10, yheight - 10 )
dummy = setwindow( .TRUE., X0-1.0, Y0-1.0, X1+1.0, Y1+1.0 )
CALL settextwindow( (rows / 2 ) + 1, 5, rows, cols - 5)
ENDIF
CALL clearscreen( $GWINDOW )
IF(ILOX.EQ.0) dummy = rectangle_w( $GBORDER, X0, Y0, X1, Y1 )
IF(NMODE.EQ.6) THEN
CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(1,15,S)
ELSE
CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(1,30,S)
ENDIF
CALL OUTTEXT('FUEL PIPE LAYOUT')
ENDIF
IF(R.EQ.'B'.OR.ILOX.EQ.1) THEN
IF(NMODE.EQ.6) THEN
CALL setviewport( 10, 20, xwidth - 10, halfy )
dummy = setwindow( .TRUE., X0-1.0, Y0-1.0, X1+1.0, Y1+1.0 )
CALL settextwindow(0 , 1, (rows / 2 ) , cols)
ELSE
CALL setviewport( 10, 25, xwidth - 10, halfy - 5 )
dummy = setwindow( .TRUE., X0-1.0, Y0-1.0, X1+1.0, Y1+1.0 )
CALL settextwindow(0 , 1, (rows / 2 ) , cols - 5)
ENDIF
CALL clearscreen( $GWINDOW )
dummy = rectangle_w( $GBORDER, X0, Y0, X1, Y1 )
IF(NMODE.EQ.6) THEN
CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(0,1,S)
ELSE
CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(0,20,S)
ENDIF
CALL OUTTEXT(TITLE)
IF(NMODE.EQ.6) THEN
CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(2,15,S)
ELSE
CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(2,30,S)
ENDIF
IF(ILOX.EQ.0) CALL OUTTEXT('LOX PIPE LAYOUT')
ENDIF
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE WINDLO(XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX)
C    Sets up gain window
INCLUDE 'FGRAPH.FD'
INTEGER*2 dummy
INTEGER*2 xwidth, yheight, cols, rows, halfy
RECORD /videoconfig/ screen
COMMON screen
COMMON /NOCOL/NCOLS,NMODE
INTEGER*2 NCOLS
REAL*8 XMIN, XMAX, YMIN, YMAX, XLEN, YLEN

```

```

REAL*8 XMINP, XMAXP, YMINP, YMAXP
XLEN=0.1*(XMAX-XMIN)
YLEN=0.1*(YMAX-YMIN)
XMINP=XMIN-XLEN
XMAXP=XMAX+XLEN
YMINP=YMIN-YLEN
YMAXP=YMAX+YLEN
xwidth = screen.numxpixels
yheight = screen.numypixels
cols    = screen.numtextcols
rows    = screen.numtextrows
halfy   = yheight/2

C
C
C
window

IF(NCOLS.LE.40) THEN
  CALL setviewport( 50, halfy + 10, xwidth - 20, yheight - 30 )
ELSE
  CALL setviewport( 100, halfy + 10, xwidth - 50, yheight - 50 )
ENDIF
CALL settextwindow( (rows / 2 ) + 1, 1, rows, cols - 1)
dummy = setwindow(.TRUE.,XMINP,YMINP,XMAXP,YMAXP)
CALL clearscreen( $GWINDOW )
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE WINDUP(XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX)
C
  Sets up phase angle window
  INCLUDE 'FGRAPH.FD'
  INTEGER*2 dummy
  INTEGER*2 xwidth, yheight, cols, rows, halfy
  RECORD /videoconfig/ screen
  COMMON screen
  COMMON /NOCOL/NCOLS,NMODE
  INTEGER*2 NCOLS
  REAL*8 XMIN, XMAX, YMIN, YMAX, XLEN, YLEN
  REAL*8 XMINP, XMAXP, YMINP, YMAXP
  XLEN=0.1*(XMAX-XMIN)
  YLEN=0.1*(YMAX-YMIN)
  XMINP=XMIN-XLEN
  XMAXP=XMAX+XLEN
  YMINP=YMIN-YLEN
  YMAXP=YMAX+YLEN
  xwidth = screen.numxpixels
  yheight = screen.numypixels
  cols    = screen.numtextcols
  rows    = screen.numtextrows
  halfy   = yheight/2

C
C
C
window

IF(NCOLS.LE.40) THEN
  CALL setviewport( 50, 10, xwidth - 20, halfy - 30 )

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ELSE
  CALL setviewport( 100, 10, xwidth - 50, halfy - 50 )
ENDIF
CALL settextwindow( 1, 1, (rows / 2) - 1, cols - 1)
dummy = setwindow(.TRUE.,XMINP,YMINP,XMAXP,YMAXP)
CALL clearscreen( $GWINDOW )
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE WORKFR(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,
*          VOLMF,PCHMB,DPROR)
C   Moves arguments from common /WORKIT/
COMMON /WORKIT/WORK(12)
REAL KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW
A=WORK(1)
CMAN=WORK(2)
CTANK=WORK(3)
DENS=WORK(4)
KMAN=WORK(5)
KTANK=WORK(6)
LFLOW=WORK(7)
TFLOW=WORK(8)
VOL=WORK(9)
VOLMF=WORK(10)
PCHMB=WORK(11)
DPROR=WORK(12)
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE WORKTO(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,
*          VOLMF,PCHMB,DPROR)
C   Moves arguments to common /WORKIT/
COMMON /WORKIT/WORK(12)
REAL KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW
WORK(1)=A
WORK(2)=CMAN
WORK(3)=CTANK
WORK(4)=DENS
WORK(5)=KMAN
WORK(6)=KTANK
WORK(7)=LFLOW
WORK(8)=TFLOW
WORK(9)=VOL
WORK(10)=VOLMF
WORK(11)=PCHMB
WORK(12)=DPROR
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE ZREAD(NAME,VALUE)
C   Reads input for input modification
CHARACTER*1 NAME(8)
CHARACTER*1 CARD(80),PLUS,MINUS,PERIOD,LE,E,NUMBER(10)
CHARACTER*1 LEND(3),CEND(3),POUND,QUEST,BLK,COMMA
CHARACTER*1 LTIT(5),CTIT(5)

```

```

CHARACTER*80 DCARD
EQUIVALENCE (CARD(1),DCARD)
DATA PLUS/'+'/,MINUS/'-'/,PERIOD/'.'/,LE/'e'/,E/'E'/,BLK/' '/
DATA NUMBER/'0','1','2','3','4','5','6','7','8','9'/,COMMA/',',/
DATA LEND/'e','n','d'/,CEND/'E','N','D'/,POUND/'#'/,QUEST/'?'/
DATA LTIT/'t','i','t','l','e'/,CTIT/'T','I','T','L','E'/
1 FORMAT(A)
DO 21 I=1,8
  NAME(I)=BLK
21 CONTINUE
READ(*,1)DCARD
IF(CARD(1).EQ.POUND) THEN
  NAME(1)=POUND
  RETURN
ENDIF
IF(CARD(1).EQ.QUEST) THEN
  NAME(1)=QUEST
  RETURN
ENDIF
DO 22 I=1,3
  IF(CARD(I).NE.LEND(I).AND.CARD(I).NE.CEND(I)) GO TO 220
  NAME(I)=CEND(I)
22 CONTINUE
RETURN
220 CONTINUE
DO 221 I=1,5
  IF(CARD(I).NE.LTIT(I).AND.CARD(I).NE.CTIT(I)) GO TO 23
  NAME(I)=CTIT(I)
221 CONTINUE
RETURN
23 CONTINUE
DO 24 I=1,8
  II=I
  IF(CARD(I).EQ.BLK.OR.CARD(I).EQ.COMMA) GO TO 25
  NAME(I)=CARD(I)
24 CONTINUE
25 CONTINUE
DO 26 I=II,80
  ID=I
  IF(CARD(I).NE.BLK.AND.CARD(I).NE.COMMA) GO TO 27
26 CONTINUE
VALUE=0.0
WRITE(*,*)' No value given, ZERO assumed'
RETURN
27 CONTINUE
SIGN=1.0
IF(CARD(ID).EQ.MINUS) THEN
  SIGN=-1.0
  ID=ID+1
ELSEIF(CARD(ID).EQ.PLUS) THEN
  ID=ID+1
ENDIF

```

```

WHOLE=0.0
DO 30 I=ID,80
  II=I
  IF(CARD(I).EQ.PERIOD) GO TO 31
  IF(CARD(I).EQ.PLUS) GO TO 36
  IF(CARD(I).EQ.MINUS) GO TO 36
  IF(CARD(I).EQ.E.OR.CARD(I).EQ.LE) GO TO 35
  DO 28 J=1,10
    JJ=J-1
    IF(CARD(I).EQ.NUMBER(J)) GO TO 29
28 CONTINUE
  VALUE=SIGN*WHOLE
  IF(CARD(I).EQ.BLK) RETURN
  WRITE(*,*)' Input error, value set to ZERO'
  VALUE=0.0
  RETURN
29 CONTINUE
  WHOLE=WHOLE*10.0+JJ
30 CONTINUE
  VALUE=SIGN*WHOLE
  RETURN
31 CONTINUE
  ID=II+1
  FRACT=0.0
  ICOUNT=0
  DO 34 I=ID,80
    ICOUNT=ICOUNT+1
    II=I
    IF(CARD(I).EQ.PERIOD) THEN
      WRITE(*,*)' Input error, value set to ZERO'
      VALUE=0.0
      RETURN
    ENDIF
    IF(CARD(I).EQ.PLUS) GO TO 36
    IF(CARD(I).EQ.MINUS) GO TO 36
    IF(CARD(I).EQ.E.OR.CARD(I).EQ.LE) GO TO 35
    DO 32 J=1,10
      JJ=J-1
      IF(CARD(I).EQ.NUMBER(J)) GO TO 33
32 CONTINUE
    VALUE=SIGN*(WHOLE+FRACT)
    IF(CARD(I).EQ.BLK) RETURN
    WRITE(*,*)' Input error, value set to ZERO'
    VALUE=0.0
    RETURN
33 CONTINUE
    FRACT=FRACT+JJ/10.0**ICOUNT
34 CONTINUE
    VALUE=SIGN*(WHOLE+FRACT)
    RETURN
35 CONTINUE
    II=II+1

```

```

36 CONTINUE
  VALUE=SIGN*(WHOLE+FRACT)
  SIGN=1.0
  IF(CARD(II).EQ.MINUS) THEN
    SIGN=-1.0
    II=II+1
  ELSEIF(CARD(II).EQ.PLUS) THEN
    II=II+1
  ENDIF
  WHOLE=0.0
  DO 39 I=II,80
    DO 37 J=1,10
      JJ=J-1
      IF(CARD(I).EQ.NUMBER(J)) GO TO 38
37 CONTINUE
      VALUE=VALUE*10.0**(SIGN*WHOLE)
      IF(CARD(I).EQ.BLK) RETURN
      WRITE(*,*)' Input error, value set to ZERO'
      VALUE=0.0
      RETURN
38 CONTINUE
      WHOLE=WHOLE*10.0+JJ
39 CONTINUE
      VALUE=VALUE*10.0**(SIGN*WHOLE)
      RETURN
END

```

Appendix D

Listing of Intermediate Frequency Program

SFREQ

```

C
C      PROGRAM SFREQ
C
C      Intermediate Mode Oscillations
C
C      Modified for n vs tau plots
C
C      Variables in Commons
C
C      /CMPVAL/
C      CVAR(17)      COMPLEX*8  equivalence(CVAR(1),X1)
C      X1            COMPLEX*8  first order term of x
C      Y1            COMPLEX*8  first order term of y
C      Z1            COMPLEX*8  first order term of z
C      W1            COMPLEX*8  first order term of w
C      M1            COMPLEX*8  first order term of m
C      P0            COMPLEX*8  zeroth order term of pressure
C      P1            COMPLEX*8  first order term of pressure
C      U0            COMPLEX*8  zeroth order term of velocity
C      U1            COMPLEX*8  first order term of velocity
C      RFH           COMPLEX*8  combustion response function for mixture ratio
C      RFK           COMPLEX*8  combustion response function for mass flow
C      RFP           COMPLEX*8  combustion response function for pressure
C      S             COMPLEX*8  lamda + mu I - perturbation oscillation
C      GF            COMPLEX*8  admittance of fuel line looking toward tank
C      GOX           COMPLEX*8  admittance of lox line looking toward tank
C      RFA           COMPLEX*8  nozzle pressure admittance coefficient
C      RFC           COMPLEX*8  nozzle entropy admittance coefficient
C
C      /DIMVAL/
C      AJUNK1(8)     REAL*4      equivalence(AJUNK1(1),ND)
C      HOLDD(20)     REAL*4      equivalence(HOLDD(1),ND)
C      ND            REAL*4      pressure interaction index
C      TAUD          REAL*4      sensitive time lag (sec)
C      DTAUD         REAL*4      delta time lag (sec)
C      NRD           REAL*4      enthalpy interaction index
C      LAMDAD        REAL*4      damping of perturbation
C      MUD           REAL*4      frequency of perturbation (rad/sec)
C      CDIAM         REAL*4      chamber diameter (ft)
C      TDIAM         REAL*4      throat diameter (ft)
C      XLCD          REAL*4      x location of chamber-nozzle interface (ft)
C      AJUNK2(161)   REAL*4      equivalence(AJUNK2(1),GAMMAD)
C      GAMMAD        REAL*4      ratio of specific heats
C      RGAS          REAL*4      gas constant (ft^2/sec^2/*R)
C      POOD          REAL*4      maximum pressure at injection face (lbf/ft^2)
C      MBARD         REAL*4      mean combustion response function (lbm/sec)
C      RBARD         REAL*4      mean mixture ratio
C      DCSDRD        REAL*4      d(cstar)/d(mixture ratio) (ft/sec)
C      DHLDRD        REAL*4      d(enthalpy)/d(mixture ratio) (ft^2/sec^2)
C      RHOLOD        REAL*4      mass of liquid per unit chamber vol (lbm/ft^3)
C      ULOD          REAL*4      axial component of liquid velocity (ft/sec)

```


C	PCHMB	REAL*4	chamber pressure (lbf/ft ²)
C	TCHMB	REAL*4	chamber temperature (°R)
C	XBARD(50)	REAL*4	x locations along axis (ft)
C	PBAR(50)	REAL*4	pressure along axis (lbf/ft ²)
C	TBAR(50)	REAL*4	temperature along axis (°R)
C			
C			/FFACT/
C	FFAC	REAL*4	factor for frequency
C			
C			/NVAL/
C	NVAL	INTEGER*2	number of input points along axis
C			
C			/PIPES/
C	PFACE	REAL*4	pressure at injector face (lbf/ft ²)
C	TFACE	REAL*4	mean combustion response function (lbm/sec)
C	ASTAR	REAL*4	speed of sound at injector face (ft/sec)
C			
C			/RELVAL/
C	RVAR(13)	REAL*4	equivalence(RVAR(1),N)
C	N	REAL*4	pressure interaction index
C	TAU	REAL*4	sensitive time lag
C	DTAU	REAL*4	delta time lag
C	NR	REAL*4	enthalpy interaction index
C	RBAR	REAL*4	mean mixture ratio
C	MBAR	REAL*4	mean combustion response function
C	GAMMA	REAL*4	ratio of specific heats
C	P00	REAL*4	maximum pressure at injection face
C	DHLDR	REAL*4	d(enthalpy)/d(mixture ratio)
C	CSTAR	REAL*4	characteristic velocity at combustor exit
C	DCSDR	REAL*4	d(cstar)/d(mixture ratio)
C	RHOLO	REAL*4	mass of liquid per unit chamber volume
C	ULO	REAL*4	axial component of liquid velocity
C	LAMDA	REAL*4	damping of perturbation
C	MU	REAL*4	frequency of perturbation
C	TAUT	REAL*4	total time lag
C	UBAR(50)	REAL*4	velocity along axis
C	XBAR(50)	REAL*4	x locations along axis
C	XLC	REAL*4	x location of chamber-nozzle interface
C			
C			/RESULT/
C	PP	COMPLEX*8	P' = P0 + P1
C	UP	COMPLEX*8	U' = U0 + U1
C	SIGP	COMPLEX*8	SIG' = SIG0 + SIG1
C	FUNB	COMPLEX*8	boundary function U' + RFA * P' + RFC * SIG'
C			
C			/TITL/
C	TITLE	CHAR*60	title for plots including date and time
C	TITLF	CHAR*40	input title
C	IHR	INTEGER*2	hour code run
C	IMIN	INTEGER*2	minute code run
C	AP	CHAR*2	AM or PM
C	IYR	INTEGER*2	year code run

```

C      IMON              INTEGER*2  month code run
C      IDAY              INTEGER*2  day code run
C
C
C      PROGRAM SFREQ
C          Logic portion of code
C
C      Commons CMPVAL  DIMVAL  FFACT  INTVAL  RELVAL  RESULT  TITL
C          Local Variables
C      AM                CHAR*2      'AM'
C      ANS               CHAR*1      response to question
C      DELF              REAL*4      intermediate variable
C      DELVAL            REAL*4      intermediate variable
C      FREQ(50)          REAL*4      array of frequencies
C      I                 INTEGER*2   do loop index
C      ID                INTEGER*2   flag for dependent variable
C      II               INTEGER*2   flag for independent variable
C      ISEC              INTEGER*2   seconds at start
C      I100              INTEGER*2   hundreds of seconds at start
C      J                 INTEGER*2   do loop index
C      NOF               INTEGER*2   maximum number of frequencies
C      NOT               INTEGER*2   maximum number of tau's
C      NPTF              INTEGER*2   number of frequencies
C      NPTS              INTEGER*2   number of tau's
C      PM                CHAR*2      'PM'
C      RADHER(2)         CHAR*8      labels
C      ROCIN             CHAR*24     input file name
C      ROCOUT            CHAR*24     output file name
C      ROCVAR            CHAR*24     file name for frequencies or tau's
C      STARTF            REAL*4      starting frequency
C      STARTV            REAL*4      starting tau
C      STOPF             REAL*4      ending frequency
C      STOPV             REAL*4      ending tau
C      TAULST(200)       REAL*4      array of tau's
C      TOL               REAL*4      convergence criteria
C      YP(200,50)        REAL*4      array of n's
C      VARP(3)           CHAR*8      labels
C      VAR1              REAL*4      intermediate variable
C
C
C      SUBROUTINE ADMIT(S,GADM,A,AREA,CMAN,CTANK,DPROR,L,LFLOW,PCHMB,SEGMN,TFLOW)
C          determines admittance looking toward tank
C
C      Commons DIMVAL  PIPES
C          Variables in Argument List
C      A                 REAL*4      speed of sound in the fluid
C      AREA(75)          REAL*4      area of pipe section
C      CMAN              REAL*4      manifold capacitance
C      CTANK             REAL*4      tank capacitance
C      DPROR             REAL*4      pressure drop across orifices
C      GADM              COMPLEX*8   admittance of line looking toward tank
C      L(75)             REAL*4      length of pipe section

```

```

C   LFLOW      REAL*4      flow rate through pipe
C   PCHMB      REAL*4      chamber pressure
C   S          COMPLEX*8   complex frequency
C   SEGMN      INTEGER*2   number of pipe sections
C   TFLOW      REAL*4      total flow rate of engine
C
C   Local Variables
C   G(76)      COMPLEX*8   admittance looking toward tank
C   GRAV       REAL*4      gravitational constant (lbm-ft/lbf-sec^2)
C   I          INTEGER*2   do loop index
C   TL         REAL*4      intermediate variable
C   W          COMPLEX*8   normalized frequency
C   ZLINE      REAL*4      intermediate variable
C   ZOR        REAL*4      intermediate variable
C   ZTOP       REAL*4      intermediate variable
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE BENDS(PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,PIPE4,VALUE,DIME)
C       Computes effective straight pipe for bend
C
C       Variables in Argument List
C   DIME      REAL*4      effective diameter (ft)
C   PIPE1     REAL*4      radius of bend (ft)
C   PIPE2     REAL*4      angle of bend (degrees)
C   PIPE3     REAL*4      diameter of bend (ft)
C   PIPE4     REAL*4      length of end straight segments (ft)
C   VALUE     REAL*4      effective length (ft)
C
C       Local Variables
C   ARBND     REAL*4      area of bend
C   AREAB     REAL*4      effective area of bend
C   BENDR     REAL*4      bend angle in radians
C   GAMMA     REAL*4      intermediate variable
C   INERT     REAL*4      intermediate variable
C   INRAD     REAL*4      inside radius of bend
C   LBEND     REAL*4      intermediate variable
C   LPRME     REAL*4      intermediate variable
C   NEWLN     REAL*4      intermediate variable
C   OTRAD     REAL*4      outside radius of bend
C   RATIO     REAL*4      intermediate variable
C   X         REAL*4      intermediate variable
C   Y         REAL*4      intermediate variable
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE BOUND(PP,UP,SIGP,FUNB)
C       Evaluates the boundary function
C
C   Commons CMPVAL  INTVAL  RELVAL
C
C       Variables in Argument List
C   FUNB      COMPLEX*8   boundary function  $U' + RFA * P' + RFC * SIG'$ 
C   PP        COMPLEX*8    $P' = P_0 + P_1$ 
C   SIGP      COMPLEX*8    $SIG' = SIG_0 + SIG_1$ 
C   UP        COMPLEX*8    $U' = U_0 + U_1$ 
C

```

```

C
C COMPLEX FUNCTION CCOSH(S)
C     Evaluates the complex hyperbolic cosine
C
C           Variables in Argument List
C S           COMPLEX*8  complex frequency
C           Local Variables
C COSHI       REAL*4      intermediate variable
C COSHR       REAL*4      intermediate variable
C LAMDA       REAL*4      real part of complex frequency
C MU          REAL*4      imaginary part of complex frequency
C
C
C COMPLEX FUNCTION CSINH(S)
C     Evaluates the complex hyperbolic sine
C
C           Variables in Argument List
C S           COMPLEX*8  complex frequency
C           Local Variables
C LAMDA       REAL*4      real part of complex frequency
C MU          REAL*4      imaginary part of complex frequency
C SINHI       REAL*4      intermediate variable
C SINHR       REAL*4      intermediate variable
C
C
C COMPLEX FUNCTION CTANH(S)
C     Evaluates the complex hyperbolic tangent
C
C           Variables in Argument List
C S           COMPLEX*8  complex frequency
C           Local Variables
C CTAND       COMPLEX*8  hyperbolic sine
C CTANN       COMPLEX*8  hyperbolic cosine
C
C
C SUBROUTINE EVAL(X)
C     Evaluates parameters at a given x location
C
C Commons CMPVAL  INTVAL  RELVAL
C           Variables in Argument List
C X           REAL*4      axial location
C           Local Variables
C I           INTEGER*2  do loop index
C FAC        REAL*4      intermediate variable
C UB         REAL*4      intermediate variable
C
C
C COMPLEX FUNCTION FP1(XL)
C     Evaluates P1
C
C Commons CMPVAL  INTVAL  RELVAL
C           Variables in Argument List

```

```

C   XL                REAL*4    length of chamber
C   Local Variables
C   DX                REAL*4    integration increment
C   I                 INTEGER*2  do loop variable
C   VINT              COMPLEX*8  intermediate variable
C   X                 REAL*4    current x location
C
C
C   COMPLEX FUNCTION FSIGP(XL)
C       Evaluates SIG'
C
C   Commons CMPVAL  INTVAL  RELVAL
C   Variables in Argument List
C   XL                REAL*4    length of chamber
C   Local Variables
C   DX                REAL*4    integration increment
C   FAC               REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   FCON              COMPLEX*8  intermediate variable
C   FSIG2             COMPLEX*8  intermediate variable
C   I                 INTEGER*2  do loop index
C   II                INTEGER*2  do loop index
C   J                 INTEGER*2  do loop index
C   UB(51)            REAL*4    intermediate variable array
C   VINT(51)          COMPLEX*8  intermediate variable array
C   VVINT(51)         COMPLEX*8  intermediate variable array
C   X                 REAL*4    current x location
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE FUEL(S,GF)
C       Handles fuel piping logic
C
C   Common  PIPES
C   Variables in Argument List
C   GF                COMPLEX*8  admittance of fuel line looking toward tank
C   S                 COMPLEX*8  complex frequency
C   Local Variables
C   A                 REAL*4    speed of sound in the fluid (ft/sec)
C   ANS               CHAR*1    response to question
C   AREA(75)          REAL*4    area of pipe section (ft^2)
C   AREAB             REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   CMAN              REAL*4    manifold capacitance
C   CTANK             REAL*4    tank capacitance
C   DENS              REAL*4    density of fluid
C   DIA(75)           REAL*4    diameter of pipe section
C   DIME              REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   DPROR             REAL*4    pressure drop across orifices (lbf/ft^2)
C   FLOWL             REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   FUELIN            CHAR*24   name of file containing fuel piping data
C   GRAV              REAL*4    gravitational constant (lbf-ft/lbf-sec^2)
C   I                 INTEGER*2  do loop index
C   ISTRT             INTEGER*2  flag
C   KMAN              REAL*4    bulk modulus of manifold

```

```

C   KTANK          REAL*4      bulk modulus of tank
C   L(75)          REAL*4      length of pipe section
C   LFLOW          REAL*4      flow rate through pipe
C   PCHMB          REAL*4      chamber pressure
C   PIPE1(75)      REAL*4      first parameter of fuel pipe description
C   PIPE2(75)      REAL*4      second parameter of fuel pipe description
C   PIPE3(75)      REAL*4      third parameter of fuel pipe description
C   PIPE4(75)      REAL*4      fourth parameter of fuel pipe description
C   SECTN(75)      INTEGER*2    pipe section types
C   SEGMN          INTEGER*2    number of pipe sections
C   TFLOW          REAL*4      total flow rate of engine
C   TITLF          CHAR*20     title from fuel file
C   VALUE          REAL*4      intermediate variable
C   VOL            REAL*4      volume of tank
C   VOLMF          REAL*4      volume of manifold
C
C
C   COMPLEX FUNCTION FU1(XL)
C       Evaluates U1
C
C   Commons CMPVAL  INTVAL  RELVAL
C                   Variables in Argument List
C   XL              REAL*4      length of chamber
C                   Local Variables
C   DX              REAL*4      integration increment
C   I               INTEGER*2    do loop index
C   VINT            COMPLEX*8    intermediate variable
C   X               REAL*4      current x location
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE GINERT(BEND,X,Y)
C       Evaluates curve fit of inertance of bends
C
C                   Variables in Argument List
C   BEND            REAL*4      angle of bend (degrees)
C   X               REAL*4      ratio of inner to outer radius
C   Y               REAL*4      inertance
C                   Local Variables
C   A               REAL*4      intermediate variable
C   B(3)            REAL*4      coefficient array for inertance fit
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE ITER(ID,TOL)
C       Iterates for dependent variable
C
C   Commons CMPVAL  INTVAL  RELVAL  RESULT
C                   Variables in Argument List
C   ID              INTEGER*2    flag for dependent variable
C   TOL             REAL*4      convergence criteria
C                   Local Variables
C   FUN             REAL*4      intermediate variable
C   FUN1            REAL*4      intermediate variable

```

```

C      FUN2          REAL*4      intermediate variable
C      I            INTEGER*2    do loop index
C      VAL          REAL*4      intermediate variable
C      VAL1         REAL*4      intermediate variable
C      VAL2         REAL*4      intermediate variable
C
C
C      SUBROUTINE LOX(S,GOX)
C          Handles lox piping logic
C
C      Common  PIPES
C
C          Variables in Argument List
C      GOX      COMPLEX*8    admittance of lox line looking toward tank
C      S        COMPLEX*8    complex frequency
C
C          Local Variables
C      A        REAL*4      speed of sound in the fluid (ft/sec)
C      ANS      CHAR*1      response to question
C      AREA(75) REAL*4      area of pipe section (ft^2)
C      AREAB    REAL*4      intermediate variable
C      CMAN     REAL*4      manifold capacitance
C      CTANK    REAL*4      tank capacitance
C      DENS     REAL*4      density of fluid
C      DIA(75)  REAL*4      diameter of pipe section
C      DIME     REAL*4      intermediate variable
C      DPROR    REAL*4      pressure drop across orifices (lbf/ft^2)
C      FLOWL    REAL*4      intermediate variable
C      GRAV     REAL*4      gravitational constant (lbf-ft/lbf-sec^2)
C      I        INTEGER*2    do loop index
C      ISTRT    INTEGER*2    flag
C      KMAN     REAL*4      bulk modulus of manifold
C      KTANK    REAL*4      bulk modulus of tank
C      L(75)    REAL*4      length of pipe section
C      LFLOW    REAL*4      flow rate through pipe
C      LOXIN    CHAR*24      name of file containing lox piping data
C      PCHMB    REAL*4      chamber pressure
C      PIPE1(75) REAL*4      first parameter of fuel pipe description
C      PIPE2(75) REAL*4      second parameter of fuel pipe description
C      PIPE3(75) REAL*4      third parameter of fuel pipe description
C      PIPE4(75) REAL*4      fourth parameter of fuel pipe description
C      SECTN(75) INTEGER*2    pipe section types
C      SEGMR    INTEGER*2    number of pipe sections
C      TFLOW    REAL*4      total flow rate of engine
C      TITLO    CHAR*20      title from lox file
C      VALUE    REAL*4      intermediate variable
C      VOL      REAL*4      volume of tank
C      VOLMF    REAL*4      volume of manifold
C
C
C      SUBROUTINE NONDIM(HOLD)
C          Nondimensionalizes variables
C
C      Commons CMPVAL  DIMVAL  INTVAL  PIPES  RELVAL  TITL

```

```

C
C      Variables in Argument List
C      HOLD(20)      REAL*4      array for transferring variables
C
C      Local Variables
C      CAREA      REAL*4      area of chamber
C      CSTARD      REAL*4      intermediate variable
C      FAC      REAL*4      intermediate variable
C      GC      REAL*4      gravitational constant (lbm-ft/lbf-sec^2)
C      I      INTEGER*2      do loop index
C      PEXIT      REAL*4      exit pressure
C      PI      REAL*4      mathematical constant
C      RFAR      REAL*4      intermediate variable
C      RHOBAR(50)      REAL*4      intermediate variable array
C      TAREA      REAL*4      throat area
C      UBARD(50)      REAL*4      intermediate variable array
C      VAR(13)      CHAR*8      names of nondimensional variables
C      VARD(20)      CHAR*8      names of dimensional variables
C
C
C      SUBROUTINE PLTALL(X,Y,NOT,NOF,N,M,LABLX,LABLY,FREQ)
C          Plots n vs  $\tau$  for all frequencies
C
C      Commons FFACT      TITL
C
C      Variables in Argument List
C      FREQ(NOF)      REAL*4      frequency array
C      LABLX      CHAR*8      label for x axis
C      LABLY      CHAR*8      label for y axis
C      M      INTEGER*2      number of frequencies
C      N      INTEGER*2      number of tau's
C      NOF      INTEGER*2      maximum number of frequencies
C      NOT      INTEGER*2      maximum number of tau's
C      X(NOT)      REAL*4      tau array
C      Y(NOT,NOF)      REAL*4      n array
C
C      Local Variables
C      ASPECT      REAL*4      intermediate variable
C      FREQL      CHAR*16      label for frequency
C      I      INTEGER*2      do loop index
C      IBOARD      INTEGER*2      flag for type of graphics board used
C      ICOLR      INTEGER*2      color flag
C      IEXTEN      INTEGER*2      extension of key hit
C      IFIL      INTEGER*2      color flag
C      IKEY      INTEGER*2      code of key hit
C      ILIN      INTEGER*2      color flag
C      IOPT      INTEGER*2      intermediate variable
C      IXLAB      INTEGER*2      intermediate variable
C      IXPIX      INTEGER*2      intermediate variable
C      IYLAB      INTEGER*2      intermediate variable
C      IYPIX      INTEGER*2      intermediate variable
C      J      INTEGER*2      do loop index
C      JCOL1      INTEGER*2      starting plot column
C      JCOL2      INTEGER*2      ending plot column
C      JROW1      INTEGER*2      starting plot row
C      JROW2      INTEGER*2      ending plot row

```


C	LABFAC(7)	CHAR*8	labels
C	MODE	INTEGER*2	graphics mode
C	MODET	INTEGER*2	text mode
C	NCOLT	INTEGER*2	number oc text columns
C	RADHER(2)	CHAR*8	labels
C	XFAC	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	XLABL(2)	CHAR*8	label
C	XMAJC	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	XMAX	REAL*4	maximum x value for plot
C	XMIN	REAL*4	minimum x value for plot
C	XORG	REAL*4	plot x origin
C	YFAC	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	YLABL(2)	CHAR*8	label
C	YMAJ	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	YMAX	REAL*4	maximum y value for plot
C	YMIN	REAL*4	minimum y value for plot
C	YORG	REAL*4	plot y origin
C	YOVERX	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C			
C			
C	SUBROUTINE PLTVAR(X,Y,N,LABLX,LABLY,FREQ)		
C	Plots n vs τ for a single frequency		
C			
C	Commons FFACT	TITL	
C		Variables in Argument List	
C	FREQ	REAL*4	frequency
C	LABLX	CHAR*8	label for x axis
C	LABLY	CHAR*8	label for y axis
C	N	INTEGER*2	number of tau's
C	X(N)	REAL*4	tau array
C	Y(N)	REAL*4	n array
C		Local Variables	
C	ASPECT	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	FREQI	CHAR*29	label for frequency
C	I	INTEGER*2	do loop index
C	IBOARD	INTEGER*2	flag for type of graphics board used
C	ICOLR	INTEGER*2	color flag
C	IEXTEN	INTEGER*2	extension of key hit
C	IFIL	INTEGER*2	color flag
C	IKEY	INTEGER*2	code of key hit
C	ILIN	INTEGER*2	color flag
C	IOPT	INTEGER*2	intermediate variable
C	IXLAB	INTEGER*2	intermediate variable
C	IYLAB	INTEGER*2	intermediate variable
C	JCOL1	INTEGER*2	starting plot column
C	JCOL2	INTEGER*2	ending plot column
C	JROW1	INTEGER*2	starting plot row
C	JROW2	INTEGER*2	ending plot row
C	LABFAC(7)	CHAR*8	labels
C	MODE	INTEGER*2	graphics mode
C	MODET	INTEGER*2	text mode
C	NCOLT	INTEGER*2	number oc text columns

C	RADHER(2)	CHAR*8	labels
C	XFAC	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	XLABL(2)	CHAR*8	label
C	XMAJ	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	XMAX	REAL*4	maximum x value for plot
C	XMIN	REAL*4	minimum x value for plot
C	XORG	REAL*4	plot x origin
C	YFAC	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	YLABL(2)	CHAR*8	label
C	YMAJ	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C	YMAX	REAL*4	maximum y value for plot
C	YMIN	REAL*4	minimum y value for plot
C	YORG	REAL*4	plot y origin
C	YOVERX	REAL*4	intermediate variable
C			
C			
C	SUBROUTINE READIN		
C	Reads input data		
C			
C	Commons CMPVAL	DIMVAL INTVAL RELVAL TITL	
C		Local Variables	
C	ANS	CHAR*1	response to question
C	CDIAM	REAL*4	chamber diameter (ft)
C	DCSDRD	REAL*4	$d(cstar)/d(\text{mixture ratio})$ (ft/sec)
C	DHLDRD	REAL*4	$d(\text{enthalpy})/d(\text{mixture ratio})$ (ft/sec) ²
C	DTAUD	REAL*4	delta time lag (sec)
C	GAMMAD	REAL*4	ratio of specific heats
C	HOLD(20)	REAL*4	equivalenced to dimensioned variables
C	I	INTEGER*2	do loop index
C	IGO	INTEGER*2	path flag
C	II	INTEGER*2	do loop index
C	LAMDAD	REAL*4	real part of complex frequency
C	MBARD	REAL*4	mean combustion response function (lbm/sec)
C	MUD	REAL*4	imaginary part of complex frequency
C	NAME	CHAR*8	name of input parameter
C	ND	REAL*4	pressure interaction index
C	NRD	REAL*4	enthalpy interaction index
C	PCHMB	REAL*4	chamber pressure (lbf/ft ²)
C	POOD	REAL*4	maximum pressure at injection face
C	RBARD	REAL*4	mean mixture ratio
C	RGAS	REAL*4	gas constant (ft ² /sec ² / ^o R)
C	RHOLOD	REAL*4	mass of liquid per unit chamber vol (lbm/ft ³)
C	TAUD	REAL*4	sensitive time lag (sec)
C	TCHMB	REAL*4	chamber temperature (^o R)
C	TDIAM	REAL*4	throat diameter (ft)
C	ULOD	REAL*4	axial component of liquid velocity (ft/sec)
C	VALUE	REAL*4	value of input parameter
C	VAR(20)	CHAR*8	names of variables for printout
C	VARL(20)	CHAR*8	names of variables (lower case)
C	VARP(20)	CHAR*8	names of variables (upper case)
C	XLCD	REAL*4	x location of chamber-nozzle interface (ft)
C			

```

C
C SUBROUTINE SETVAL(VAL,ID)
C   Sets value from iterated variable
C
C Common DIMVAL
C   Variables in Argument List
C ID      INTEGER*2  pointer to variable
C VAL     REAL*4     value of variable
C
C
C SUBROUTINE SETVAR(VAL,ID)
C   Sets iterated variable from value
C
C Commons CMPVAL DIMVAL INTVAL RELVAL RESULT
C   Variables in Argument List
C ID      INTEGER*2  pointer to variable
C VAL     REAL*4     value of variable
C
C   Local Variables
C ASTAR   REAL*4     speed of sound at injector face
C CAREA   REAL*4     area of chamber
C CSTARD  REAL*4     intermediate variable
C FAC     REAL*4     intermediate variable
C GC      REAL*4     gravitational constant (lbm-ft/lbf-sec^2)
C I       INTEGER*2  do loop index
C PI      REAL*4     mathematical constant
C RHOBAR  REAL*4     intermediate variable
C RHOB1   REAL*4     intermediate variable
C TAREA   REAL*4     throat area
C UBARD   REAL*4     intermediate variable
C
C
C SUBROUTINE ZREAD(NAME,VALUE)
C   Reads input for input modification
C
C   Variables in Argument List
C NAME(8)  CHAR*1     name of input variable
C VALUE    REAL*4     value of input variable
C
C   Local Variables
C BLK      CHAR*1     ' '
C CARD(80) CHAR*1     card image
C CEND(3)  CHAR*1     'E','N','D'
C COMMA    CHAR*1     ','
C DCARD    CHAR*80    card image
C E        CHAR*1     'E'
C FRACT    REAL*4     fractional part of number
C I        INTEGER*2  do loop index
C ICOUNT   INTEGER*2  position counter
C ID       INTEGER*2  position counter
C II       INTEGER*2  position counter
C J        INTEGER*2  do loop index
C JJ       INTEGER*2  position counter
C LE      CHAR*1     'e'

```

C	LEND(3)	CHAR*1	'e','n','d'
C	MINUS	CHAR*1	'_'
C	NUMBER(10)	CHAR*1	'0','1','2','3','4','5','6','7','8','9'
C	PERIOD	CHAR*1	'.'
C	PLUS	CHAR*1	'+'
C	POUND	CHAR*1	'#'
C	QUEST	CHAR*1	'?'
C	SIGN	REAL*4	sign of number or exponent
C	WHOLE	REAL*4	WHOLE PART OF NUMBER
C			

```

      INTERFACE TO SUBROUTINE
1      clearsreen[FAR,C,ALIAS:"__clearsreen"] (area)
      INTEGER*2 area
      END
      EXTERNAL CLEARSCREEN
      COMMON /CMPVAL/X1,Y1,Z1,W1,M1,P0,P1,U0,U1,RFH,RFK,RFP,
*          S,GF,GOX,RFA,RFC
      COMMON /RELVAL/N,TAU,DTAU,NR,RBAR,MBAR,GAMMA,P00,DHLDR,CSTAR,
*          DCSDR,RHOLO,ULO,LAMDA,MU,TAUT,UBAR(50),XBAR(50),XLC
      COMMON /RESULT/PP,UP,SIGP,FUNB
      COMMON /INTVAL/NVAL
      COMMON /DIMVAL/HOLDD(20),XBARD(50),PBAR(50),TBAR(50)
      COMMON /TITL/TITLE,TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IYR,IMON,IDAY
      COMMON /FFACT/FFAC
      INTEGER*2 IHR,IMIN,ISEC,I100,IYR,IMON,IDAY
      CHARACTER*2 AM,PM,AP
      CHARACTER*60 TITLE
      CHARACTER*40 TITLF
      REAL YP(200,50),FREQ(50),TAULST(200)
      REAL MBAR,N,NR,LAMDA,MU,RVAR(13)
      COMPLEX S,X1,Y1,Z1,W1,M1,P0,P1,U0,U1,GF,GOX,RFH,RFK,RFP,RFA,RFC
      COMPLEX PP,UP,SIGP,FUNB,CVAR(17)
      EQUIVALENCE (N,RVAR(1)),(X1,CVAR(1))
      CHARACTER*8 VARP(3)
      CHARACTER*1 ANS
      CHARACTER*24 ROCIN,ROCOUT,ROCVAR
      CHARACTER*8 RADHER(2)
      DATA RADHER/' rad/sec',' Hertz '/
      DATA AM/'AM'/,PM/'PM'/
      DATA VARP/' n ','tau-sec ',' MU '/
      DATA TOL/.0001/
      DATA NOT/200/,NOF/50/
      DATA II/2/,ID/1/
1  FORMAT(A8,1PE13.5,2X,A8,E13.5,' FUNB=',2E13.5)
2  FORMAT(A)
3  FORMAT(/3X,A8,5X,A8,5X,' FUNB(R)',5X,' FUNB(I)'/)
4  FORMAT(1P6E13.5)
5  FORMAT(1H1/' FREQUENCY =',1PE13.5,A)
6  FORMAT(' ','A',' ')
7  FORMAT(2X,' ','A8',' ',3X,' ','A8',' ')
10 FORMAT(A40,2X,I2.2,':',I2.2,A2,3X,I2.2,'-',I2.2,'-',I2.2)
      CALL GETTIM(IHR,IMIN,ISEC,I100)

```

```

CALL GETDAT(IYR,IMON,IDAY)
IYR=IYR-1900
IF(IHR.LT.12) THEN
  AP=AM
ELSE
  AP=PM
  IF(IHR.GT.12) IHR=IHR-12
ENDIF
CALL CLEARSCREEN(0)
WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*'
WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*'
WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*' Welcome to SFREQ - an Intermediate Mode Program
WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*'
WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*' To send a plot to the printer
WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*'
WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*' The computer MUST be in GRAPHICS mode
WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*'
WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*' Hit PrScn to send the current plot to the printer
WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*'
WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*'
FFAC=1.0
WRITE(*,*)' '
WRITE(*,*)' If you want frequency in rad/sec, hit enter.'
WRITE(*,'(A\\)')' If you want it in Hertz, enter "H". '
READ(*,'(A)')ANS
IF(ANS.EQ.'H'.OR.ANS.EQ.'h') FFAC=6.283185
WRITE(*,*)' '
WRITE(*,*)' Are the files you are using'
WRITE(*,*)' IMODE.INP - input data'
WRITE(*,*)' IMODE.OUT - output data'
WRITE(*,'(A\\)')' Enter Y or N '
READ(*,2)ANS
IF(ANS.NE.'N'.AND.ANS.NE.'n') THEN
  OPEN(15,FILE='IMODE.INP')
  OPEN(16,FILE='IMODE.OUT')
ELSE
  WRITE(*,'(A\\)')' Enter name of file containing input '
  READ(*,2)ROGIN
  OPEN(15,FILE=ROGIN)
  WRITE(*,'(A\\)')' Enter name of file for output '
  READ(*,2)ROGOUT

```

```

      OPEN(16,FILE=ROCOU)
      ENDIF
      XLC=1.0
      WRITE(*,*)' '
      WRITE(*,*)' '
      WRITE(*,*)' '
      WRITE(*,*)' '
      WRITE(*,*)' '
      WRITE(*,*)' '
      WRITE(*,*)'
                               Welcome to IMODE'
      WRITE(*,*)' '
      WRITE(*,*)'
                               Intermediate Mode Rocket Stability Aide'
      WRITE(*,*)' '
      WRITE(*,*)' There are three types of input, rocket parameters,'
      WRITE(*,*)' Oxidizer feed parameters, and fuel feed parameters,'
      WRITE(*,*)' Each may be read from files or from the keyboard'
      WRITE(*,*)' '
      WRITE(*,*)'
                               File Name                               Input'
      WRITE(*,*)' '
      WRITE(*,*)' IMODE.INP or NAME read in Rocket Parameters '
      WRITE(*,*)' LOX.INP Oxidizer Parameters'
      WRITE(*,*)' FUEL.INP Fuel Parameters '
      WRITE(*,*)' '
      WRITE(*,*)' If keyboard entry, you will be prompted for values'
      GO TO 21
20  CONTINUE
      WRITE(*,*)' '
      WRITE(*,*(A\))' Do you want to run another case? Enter Y or N '
      READ(*,2)ANS
      IF(ANS.EQ.'N'.OR.ANS.EQ.'n') STOP
21  CONTINUE
      CALL READIN
22  CONTINUE
      WRITE(*,*)' '
231 CONTINUE
      WRITE(*,*)' Specify how frequency will be input -'
      WRITE(*,*)' Enter R for a range of values'
      WRITE(*,*)' Enter F for values in a file'
      WRITE(*,*)' Enter K (end with -999) to enter values ',
      * 'from keyboard'
      READ(*,2)ANS
      IF(ANS.EQ.'R'.OR.ANS.EQ.'r') THEN
2310 CONTINUE
      IF(FFAC.EQ.1.0) THEN
      WRITE(*,*)' Enter first and last values of frequency ',
      * 'in rad/sec and no. of points.'
      ELSE
      WRITE(*,*)' Enter first and last values of frequency ',
      * 'in hertz and no. of points.'
      ENDIF
      READ(*,*)STARTF,STOPF,NPTF
      IF(NPTF.GT.NO) THEN

```

```

        WRITE(*,*)' No. of points must be <',NOF
        GO TO 2310
    ENDIF
    IF(STOPF.EQ.0.0) STOPF=STARTF
    IF(NPTF.EQ.0) NPTF=1
    IF(NPTF.EQ.1) THEN
        DELF=0.0
    ELSE
        DELF=(STOPF-STARTF)/(NPTF-1)
    ENDIF
    DO 232 I=1,NPTF
        FREQ(I)=STARTF+DELF*(I-1)
232  CONTINUE
        GO TO 23
    ENDIF
    IF(ANS.EQ.'F'.OR.ANS.EQ.'f') THEN
        WRITE(*,*)' Is the frequency on IMODE.FRQ?'
        WRITE(*, '(A\))' )'          Enter Y or N '
        READ(*,2)ANS
        IF(ANS.NE.'N'.AND.ANS.NE.'n') THEN
            OPEN(19,FILE='IMODE.FRQ')
        ELSE
            WRITE(*, '(A\))' )' Enter name of file for frequency '
            READ(*,2)ROCVAR
            OPEN(19,FILE=ROCVAR)
        ENDIF
        READ(19,*)NPTF
        IF(NPTF.GT.NOF) THEN
            WRITE(*,*)' Too many points for program'
            GO TO 231
        ENDIF
        DO 233 I=1,NPTF
            READ(19,*)FREQ(I)
233  CONTINUE
            GO TO 23
        ENDIF
        IF(ANS.EQ.'K'.OR.ANS.EQ.'k') THEN
            NPTF=0
234  CONTINUE
            READ(*,*)VAR1
            IF(VAR1.EQ.-999) GO TO 23
            NPTF=NPTF+1
            FREQ(NPTF)=VAR1
            IF(NPTF.EQ.NOF) GO TO 23
            GO TO 234
        ELSE
            WRITE(*,*)' R, F, or K not entered, try again!'
            GO TO 231
        ENDIF
23  CONTINUE
        WRITE(*,*)' Specify how tau will be input -'
        WRITE(*,*)' Enter R for a range of values'

```

```

WRITE(*,*)' Enter F for values in a file'
WRITE(*,*)' Enter K to enter values from keyboard'
READ(*,2)ANS
IF(ANS.EQ.'R'.OR.ANS.EQ.'r') GO TO 24
IF(ANS.EQ.'F'.OR.ANS.EQ.'f') GO TO 26
IF(ANS.EQ.'K'.OR.ANS.EQ.'k') GO TO 28
WRITE(*,*)' R, F, or K not entered, try again!'
GO TO 23
24 CONTINUE
WRITE(*,*)' Enter first and last values of tau ',
* 'and no. of points.'
READ(*,*)STARTV,STOPV,NPTS
IF(NPTS.GT.NOT) THEN
WRITE(*,*)' No. of points must be <',NOT
GO TO 24
ENDIF
IF(STOPV.EQ.0.0) STOPV=STARTV
IF(NPTS.EQ.0) NPTS=1
IF(NPTS.EQ.1) THEN
DELVAL=0.0
ELSE
DELVAL=(STOPV-STARTV)/(NPTS-1)
ENDIF
DO 25 I=1,NPTS
TAULST(I)=STARTV+(I-1)*DELVAL
25 CONTINUE
GO TO 30
26 CONTINUE
WRITE(*,*)' Is tau on IMODE.TAU?'
WRITE(*,*(A\))' Enter Y or N '
READ(*,2)ANS
IF(ANS.NE.'N'.AND.ANS.NE.'n') THEN
OPEN(18,FILE='IMODE.TAU')
ELSE
WRITE(*,*(A\))' Enter name of file for tau '
READ(*,2)ROCVAR
OPEN(18,FILE=ROCVAR)
ENDIF
READ(18,*)NPTS
IF(NPTS.GT.NOT) THEN
WRITE(*,*)' Too many points for program'
GO TO 23
ENDIF
DO 27 I=1,NPTS
READ(18,*)TAULST(I)
27 CONTINUE
GO TO 30
28 CONTINUE
NPTS=0
29 CONTINUE
WRITE(*,*(A\))
* ' Enter new value for independent variable (-999 to stop) '

```



```

      READ(*,*,END=99)VAR1
      IF(VAR1.EQ.-999.0) GO TO 30
      NPTS=NPTS+1
      TAULST(I)=VAR1
      IF(NPTS.EQ.NOT) GO TO 30
      GO TO 29
30 CONTINUE
      DO 32 J=1,NPTF
      WRITE(16,2)TITLE
      WRITE(16,3)VARP(II),VARP(ID)
      IF(FFAC.EQ.1.0) THEN
        WRITE(16,5)FREQ(J),RADHER(1)
        WRITE(*,5)FREQ(J),RADHER(1)
      ELSE
        WRITE(16,5)FREQ(J),RADHER(2)
        WRITE(*,5)FREQ(J),RADHER(2)
      ENDIF
      WRITE(*,3)VARP(II),VARP(ID)
      VAR1=FFAC*FREQ(J)
      CALL SETVAR(VAR1,6)
      DO 31 I=1,NPTS
        VAR1=TAULST(I)
        CALL SETVAR(VAR1,II)
        CALL ITER(ID,TOL)
        WRITE(16,4)HOLDD(II),HOLDD(ID),FUNB
        WRITE(*,4)HOLDD(II),HOLDD(ID),FUNB
        YP(I,J)=HOLDD(ID)
31 CONTINUE
        WRITE(*,'(A\\)')
        * ' Do you wish to see n vs tau for this frequency? '
        READ(*,2)ANS
        IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') THEN
          CALL PLTVAR(TAULST,YP(1,J),NPTS,VARP(II),VARP(ID),FREQ(J))
        ENDIF
32 CONTINUE
        CALL PLTALL(TAULST,YP,NOT,NOF,NPTS,NPTF,VARP(II),VARP(ID),FREQ)
        GO TO 20
99 CONTINUE
      STOP
      END
      SUBROUTINE ADMIT(S,GADM,A,AREA,CMAN,CTANK,DPROR,L,LFLOW,PCHMB,
      *          SEGMN,TFLOW)
C      determines admittance looking toward tank
      COMPLEX CTANH,G(76),GADM,S,W
      REAL AREA(75),L(75),LFLOW
      INTEGER SEGMN
      COMMON /DIMVAL/AJUNK1(8),XLCD,AJUNK2(161)
      COMMON /PIPES/PFACE,TFACE,ASTAR
      DATA GRAV/32.2/
      W=S*ASTAR*2.0/XLCD
      G(1)=CTANK*W
      GADM=G(1)+1.0

```

```

ZTOP=A*TFLOW/(GRAV*PCHMB)
ZOR=2.0*DPROR*TFLOW/(LFLOW*PCHMB)
DO 21 I=2,SEGMN+1
  ZLINE=ZTOP/AREA(I-1)
  TL=L(I-1)/A
  G(I)=(1.0+CTANH(W*TL)/(G(I-1)*ZLINE))/(1.0+G(I-1)*ZLINE*
*   CTANH(W*TL))
  GADM=GADM*G(I)
  G(I)=G(I)*G(I-1)
21 CONTINUE
  G(SEGMN+2)=1.0+CMAN*W/G(SEGMN+1)
  GADM=GADM*G(SEGMN+2)
  G(SEGMN+2)=G(SEGMN+2)*G(SEGMN+1)
  G(SEGMN+3)=1.0/(1.0+ZOR*G(SEGMN+2))
  GADM=GADM*G(SEGMN+3)
  G(SEGMN+3)=G(SEGMN+3)*G(SEGMN+2)
  GADM=G(SEGMN+3)
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE BENDS(PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,PIPE4,VALUE,DIME)
C   Computes effective straight pipe for bend
REAL LBEND,INRAD,INERT,LPRME,NEWLN
BENDR=0.0174533*ABS(PIPE2)
LBEND=PIPE1*BENDR
ARBND=0.785398*PIPE3**2
INRAD=PIPE1-0.5*PIPE3
OTRAD=PIPE1+0.5*PIPE3
RATIO=INRAD/OTRAD
X=RATIO
CALL GINERT(ABS(PIPE2),X,Y)
INERT=(Y*(OTRAD-INRAD))/ARBND
LPRME=LBEND/ARBND
NEWLN=LPRME+INERT
GAMMA=NEWLN/LPRME
VALUE=GAMMA*(LBEND+2.0*PIPE4)
AREAB=ARBND/SQRT(GAMMA)
DIME=2.0*SQRT(AREAB/3.1415927)
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE BOUND(PP,UP,SIGP,FUNB)
C   Evaluates the boundary function
COMMON /CMPVAL/X1,Y1,Z1,W1,M1,P0,P1,U0,U1,RFH,RFK,RFP,
*   S,GF,GOX,RFA,RFC
COMMON /RELVAL/N,TAU,DTAU,NR,RBAR,MBAR,GAMMA,P00,DHLDR,CSTAR,
*   DCSDR,RHOLO,U0,LAMDA,MU,TAUT,UBAR(50),XBAR(50),XLC
COMMON /INTVAL/NVAL
REAL MBAR,N,NR,LAMDA,MU
COMPLEX S,X1,Y1,Z1,W1,M1,P0,P1,U0,GF,GOX,U1,RFH,RFK,RFP,RFA,RFC
COMPLEX FP1,FU1,FSIGP,PP,UP,SIGP,FUNB,CSINH,CCOSH
C   EVALUATE PP,UP,SIGP, AND FUNB
P1=FP1(XLC)
U1=FU1(XLC)

```

```

P0=P00*CCOSH(S*XLC)
U0=-(1.0/GAMMA)*P00*CSINH(S*XLC)
PP=P0+P1
UP=U0+U1
SIGP=FSIGP(XLC)
FUNB=UP+RFA*PP+RFC*SIGP
RETURN
END
COMPLEX FUNCTION CCOSH(S)
C   Evaluates the complex hyperbolic cosine
COMPLEX S
REAL LAMDA, MU
LAMDA=REAL(S)
MU=AIMAG(S)
COSHR=COSH(LAMDA)*COS(MU)
COSHI=SINH(LAMDA)*SIN(MU)
CCOSH=CMPLX(COSHR,COSHI)
RETURN
END
COMPLEX FUNCTION CSINH(S)
C   Evaluates the complex hyperbolic sine
COMPLEX S
REAL LAMDA, MU
LAMDA=REAL(S)
MU=AIMAG(S)
SINHR=SINH(LAMDA)*COS(MU)
SINHI=COSH(LAMDA)*SIN(MU)
CSINH=CMPLX(SINHR,SINHI)
RETURN
END
COMPLEX FUNCTION CTANH(S)
C   Evaluates the complex hyperbolic tangent
COMPLEX S, CTANN, CTAND, CSINH, CCOSH
CTANN=CSINH(S)
CTAND=CCOSH(S)
CTANH=(0.0,0.0)
IF(CTAND.NE.0.0) CTANH=CTANN/CTAND
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE EVAL(X)
C   Evaluates parameters at a given x location
COMMON /CMPVAL/X1,Y1,Z1,W1,M1,P0,P1,U0,U1,RFH,RFK,RFP,
*           S,GF,GOX,RFA,RFC
COMMON /RELVAL/N,TAU,DTAU,NR,RBAR,MBAR,GAMMA,P00,DHLDR,CSTAR,
*           DCSDR,RHOLO,ULO,LAMDA,MU,TAUT,UBAR(50),XBAR(50),XLC
COMMON /INTVAL/NVAL
REAL MBAR,N,NR,LAMDA,MU
COMPLEX S,X1,Y1,Z1,W1,M1,P0,P1,U0,U1,GF,GOX,RFH,RFK,RFP,RFA,RFC
COMPLEX CSINH,CCOSH
C   EVALUATE EVERYTHING EXCEPT PP,UP,SIGP
IF(NVAL.EQ.1) THEN
    UB=UBAR(1)

```

```

        GO TO 23
    ENDIF
    DO 21 I=2,NVAL
        IF(X.LE.XBAR(I)) GO TO 22
21 CONTINUE
    UB=UBAR(NVAL)
    GO TO 23
22 CONTINUE
    FAC=(X-XBAR(I-1))/(XBAR(I)-XBAR(I-1))
    UB=UBAR(I-1)+FAC*(UBAR(I)-UBAR(I-1))
23 CONTINUE
    RFH=(1.0+RBAR)*((RBAR/CSTAR)*DCSDR-NR*S*TAU)*(GOX
*   -RBAR*GF)/RBAR
    RFK=(1.0+S*TAUT)*(GOX+GF)
    RFP=N*(1.0-CEXP(S*TAU))
    P0=P00*CCOSH(S*X)
    U0=-(1.0/GAMMA)*P00*CSINH(S*X)
    X1=(GAMMA-1.0)*UB*U0+(1.0+RBAR)*DHLDR*(MBAR/S)
*   *CEXP(-S*TAUT)*(GOX-RBAR*GF)*P0
    Y1=-UB*P0
    Z1=(1.0/GAMMA)*UB*P0+RHOLO*ULO
    W1=2.0*UB*U0
    M1=MBAR*(CEXP(-S*TAUT)*(RFK+RFH)*P00-RFP*P0)
    RETURN
    END
    COMPLEX FUNCTION FP1(XL)
C      Evaluates P1
    COMMON /CMPVAL/X1,Y1,Z1,W1,M1,P0,P1,U0,U1,RFH,RFK,RFP,
*           S,GF,GOX,RFA,RFC
    COMMON /RELVAL/N,TAU,DTAU,NR,RBAR,MBAR,GAMMA,P00,DHLDR,CSTAR,
*           DCSDR,RHOLO,ULO,LAMDA,MU,TAUT,UBAR(50),XBAR(50),XLC
    COMMON /INTVAL/NVAL
    REAL MBAR,N,NR,LAMDA,MU
    COMPLEX S,X1,Y1,Z1,W1,M1,P0,P1,U0,U1,GF,GOX,RFH,RFK,RFP,RFA,RFC
    COMPLEX CSINH,CCOSH
    COMPLEX VINT
C      EVALUATE P1
    DX=XL/50.0
    FP1=CMPLX(0.0,0.0)
    DO 23 I=1,51
        X=(I-1)*DX
        CALL EVAL(X)
        VINT=(S*(W1-X1)+M1)*CSINH(S*(XL-X))
*       +S*(Y1+Z1)*CCOSH(S*(XL-X))
        IF(I.EQ.1.OR.I.EQ.51) THEN
            FP1=FP1+0.5*VINT*DX
        ELSE
            FP1=FP1+VINT*DX
        ENDIF
23 CONTINUE
    FP1=-GAMMA*(W1+FP1)
    RETURN

```

```

      END
      COMPLEX FUNCTION FSIGP(XL)
C      Evaluates SIG'
      COMMON /CMPVAL/X1,Y1,Z1,W1,M1,P0,P1,U0,U1,RFH,RFK,RFP,
*           S,GF,GOX,RFA,RFC
      COMMON /RELVAL/N,TAU,DTAU,NR,RBAR,MBAR,GAMMA,P00,DHLDR,CSTAR,
*           DCSDR,RHOLO,ULO,LAMDA,MU,TAUT,UBAR(50),XBAR(50),XLC
      COMMON /INTVAL/NVAL
      REAL MBAR,N,NR,LAMDA,MU
      COMPLEX S,X1,Y1,Z1,W1,M1,P0,P1,U0,U1,GF,GOX,RFH,RFK,RFP,RFA,RFC
      REAL UB(51)
      COMPLEX VINT(51),VVINT(51),FSIG2,FCON
C      EVALUATE FSIGP (INTEGRATION NOT CHANGED YET)
      DX=XL/50.0
      DO 23 I=1,51
        X=(I-1)*DX
        IF(NVAL.EQ.1) THEN
          UB(I)=UBAR(1)
          GO TO 23
        ENDIF
        DO 21 II=2,NVAL
          IF(X.LE.XBAR(II)) GO TO 22
21      CONTINUE
          II=NVAL
22      CONTINUE
          FAC=(X-XBAR(II-1))/(XBAR(II)-XBAR(II-1))
          UB(I)=UBAR(II-1)+FAC*(UBAR(II)-UBAR(II-1))
23      CONTINUE
          DO 24 I=1,51
            X=(I-1)*DX
            CALL EVAL(X)
            VINT(I)=((GAMMA-1.0)/GAMMA)*P0
            VVINT(I)=1.0/UB(I)
24      CONTINUE
            FCON=(1.0+RBAR)*DHLDR*(GOX-RBAR*GF)*P00
            *      *CEXP(-S*TAUT)
            DO 26 I=1,51
              FSIG2=CMPLX(0.0,0.0)
              DO 25 J=I,51
                IF(J.EQ.I.OR.J.EQ.51) THEN
                  FSIG2=FSIG2+0.5*VVINT(J)*DX
                ELSE
                  FSIG2=FSIG2+VVINT(J)*DX
                ENDIF
              25 CONTINUE
              FSIG2=CEXP(-S*FSIG2)
              VINT(I)=(VINT(I)+FCON)*MBAR*FSIG2
26      CONTINUE
              FSIGP=CMPLX(0.0,0.0)
              DO 27 I=1,51
                IF(I.EQ.1.OR.I.EQ.51) THEN
                  FSIGP=FSIGP+0.5*VINT(I)*DX

```

```

        ELSE
            FSIGP=FSIGP+VINT(I)*DX
        ENDIF
27 CONTINUE
    FSIGP=-FSIGP/UB(51)
    RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE FUEL(S,GF)
C    Handles fuel piping logic
COMMON /PIPES/PFACE,TFACE,ASTAR
COMPLEX GF,S
REAL AREA(75),DIA(75),L(75),KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW
REAL PIPE1(75),PIPE2(75),PIPE3(75),PIPE4(75)
INTEGER SEGMN,SECTN(75)
CHARACTER*24 FUELIN
CHARACTER*20 TITLF
CHARACTER*1 ANS
DATA ISTRT/0/,GRAV/32.2/
1 FORMAT(E15.6)
2 FORMAT(I5,4E15.6)
IF(ISTRT.EQ.0) THEN
    ISTRT=1
    WRITE(*,*)' Is the file with fuel line data FUEL.INP?'
    WRITE(*,'(A\)' )'          Enter Y or N '
    READ(*,'(A\)' )ANS
    IF(ANS.NE.'N'.AND.ANS.NE.'n') THEN
        OPEN(UNIT=11,FILE='FUEL.INP')
    ELSE
        WRITE(*,'(A\)' )' Enter name of file with fuel line data '
        READ(*,'(A\)' )FUELIN
        OPEN(11,FILE=FUELIN)
    ENDIF
C    FUEL TITLE
    READ(11,'(A\)' )TITLF
C    TANK CONDITIONS
    READ(11,1)VOL
    READ(11,1)LFLOW
    READ(11,1)KTANK
C    MANIFOLD CONDITIONS
    READ(11,1)DENS
    READ(11,1)TFLOW
    READ(11,1)VOLMF
    READ(11,1)KMAN
    READ(11,1)PCHMB
C    ORFICE CONDITION
    READ(11,1)DPROR
    A=SQRT(GRAV*KTANK/DENS)
    CTANK=(DENS*VOL*PCHMB)/(KTANK*TFLOW)
    CMAN=(DENS*VOLMF*PCHMB)/(KMAN*TFLOW)
C    PIPING
    READ(11,2)SEGMN
    DO 21 I=1,SEGMN

```

```

      READ(11,2)SECTN(I),PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I),PIPE4(I)
      IF(SECTN(I).EQ.0) THEN
        CALL BENDS(PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I),PIPE4(I),VALUE,DIME)
      ELSE
        VALUE=PIPE1(I)
        DIME=PIPE2(I)
      ENDIF
      AREAB=0.785398*DIME**2
      L(I)=VALUE
      AREA(I)=AREAB
      DIA(I)=DIME
21  CONTINUE
      ENDIF
      FLOWL=LFLOW*TFACE/TFLOW
      CTANK=(DENS*VOL*PFACE)/(KTANK*TFACE)
      CMAN=(DENS*VOLMF*PFACE)/(KMAN*TFACE)
      CALL ADMIT(S,GF,A,AREA,CMAN,CTANK,DPROR,L,FLOWL,PFACE,
*          SEGMN,TFACE)
      RETURN
      END
      COMPLEX FUNCTION FU1(XL)
C      Evaluates U1
      COMMON /CMPVAL/X1,Y1,Z1,W1,M1,P0,P1,U0,U1,RFH,RFK,RFP,
*          S,GF,GOX,RFA,RFC
      COMMON /RELVAL/N,TAU,DTAU,NR,RBAR,MBAR,GAMMA,P00,DHLDR,CSTAR,
*          DCSDR,RHOLO,ULO,LAMDA,MU,TAUT,UBAR(50),XBAR(50),XLC
      COMMON /INTVAL/NVAL
      REAL MBAR,N,NR,LAMDA,MU
      COMPLEX S,X1,Y1,Z1,W1,M1,P0,P1,U0,U1,GF,GOX,RFH,RFK,RFP,RFA,RFC
      COMPLEX CSINH,CCOSH
      COMPLEX VINT
C      EVALUATE U1
      DX=XL/50.0
      FU1=CMPLX(0.0,0.0)
      DO 23 I=1,51
        X=(I-1)*DX
        CALL EVAL(X)
        VINT=(S*(W1-X1)+M1)*CCOSH(S*(XL-X))
*          +S*(Y1+Z1)*CSINH(S*(XL-X))
        IF(I.EQ.1.OR.I.EQ.51) THEN
          FU1=FU1+0.5*VINT*DX
        ELSE
          FU1=FU1+VINT*DX
        ENDIF
23  CONTINUE
      FU1=Y1+FU1
      RETURN
      END
      SUBROUTINE GINERT(BEND,X,Y)
C      Evaluates curve fit of inertance of bends
      DIMENSION B(3)
      DATA B/0.0,0.7877014E-02,-0.2814679E-04/

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A=B(1)+(B(2)+B(3)*BEND)*BEND
Y=A*(X-1.0)**2
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE ITER(ID,TOL)
C   Iterates for dependent variable
COMMON /CMPVAL/X1,Y1,Z1,W1,M1,P0,P1,U0,U1,RFH,RFK,RFP,
*       S,GF,GOX,RFA,RFC
COMMON /RELVAL/N,TAU,DTAU,NR,RBAR,MBAR,GAMMA,P00,DHLDR,CSTAR,
*       DCSDR,RHOLO,ULO,LAMDA,MU,TAUT,UBAR(50),XBAR(50),XLC
COMMON /INTVAL/NVAL
COMMON /RESULT/PP,UP,SIGP,FUNB
REAL MBAR,N,NR,LAMDA,MU,RVAR(13)
COMPLEX S,X1,Y1,Z1,W1,M1,P0,P1,U0,U1,GF,GOX,RFH,RFK,RFP,RFA,RFC
COMPLEX PP,UP,SIGP,FUNB,CVAR(17)
EQUIVALENCE (N,RVAR(1)),(X1,CVAR(1))
CALL SETVAL(VAL1,ID)
CALL BOUND(PP,UP,SIGP,FUNB)
FUN1=REAL(FUNB)
IF(ABS(FUN1).LE.TOL) GO TO 22
VAL2=1.01*VAL1
IF(VAL1.EQ.0) VAL2=0.01
CALL SETVAR(VAL2,ID)
CALL BOUND(PP,UP,SIGP,FUNB)
FUN2=REAL(FUNB)
IF(ABS(FUN2).LE.TOL) GO TO 22
IF(FUN1.EQ.FUN2) THEN
  VAL=VAL1+VAL2
ELSE
  VAL=VAL1-FUN1*(VAL2-VAL1)/(FUN2-FUN1)
ENDIF
IF(ABS(FUN2).LT.ABS(FUN1)) THEN
  FUN=FUN2
  FUN2=FUN1
  FUN1=FUN
  VAL=VAL2
  VAL2=VAL1
  VAL1=VAL
ENDIF
DO 21 I=1,20
  CALL SETVAR(VAL,ID)
  CALL BOUND(PP,UP,SIGP,FUNB)
  FUN=REAL(FUNB)
  IF(ABS(FUN).LE.TOL) GO TO 22
  IF(ABS(FUN).LT.ABS(FUN1)) THEN
    FUN2=FUN1
    FUN1=FUN
    VAL2=VAL1
    VAL1=VAL
  ELSE
    FUN2=FUN
    VAL2=VAL
  
```



```

ENDIF
IF(FUN1.EQ.FUN2) THEN
  IF(VAL1.EQ.VAL2) THEN
    VAL=VAL1+VAL2
  ELSE
    VAL=0.5*(VAL1+VAL2)
  ENDIF
ELSE
  VAL=VAL1-FUN1*(VAL2-VAL1)/(FUN2-FUN1)
ENDIF
21 CONTINUE
WRITE(*,*)' FAILED TO CONVERGE after 20 iterations'
22 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE LOX(S,GOX)
C   Handles lox piping logic
COMMON /PIPES/PFACE,TFACE,ASTAR
COMPLEX GOX,S
REAL AREA(75),DIA(75),L(75),KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW
REAL PIPE1(75),PIPE2(75),PIPE3(75),PIPE4(75)
INTEGER SEGMN,SECTN(75)
CHARACTER*24 LOXIN
CHARACTER*20 TITLO
CHARACTER*1 ANS
DATA ISTRT/0/,GRAV/32.2/
1 FORMAT(E15.6)
2 FORMAT(I5,4E15.6)
IF(ISTRT.EQ.0) THEN
  ISTRT=1
  WRITE(*,*)' Is the file with lox line data LOX.INP?'
  WRITE(*, '(A\))') '          Enter Y or N '
  READ(*, '(A\))')ANS
  IF(ANS.NE.'N'.AND.ANS.NE.'n') THEN
    OPEN(UNIT=10,FILE='LOX.INP')
  ELSE
    WRITE(*, '(A\))') ' Enter name of file with lox line data '
    READ(*, '(A\))')LOXIN
    OPEN(10,FILE=LOXIN)
  ENDIF
C   LOX TITLE
  READ(10, '(A\))')TITLO
C   TANK CONDITIONS
  READ(10,1)VOL
  READ(10,1)LFLOW
  READ(10,1)KTANK
C   MANIFOLD CONDITIONS
  READ(10,1)DENS
  READ(10,1)TFLOW
  READ(10,1)VOLMF
  READ(10,1)KMAN
  READ(10,1)PCHMB

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C      ORFICE CONDITION
      READ(10,1)DPROR
      A=SQRT(GRAV*KTANK/DENS)
      CTANK=(DENS*VOL*PCHMB)/(KTANK*TFLOW)
      CMAN=(DENS*VOLMF*PCHMB)/(KMAN*TFLOW)
C      PIPING
      READ(10,2)SEGMN
      DO 21 I=1,SEGMN
        READ(10,2)SECTN(I),PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I),PIPE4(I)
        IF(SECTN(I).EQ.0) THEN
          CALL BENDS(PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I),PIPE4(I),VALUE,DIME)
        ELSE
          VALUE=PIPE1(I)
          DIME=PIPE2(I)
        ENDIF
        AREAB=0.785398*DIME**2
        L(I)=VALUE
        AREA(I)=AREAB
        DIA(I)=DIME
21    CONTINUE
      ENDIF
      FLOWL=LFLOW*TFACE/TFLOW
      CTANK=(DENS*VOL*PFACE)/(KTANK*TFACE)
      CMAN=(DENS*VOLMF*PFACE)/(KMAN*TFACE)
      CALL ADMIT(S,GOX,A,AREA,CMAN,CTANK,DPROR,L,FLOWL,PFACE,
*          SEGMN,TFACE)
      RETURN
      END
      SUBROUTINE NONDIM(HOLD)
C      Nondimensionalizes variables
      COMMON /CMPVAL/X1,Y1,Z1,W1,M1,P0,P1,U0,U1,RFH,RFK,RFP,
*          S,GF,GOX,RFA,RFC
      COMMON /RELVAL/N,TAU,DTAU,NR,RBAR,MBAR,GAMMA,P00,DHLDR,CSTAR,
*          DCSDR,RHOLO,ULO,LAMDA,MU,TAUT,UBAR(50),XBAR(50),XLC
      COMMON /INTVAL/NVAL
      COMMON /DIMVAL/HOLDD(20),XBARD(50),PBAR(50),TBAR(50)
      COMMON /PIPES/PFACE,TFACE,ASTAR
      COMMON /TITL/TITLE,TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IYR,IMON,IDAY
      INTEGER*2 IHR,IMIN,IYR,IMON,IDAY
      CHARACTER*2 AP
      CHARACTER*60 TITLE
      CHARACTER*40 TITLF
      REAL MBAR,N,NR,LAMDA,MU,RVAR(15)
      REAL MBARD,ND,NRD,LAMDAD,MUD
      REAL HOLD(20),UBARD(50),RHOBAR(50)
      COMPLEX S,X1,Y1,Z1,W1,M1,P0,P1,U0,U1,GF,GOX,RFH,RFK,RFP,RFA,RFC
      COMPLEX CVAR(17)
      CHARACTER*8 VAR(13),VARD(20)
      EQUIVALENCE (N,RVAR(1)),(X1,CVAR(1))
      EQUIVALENCE
*      (ND,HOLDD(1)),(TAUD,HOLDD(2)),(DTAUD,HOLDD(3)),
*      (NRD,HOLDD(4)),(LAMDA,HOLDD(5)),(MUD,HOLDD(6)),

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*      (CDIAM,HOLDD(7)),(TDIAM,HOLDD(8)),(XLCD,HOLDD(9)),
*      (GAMMAD,HOLDD(10)),(RGAS,HOLDD(11)),(POOD,HOLDD(12)),
*      (MBARD,HOLDD(13)),(RBARD,HOLDD(14)),(DCSDRD,HOLDD(15)),
*      (DHLDRD,HOLDD(16)),(RHOLOD,HOLDD(17)),(ULOD,HOLDD(18)),
*      (PCHMB,HOLDD(19)),(TCHMB,HOLDD(20))
DATA VAR/'      N=',',      TAU=',',      DTAU=',',      NR=',',      RBAR=',
*      ',      MBAR=',',      GAMMA=',',      P00=',',      DHLDR=',',      CSTAR=',
*      ',      DCSDR=',',      RHOLO=',',      ULO=','/
DATA VARD/'      N =',',      TAU =',',      DTAU =',',      NR =',',      LAMDA =',
*      ',      MU =',',      CDIAM =',',      TDIAM =',',      XLC =',',      GAMMA =',
*      ',      RGAS =',',      P00 =',',      MBAR =',',      RBAR =',',      DCSDR =',
*      ',      DHLDR =',',      RHOLO =',',      ULO =',',      PCHMB =',',      TCHMB =','/
DATA PI/3.141593/,GC/32.174/
1 FORMAT(A)
2 FORMAT(A8,1PE13.5,2X,A8,E13.5,2X,A8,E13.5)
3 FORMAT(' ')

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```

C
C      N      - HOLD(1)
C      TAU     - HOLD(2)
C      DTAU    - HOLD(3)
C      NR      - HOLD(4)
C      LAMDA   - HOLD(5)
C      MU      - HOLD(6)
C      CDIAM   - HOLD(7)
C      TDIAM   - HOLD(8)
C      XLC     - HOLD(9)
C      GAMMA   - HOLD(10)
C      RGAS    - HOLD(11)
C      P00     - HOLD(12)
C      MBAR    - HOLD(13)
C      RBAR    - HOLD(14)
C      DCSDR   - HOLD(15)
C      DHLDR   - HOLD(16)
C      RHOLO   - HOLD(17)
C      ULO     - HOLD(18)
C      PCHMB   - HOLD(19)
C      TCHMB   - HOLD(20)
C      PBAR    - PBAR
C      TBAR    - TBAR
C      XBAR    - XBARD
C
C      PCHMB = PBAR(1)
C      TFLOW = LFLOW(LOX) + LFLOW(FUEL)
C      LFLOW = LINE FLOW OF LOX OR FUEL
C

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DO 21 I=1,20
  HOLDD(I)=HOLD(I)
21 CONTINUE
IF(PCHMB.NE.PBAR(1)) THEN
  FAC=PCHMB/PBAR(1)
  DO 22 I=1,NVAL
    PBAR(I)=FAC*PBAR(I)
  22 CONTINUE

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```

22 CONTINUE
ENDIF
IF(TCHMB.NE.TBAR(1)) THEN
    FAC=TCHMB/TBAR(1)
    DO 23 I=1,NVAL
        TBAR(I)=FAC*TBAR(I)
23 CONTINUE
ENDIF
CAREA=0.25*PI*CDIAM**2
WRITE(16,3)
WRITE(16,*)' CAREA=',CAREA
TAREA=0.25*PI*TDIAM**2
WRITE(16,*)' TAREA=',TAREA
PFACE=PBAR(1)
PEXIT=PBAR(NVAL)
TFACE=MBARD
ASTAR=SQRT(GAMMAD*RGAS*TBAR(1))
WRITE(16,*)' ASTAR=',ASTAR
CSTARD=PEXIT*TAREA*GC/MBARD
WRITE(16,*)' CSTARD=',CSTARD
DO 24 I=1,NVAL
    RHOBAR(I)=PBAR(I)*GC/(RGAS*TBAR(I))
    WRITE(16,*)' RHOBAR=',RHOBAR(I)
    UBARD(I)=MBARD/(RHOBAR(I)*CAREA)
    WRITE(16,*)' UBARD=',UBARD(I)
24 CONTINUE
N=ND
TAU=TAUD*ASTAR/XLCD
DTAU=DTAUD*ASTAR/XLCD
TAUT=TAU+DTAU
NR=NRD
RBAR=RBARD
MBAR=MBARD/(RHOBAR(1)*ASTAR*CAREA/XLCD)
GAMMA=GAMMAD
P00=P0OD/PBAR(1)
DHLDR=DHLDRD
CSTAR=CSTARD/ASTAR
DCSDR=DCSDRD/ASTAR
RHOLO=RHOLOD/RHOBAR(1)
ULO=ULOD/ASTAR
LAMDA=LAMDAD*XLCD/ASTAR
MU=MUD*XLCD*PI/ASTAR
XLC=1.0
DO 25 I=1,NVAL
    XBAR(I)=XBARD(I)/XLCD
    UBAR(I)=UBARD(I)/ASTAR
25 CONTINUE
S=CMPLX(LAMDA,MU)
CALL FUEL(S,GF)
CALL LOX(S,GOX)
RFAR=(GAMMA-1.0)*UBAR(1)/(2.0*GAMMA)
RFA=CMPLX(RFAR,0.0)

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RFC=CMPLX(0.0,0.0)
WRITE(*,*)' '
WRITE(*,1)TITLE
WRITE(*,*)'                                DIMENSIONAL VARIABLES'
WRITE(*,('' NVAL='',I5))'NVAL
WRITE(*,('' XBAR='',1P4E13.5/(8X,4E13.5))')(XBAR(I),I=1,NVAL)
WRITE(*,('' UBAR='',1P4E13.5/(8X,4E13.5))')(UBAR(I),I=1,NVAL)
WRITE(*,2)(VARD(I),HOLDD(I),I=1,20)
WRITE(16,3)
WRITE(16,1)TITLE
WRITE(16,3)
WRITE(16,*)'                                DIMENSIONAL VARIABLES'
WRITE(16,('' NVAL='',I5))'NVAL
WRITE(16,('' XBAR='',1P4E13.5/(8X,4E13.5))')(XBAR(I),I=1,NVAL)
WRITE(16,('' UBAR='',1P4E13.5/(8X,4E13.5))')(UBAR(I),I=1,NVAL)
WRITE(16,2)(VARD(I),HOLDD(I),I=1,20)
WRITE(*,*)'                                NON-DIMENSIONAL VARIABLES'
WRITE(*,('' NVAL='',I5))'NVAL
WRITE(*,('' XBAR='',1P4E13.5/(8X,4E13.5))')(XBAR(I),I=1,NVAL)
WRITE(*,('' UBAR='',1P4E13.5/(8X,4E13.5))')(UBAR(I),I=1,NVAL)
WRITE(*,('' S='',1P2E13.5))'LAMDA,MU
WRITE(*,2)(VAR(I),RVAR(I),I=1,13)
WRITE(*,('' GF='',1P2E13.5,5X,'' GOX='',2E13.5))'GF,GOX
WRITE(*,('' RFA='',1P2E13.5,5X,'' RFC='',2E13.5))'RFA,RFC
WRITE(16,3)
WRITE(16,*)'                                NON-DIMENSIONAL VARIABLES'
WRITE(16,('' NVAL='',I5))'NVAL
WRITE(16,('' XBAR='',1P4E13.5/(8X,4E13.5))')(XBAR(I),I=1,NVAL)
WRITE(16,('' UBAR='',1P4E13.5/(8X,4E13.5))')(UBAR(I),I=1,NVAL)
WRITE(16,('' S='',1P2E13.5))'LAMDA,MU
WRITE(16,2)(VAR(I),RVAR(I),I=1,13)
WRITE(16,('' GF='',1P2E13.5,5X,'' GOX='',2E13.5))'GF,GOX
WRITE(16,('' RFA='',1P2E13.5,5X,'' RFC='',2E13.5))'RFA,RFC
WRITE(*,'(A\))') Hit ENTER to continue '
READ(*,*)
RETURN
END

```

```

SUBROUTINE PLTALL(X,Y,NOT,NOF,N,M,LABLX,LABLY,FREQ)
C   Plots n vs  $\tau$  for all frequencies
  DIMENSION X(NOT),Y(NOT,NOF),FREQ(NOF)
  CHARACTER*8 LABLX,LABLY,LABFAC(7)
  CHARACTER*8 XLABL(2),YLABL(2)
  CHARACTER*16 FREQL
  COMMON /TITL/TITLE,TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IYR,IMON,IDAY
  INTEGER*2 IHR,IMIN,IYR,IMON,IDAY
  CHARACTER*2 AP
  CHARACTER*60 TITLE
  CHARACTER*40 TITLF
  COMMON /FFACT/FFAC
  CHARACTER*8 RADHER(2)
  DATA RADHER/' rad/sec',' Hertz '/
  DATA LABFAC/' ',' x 10 ',' x 100 ',' x 1000 ',

```

```

*          ' x-10    ',' x-100  ',' x-1000  '/
DATA ASPECT/1.35/
1 FORMAT(F8.1,A)
CALL QRMODE(MODET,NCOLT)
CALL QVIDBD(IBOARD)
IF(IBOARD.LT.1.OR.IBOARD.GT.3) THEN
  WRITE(*,*)' Graphics board not installed!'
  RETURN
ENDIF
IF(IBOARD.EQ.1)  MODE=6
IF(IBOARD.EQ.2)  MODE=16
IF(IBOARD.EQ.3)  MODE=18
YMIN=Y(1,1)
YMAX=Y(N,1)
XMIN=X(1)
XMAX=X(N)
DO 21 I=1,N
  IF(XMIN.GT.X(I)) XMIN=X(I)
  IF(XMAX.LT.X(I)) XMAX=X(I)
DO 21 J=1,M
  IF(YMIN.GT.Y(I,J)) YMIN=Y(I,J)
  IF(YMAX.LT.Y(I,J)) YMAX=Y(I,J)
21 CONTINUE
IF(YMIN.GT.0.0) YMIN=0.0
IXLAB=1
IF(XMAX.LT.0.1) IXLAB=2
IF(XMAX.LT.0.01) IXLAB=3
IF(XMAX.LT.0.001) IXLAB=4
IF(XMAX.GT.10.0) IXLAB=5
IF(XMAX.GT.100.0) IXLAB=6
IF(XMAX.GT.1000.0) IXLAB=7
IYLAB=1
IF(YMAX.LT.0.1) IYLAB=2
IF(YMAX.LT.0.01) IYLAB=3
IF(YMAX.LT.0.001) IYLAB=4
IF(YMAX.GT.10.0) IYLAB=5
IF(YMAX.GT.100.0) IYLAB=6
IF(YMAX.GT.1000.0) IYLAB=7
IF(IXLAB.NE.1) THEN
  IF(IXLAB.EQ.2) XFAC=10.0
  IF(IXLAB.EQ.3) XFAC=100.0
  IF(IXLAB.EQ.4) XFAC=1000.0
  IF(IXLAB.EQ.5) XFAC=0.01
  IF(IXLAB.EQ.6) XFAC=0.001
  IF(IXLAB.EQ.7) XFAC=0.0001
  XMIN=XMIN*XFAC
  XMAX=XMAX*XFAC
DO 22 I=1,N
  X(I)=X(I)*XFAC
22 CONTINUE
ENDIF
IF(IYLAB.NE.1) THEN

```

```

      IF(IYLAB.EQ.2) YFAC=10.0
      IF(IYLAB.EQ.3) YFAC=100.0
      IF(IYLAB.EQ.4) YFAC=1000.0
      IF(IYLAB.EQ.5) YFAC=0.01
      IF(IYLAB.EQ.6) YFAC=0.001
      IF(IYLAB.EQ.7) YFAC=0.0001
      YMIN=YMIN*YFAC
      YMAX=YMAX*YFAC
      DO 23 J=1,M
      DO 23 I=1,N
        Y(I,J)=Y(I,J)*YFAC
23  CONTINUE
      ENDIF
      XLABL(1)=LABLX
      XLABL(2)=LABFAC(IXLAB)
      YLABL(1)=LABLY
      YLABL(2)=LABFAC(IYLAB)
      XMAJ=0.2*(XMAX-XMIN)
      YMAJ=0.2*(YMAX-YMIN)
      ICOLR=4
      IFIL=3
      ILIN=1
      CALL QSMODE(MODE)
      IF(IBOARD.NE.1) THEN
        CALL QPREG(0,ICOLR)
      ENDIF
      JCOL1=150
      JCOL2=500
      JROW1=40
      IF(MODE.EQ.6) JROW1=60
      JROW2=149
      IF(MODE.EQ.16) JROW2=299
      IF(MODE.EQ.18) JROW2=419
      XORG=XMIN
      YORG=YMIN
      YOVERX=1.0
      IOPT=0
      IF(MODE.NE.18) THEN
        CALL QPTXT(60,TITLE,7,5,23)
      ELSE
        CALL QPTXT(60,TITLE,7,5,29)
      ENDIF
      CALL QPTXT(8,YLABL(1),7,2,15)
      CALL QPTXT(8,YLABL(2),7,2,14)
      CALL QPLOT(JCOL1,JCOL2,JROW1,JROW2,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,
*           XORG,YORG,IOPT,YOVERX,ASPECT)
      CALL QSETUP(0,ILIN,-2,IFIL)
      CALL QXAXIS(XMIN,XMAX,0.0,0,0,0)
      CALL QPTXTA(16,XLABL,7)
      CALL QXAXIS(XMIN,XMAX,XMAJ,0,-1,2)
      CALL QYAXIS(YMIN,YMAX,YMAJ,0,-1,2)
      DO 24 J=1,M

```

```

      IF(FFAC.EQ.1.0) THEN
        WRITE(FREQL,1)FREQ(J),RADHER(1)
      ELSE
        WRITE(FREQL,1)FREQ(J),RADHER(2)
      ENDIF
      IF(MOD(J,2).EQ.0) THEN
        CALL QSETUP(0,ILIN+1,-2,IFIL)
      ELSE
        CALL QSETUP(0,ILIN,-2,IFIL)
      ENDIF
      CALL QTABL(1,N,X,Y(1,J))
      CALL QRTOI(X(N),Y(N,J),IXPIX,IYPIX)
      IYPIX=IYPIX-5
      IXPIX=IXPIX+2
      CALL QGTX(16,FREQL,7,IXPIX,IYPIX,0)
24 CONTINUE
25 CONTINUE
      CALL QONKEY(IKEY)
      IF(IKEY.EQ.0) GO TO 25
      CALL QINKEY(IEXTEN,IKEY)
      CALL QSMODE(MODET)
      IF(IXLAB.NE.1) THEN
        DO 31 I=1,N
          X(I)=X(I)/XFAC
31 CONTINUE
      ENDIF
      IF(IYLAB.NE.1) THEN
        DO 32 J=1,M
          DO 32 I=1,N
            Y(I,J)=Y(I,J)/YFAC
32 CONTINUE
      ENDIF
      RETURN
      END
      SUBROUTINE PLTVAR(X,Y,N,LABLX,LABLY,FREQ)
C      Plots n vs  $\tau$  for a single frequency
      DIMENSION X(N),Y(N)
      CHARACTER*8 LABLX,LABLY,LABFAC(7)
      CHARACTER*8 XLABL(2),YLABL(2)
      COMMON /TITL/TITLE,TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IYR,IMON,IDAY
      COMMON /FFACT/FFAC
      INTEGER*2 IHR,IMIN,IYR,IMON,IDAY
      CHARACTER*2 AP
      CHARACTER*60 TITLE
      CHARACTER*40 TITLF
      CHARACTER*29 FREQL
      CHARACTER*8 RADHER(2)
      DATA RADHER/' rad/sec',' Hertz '/
      DATA LABFAC/' ',' x 10 ',' x 100 ',' x 1000 ','
      *          ' ',' x-10 ',' x-100 ',' x-1000 '/
      DATA ASPECT/1.35/
1 FORMAT('frequency =',F10.3,A)

```



```

CALL QRMODE(MODET,NCOLT)
CALL QVIDBD(IBOARD)
IF(IBOARD.LT.1.OR.IBOARD.GT.3) THEN
  WRITE(*,*)' Graphics board not installed!'
  RETURN
ENDIF
IF(IBOARD.EQ.1)  MODE=6
IF(IBOARD.EQ.2)  MODE=16
IF(IBOARD.EQ.3)  MODE=18
XMIN=X(1)
XMAX=X(N)
YMIN=Y(1)
YMAX=Y(N)
DO 21 I=1,N
  IF(XMIN.GT.X(I))  XMIN=X(I)
  IF(XMAX.LT.X(I))  XMAX=X(I)
  IF(YMIN.GT.Y(I))  YMIN=Y(I)
  IF(YMAX.LT.Y(I))  YMAX=Y(I)
21 CONTINUE
IF(YMIN.GT.0.0)  YMIN=0.0
IXLAB=1
IF(XMAX.LT.0.1)  IXLAB=2
IF(XMAX.LT.0.01) IXLAB=3
IF(XMAX.LT.0.001) IXLAB=4
IF(XMAX.GT.10.0) IXLAB=5
IF(XMAX.GT.100.0) IXLAB=6
IF(XMAX.GT.1000.0) IXLAB=7
IYLAB=1
IF(YMAX.LT.0.1)  IYLAB=2
IF(YMAX.LT.0.01) IYLAB=3
IF(YMAX.LT.0.001) IYLAB=4
IF(YMAX.GT.10.0)  IYLAB=5
IF(YMAX.GT.100.0) IYLAB=6
IF(YMAX.GT.1000.0) IYLAB=7
IF(IXLAB.NE.1) THEN
  IF(IXLAB.EQ.2)  XFAC=10.0
  IF(IXLAB.EQ.3)  XFAC=100.0
  IF(IXLAB.EQ.4)  XFAC=1000.0
  IF(IXLAB.EQ.5)  XFAC=0.01
  IF(IXLAB.EQ.6)  XFAC=0.001
  IF(IXLAB.EQ.7)  XFAC=0.0001
  XMIN=XMIN*XFAC
  XMAX=XMAX*XFAC
DO 22 I=1,N
  X(I)=X(I)*XFAC
22 CONTINUE
ENDIF
IF(IYLAB.NE.1) THEN
  IF(IYLAB.EQ.2)  YFAC=10.0
  IF(IYLAB.EQ.3)  YFAC=100.0
  IF(IYLAB.EQ.4)  YFAC=1000.0
  IF(IYLAB.EQ.5)  YFAC=0.01

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        IF(IYLAB.EQ.6)  YFAC=0.001
        IF(IYLAB.EQ.7)  YFAC=0.0001
        YMIN=YMIN*YFAC
        YMAX=YMAX*YFAC
        DO 23 I=1,N
            Y(I)=Y(I)*YFAC
23 CONTINUE
        ENDIF
        XLABL(1)=LABLX
        XLABL(2)=LABFAC(IXLAB)
        YLABL(1)=LABLY
        YLABL(2)=LABFAC(IYLAB)
        XMAJ=0.2*(XMAX-XMIN)
        YMAJ=0.2*(YMAX-YMIN)
        ICOLR=4
        IFIL=3
        ILIN=1
        CALL QSMODE(MODE)
        IF(IBOARD.NE.1) THEN
            CALL QPREG(0,ICOLR)
        ENDIF
        JCOL1=150
        JCOL2=500
        JROW1=40
        IF(MODE.EQ.6)  JROW1=60
        JROW2=149
        IF(MODE.EQ.16)  JROW2=299
        IF(MODE.EQ.18)  JROW2=419
        XORG=XMIN
        YORG=YMIN
        YOVERX=1.0
        IOPT=0
        IF(FFAC.EQ.1.0) THEN
            WRITE(FREQL,1)FREQ,RADHER(1)
        ELSE
            WRITE(FREQL,1)FREQ,RADHER(2)
        ENDIF
        IF(MODE.NE.18) THEN
            CALL QPTXT(60,TITLE,7,5,23)
            CALL QPTXT(29,FREQL,7,25,22)
        ELSE
            CALL QPTXT(60,TITLE,7,5,29)
            CALL QPTXT(29,FREQL,7,25,28)
        ENDIF
        CALL QPTXT(8,YLABL(1),7,2,15)
        CALL QPTXT(8,YLABL(2),7,2,14)
        CALL QPLOT(JCOL1,JCOL2,JROW1,JROW2,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,
*           XORG,YORG,IOPT,YOVERX,ASPECT)
        CALL QSETUP(0,ILIN,-2,IFIL)
        CALL QXAXIS(XMIN,XMAX,0.0,0,0,0)
        CALL QPTXTA(16,XLABL,7)
        CALL QXAXIS(XMIN,XMAX,XMAJ,0,-1,2)

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      CALL QYAXIS(YMIN,YMAX,YMAJ,0,-1,2)
      CALL QTABL(1,N,X,Y)
24  CONTINUE
      CALL QONKEY(IKEY)
      IF(IKEY.EQ.0) GO TO 24
      CALL QINKEY(IEXTEN,IKEY)
      CALL QSMODE(MODET)
25  CONTINUE
      IF(IXLAB.NE.1) THEN
        DO 31 I=1,N
          X(I)=X(I)/XFAC
31  CONTINUE
      ENDIF
      IF(IYLAB.NE.1) THEN
        DO 32 I=1,N
          Y(I)=Y(I)/YFAC
32  CONTINUE
      ENDIF
      RETURN
      END
      SUBROUTINE READIN
C      Reads input data
      COMMON /CMPVAL/X1,Y1,Z1,W1,M1,P0,P1,U0,U1,RFH,RFK,RFP,
*          S,GF,GOX,RFA,RFC
      COMMON /RELVAL/N,TAU,DTAU,NR,RBAR,MBAR,GAMMA,P00,DHLDR,CSTAR,
*          DCSDR,RHOLO,ULO,LAMDA,MU,TAUT,UBAR(50),XBAR(50),XLC
      COMMON /INTVAL/NVAL
      COMMON /DIMVAL/HOLDD(20),XBARD(50),PBAR(50),TBAR(50)
      COMMON /TITL/TITLE,TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IYR,IMON,IDAY
      INTEGER*2 IHR,IMIN,IYR,IMON,IDAY
      CHARACTER*2 AP
      CHARACTER*60 TITLE
      CHARACTER*40 TITLF
      REAL MBAR,N,NR,LAMDA,MU,RVAR(15)
      REAL MBARD,ND,NRD,LAMDAD,MUD,HOLD(20)
      COMPLEX S,X1,Y1,Z1,W1,M1,P0,P1,U0,U1,GF,GOX,RFH,RFK,RFP,RFA,RFC
      COMPLEX CVAR(17)
      EQUIVALENCE (N,RVAR(1)),(X1,CVAR(1))
      EQUIVALENCE (ND,HOLD(1)),(TAUD,HOLD(2)),(DTAUD,HOLD(3)),
*          (NRD,HOLD(4)),(LAMDA,HOLD(5)),(MUD,HOLD(6)),
*          (CDIAM,HOLD(7)),(TDIAM,HOLD(8)),(XLCD,HOLD(9)),
*          (GAMMAD,HOLD(10)),(RGAS,HOLD(11)),(POOD,HOLD(12)),
*          (MBARD,HOLD(13)),(RBARD,HOLD(14)),(DCSDRD,HOLD(15)),
*          (DHLDRD,HOLD(16)),(RHOLOD,HOLD(17)),(ULOD,HOLD(18)),
*          (PCHMB,HOLD(19)),(TCHMB,HOLD(20))
      CHARACTER*8 VAR(20),VARP(20),VARL(20),NAME
      CHARACTER*1 ANS
      DATA IGO/0/
      DATA VAR /'      ND =',' TAUD =',' DTAUD =',' NRD =',' LAMDAD =',
*          '      MUD =',' CDIAM =',' TDIAM =',' XLCD =',' GAMMAD =',
*          '      RGAS =',' POOD =',' MBARD =',' RBARD =',' DCSDRD =',
*          '      DHLDRD =',' RHOLOD =',' ULOD =',' PCHMB =',' TCHMB ='/

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DATA VARP/'ND      ','TAUD      ','DTAUD      ','NRD      ','LAMDA      ','
*          'MUD      ','CDIAM      ','TDIAM      ','XLCD      ','GAMMA      ','
*          'RGAS      ','POOD      ','MBARD      ','RBARD      ','DCSDRD      ','
*          'DHLDRD      ','RHOLOD      ','ULOD      ','PCHMB      ','TCHMB      '/'
DATA VARL/'nd      ','taud      ','dtaud      ','nrd      ','lamdad      ','
*          'mud      ','cdiam      ','tdiam      ','xlcd      ','gammad      ','
*          'rgas      ','p00d      ','mbard      ','rbard      ','dcsdrd      ','
*          'dhldrd      ','rho lod      ','ulod      ','pchmb      ','tchmb      '/'
1 FORMAT(16I5)
2 FORMAT(4E15.6)
3 FORMAT(3E15.6)
4 FORMAT(A)
5 FORMAT(' Enter X (ft), P (lbf/ft^2), and T (°R) for point ',
*       I3,' ')
6 FORMAT(1P4E15.6)
7 FORMAT(2X,A8,2X,A8,2X,A8,2X,A8,2X,A8)
8 FORMAT(2X,A8,1PE13.5,2X,A8,E13.5,2X,A8,E13.5)
9 FORMAT(1P3E15.6)
10 FORMAT(A40,2X,I2.2,':',I2.2,A2,3X,I2.2,'-',I2.2,'-',I2.2)
    IF(IGO.EQ.1) THEN
        WRITE(*,'(A\))') ' Do you wish to use old data with or without chan
*ges? Y or N '
        READ(*,4)ANS
        IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') GO TO 24
    ENDIF
    IGO=1
    WRITE(*,*)' '
    WRITE(*,'(A\))') ' Is your rocket input on file? Y OR N '
    READ(*,4)ANS
    IF(ANS.NE.'N'.AND.ANS.NE.'n') THEN
        WRITE(*,'(A\))') ' Does the file need to be rewound? Y OR N '
        READ(*,4)ANS
        IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') REWIND 15
        READ(15,4,END=99)TITLF
        WRITE(TITLE,10)TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IMON,IDAY,IYR
        READ(15,1,END=99)NVAL
        IF(NVAL.EQ.0) GO TO 99
        READ(15,3)(XBARD(I),PBAR(I),TBAR(I),I=1,NVAL)
        PCHMB=PBAR(1)
        TCHMB=TBAR(1)
        READ(15,2)ND,TAUD,DTAUD,NRD
        READ(15,2)LAMDAD,MUD
        READ(15,2)CDIAM,TDIAM,XLCD
        READ(15,2)GAMMAD,RGAS,POOD
        READ(15,2)MBARD,RBARD
        READ(15,2)DCSDRD,DHLDRD,RHOLOD,ULOD
    ELSE
        WRITE(*,'(A\))') ' How many points along centerline? '
        READ(*,*,END=99)NVAL
        IF(NVAL.EQ.0) GO TO 99
        DO 21 I=1,NVAL
            WRITE(*,5)I

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        READ(*,*)XBARD(I),PBAR(I),TBAR(I)
21 CONTINUE
    PCHMB=PBAR(1)
    TCHMB=TBAR(1)
    WRITE(*,*)' Enter Title'
    READ(*,4)TITLF
    WRITE(TITLE,10)TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IMON,IDAY,IYR
    WRITE(*,*)' Enter N (pressure interaction index) and NR',
*       '(enthalpy interaction index)'
    READ(*,*)ND,NR
    WRITE(*,*)' Enter TAU (sensitive time lag - sec) and DTAU',
*       '(invariant time lag - sec)'
    READ(*,*)TAUD,DTAUD
    WRITE(*,*)' Enter LAMDA and MU (real and imaginary parts',
*       ' of frequency'
    READ(*,*)LAMDA,MUD
    WRITE(*,*)' Enter XLCD (length of combustion chamber - ft)'
    READ(*,*)XLCD
    WRITE(*,*)' Enter CDIAM (chamber diameter - ft) and TDIAM',
*       '(throat diameter - ft)'
    READ(*,*)CDIAM,TDIAM
    WRITE(*,*)' Enter GAMMA (ratio of specific heats), RGAS',
*       '(gas constant - ft^2/sec^2/R)'
    READ(*,*)GAMMA,RGAS
    WRITE(*,*)' Enter P00 (maximum overpressure - lbf/ft^2)'
    READ(*,*)P00
    WRITE(*,*)' Enter MBAR (mean combustion response function -',
*       ' lbm/sec)'
    WRITE(*,*)' and RBAR (mean mixture ratio)'
    READ(*,*)MBAR,RBAR
    WRITE(*,*)' Enter DCSDR (dc*/dr - ft/sec) and DHLDR',
*       '(dh/dr - ft^2/sec^2)'
    READ(*,*)DCSDR,DHLDR
    WRITE(*,*)' Enter RHOLO (mass of liquid/unit chamber vol -',
*       ' lbm/ft^3)'
    WRITE(*,*)' and ULO (axial component of liquid velocity',
*       ' - ft/sec)'
    READ(*,*)RHOLO,ULOD
    WRITE(15,4)TITLF
    WRITE(15,1)NVAL
    WRITE(15,9)(XBARD(I),PBAR(I),TBAR(I),I=1,NVAL)
    WRITE(15,6)ND,TAUD,DTAUD,NR
    WRITE(15,6)LAMDA,MUD
    WRITE(15,6)CDIAM,TDIAM,XLCD
    WRITE(15,6)GAMMA,RGAS,P00
    WRITE(15,6)MBAR,RBAR
    WRITE(15,6)DCSDR,DHLDR,RHOLO,ULOD
    ENDIF
    CALL NONDIM(HOLD)
    RETURN
24 CONTINUE
    WRITE(*, '(A\))' ) ' are there any changes? Y or N '

```

```

READ(*,4)ANS
IF(ANS.NE.'Y'.AND.ANS.NE.'y') THEN
  CALL NONDIM(HOLD)
  RETURN
ENDIF
WRITE(*,'(A\)' )' Do you wish to change title? Y or N '
READ(*,4)ANS
IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') THEN
  WRITE(*,*)' Enter Title'
  READ(*,4)TITLF
  WRITE(TITLE,10)TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IMON,IDAY,IYR
ENDIF
GO TO 29
27 CONTINUE
WRITE(*,*)' VARIABLE NAMES AND DESCRIPTIONS'
WRITE(*,*)' '
WRITE(*,*)' ND - pressure interaction index'
WRITE(*,*)' TAUD - sensitive time lag sec'
WRITE(*,*)' DTAUD - invariant time lag sec'
WRITE(*,*)' NRD - enthalpy interaction index'
WRITE(*,*)' LAMDAD - damping of perturbation'
WRITE(*,*)' MUD - frequency of perturbation'
WRITE(*,*)' CDIAM - chamber diameter ft'
WRITE(*,*)' TDIAM - throat diameter ft'
WRITE(*,*)' XLCD - length of combustion chamber ft'
WRITE(*,*)' GAMMAD - ratio of specific heats'
WRITE(*,*)' RGAS - gas constant ',
* '(ft/sec)^2/'R'
WRITE(*,*)' POOD - maximum pressure ',
* 'lbf/ft^2'
WRITE(*,*)' MBARD - mean combustion response funct. ',
* 'lbf/sec'
WRITE(*,*)' RBARD - mean mixture ratio'
WRITE(*,*)' DCSDRD - d(c*)/d(mixture ratio) ft/sec'
WRITE(*,*)' DHLDRD - d(enthalpy)/d(mixture ratio) ',
* 'ft^2/sec^2'
WRITE(*,*)' RHOLOD - mass of liquid/unit chamber volume ',
* 'lbm/ft^3'
WRITE(*,*)' ULOD - axial component of liquid velocity ft/sec'
WRITE(*,*)' PCHMB - chamber pressure at injector ',
* 'lbf/ft^2'
WRITE(*,*)' TCHMB - chamber temperature °R'
WRITE(*,*)' '
GO TO 30
28 CONTINUE
WRITE(*,*)' VARIABLE NAMES AND VALUES'
WRITE(*,*)' '
WRITE(*,8)(VAR(I),HOLD(I),I=1,20)
29 CONTINUE
WRITE(*,*)' '
WRITE(*,*)' Enter ? to print variable names & descriptions'
WRITE(*,*)' # to print variable names & values'

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WRITE(*,*)'      END when all changes have been made'
WRITE(*,*)' '
30 CONTINUE
WRITE(*, '(A\))')' Enter variable name and new value, END, ?, or #
* '
CALL ZREAD(NAME,VALUE)
IF(NAME.EQ.'?') GO TO 27
IF(NAME.EQ.'#') GO TO 28
IF(NAME.EQ.'END'.OR.NAME.EQ.'end') THEN
  CALL NONDIM(HOLD)
  RETURN
ENDIF
DO 31 II=1,20
  I=II
  IF(NAME.EQ.VARP(I).OR.NAME.EQ.VARL(I)) GO TO 32
31 CONTINUE
WRITE(*,*)'      Invalid name, try again'
GO TO 27
32 CONTINUE
HOLD(I)=VALUE
GO TO 30
99 CONTINUE
STOP
END
SUBROUTINE SETVAL(VAL,ID)
C   Sets value from iterated variable
COMMON /DIMVAL/HOLDD(20),XBARD(50),PBAR(50),TBAR(50)
VAL=HOLDD(ID)
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE SETVAR(VAL,ID)
C   Sets iterated variable from value
COMMON /CMPVAL/X1,Y1,Z1,W1,M1,P0,P1,U0,U1,RFH,RFK,RFP,
*           S,GF,GOX,RFA,RFC
COMMON /RELVAL/N,TAU,DTAU,NR,RBAR,MBAR,GAMMA,P00,DHLDR,CSTAR,
*           DCSDR,RHOLO,ULO,LAMDA,MU,TAUT,UBAR(50),XBAR(50),XLC
COMMON /RESULT/PP,UP,SIGP,FUNB
COMMON /INTVAL/NVAL
COMMON /DIMVAL/HOLDD(20),XBARD(50),PBAR(50),TBAR(50)
REAL MBAR,N,NR,LAMDA,MU,RVAR(13)
REAL MBARD,ND,NRD,LAMDAD,MUD
COMPLEX S,X1,Y1,Z1,W1,M1,P0,P1,U0,U1,GF,GOX,RFH,RFK,RFP,RFA,RFC
COMPLEX PP,UP,SIGP,FUNB,CVAR(17)
EQUIVALENCE (N,RVAR(1)),(X1,CVAR(1))
EQUIVALENCE
*   (ND,HOLDD(1)),(TAUD,HOLDD(2)),(DTAUD,HOLDD(3)),
*   (NRD,HOLDD(4)),(LAMDAD,HOLDD(5)),(MUD,HOLDD(6)),
*   (CDIAM,HOLDD(7)),(TDIAM,HOLDD(8)),(XLCD,HOLDD(9)),
*   (GAMMAD,HOLDD(10)),(RGAS,HOLDD(11)),(POOD,HOLDD(12)),
*   (MBARD,HOLDD(13)),(RBARD,HOLDD(14)),(DCSDRD,HOLDD(15)),
*   (DHLDRD,HOLDD(16)),(RHOLOD,HOLDD(17)),(ULOD,HOLDD(18)),
*   (PCHMB,HOLDD(19)),(TCHMB,HOLDD(20))

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DATA PI/3.141593/,GC/32.174/
HOLDD(ID)=VAL
IF(ID.EQ.1) THEN
C          ND
    N=ND
    RETURN
ENDIF
IF(ID.EQ.2) THEN
C          TAUD
    ASTAR=SQRT(GAMMAD*RGAS*TBAR(1))
    TAU=TAUD*ASTAR/XLCD
    TAUT=TAU+DTAU
    RETURN
ENDIF
IF(ID.EQ.3) THEN
C          DTAUD
    ASTAR=SQRT(GAMMAD*RGAS*TBAR(1))
    DTAU=DTAUD*ASTAR/XLCD
    TAUT=TAU+DTAU
    RETURN
ENDIF
IF(ID.EQ.4) THEN
C          NRD
    NR=NRD
    RETURN
ENDIF
IF(ID.EQ.5) THEN
C          LAMDA
    ASTAR=SQRT(GAMMAD*RGAS*TBAR(1))
    LAMDA=LAMDA*XLCD/ASTAR
    S=CMPLX(LAMDA,MU)
    RETURN
ENDIF
IF(ID.EQ.6) THEN
C          MUD
    ASTAR=SQRT(GAMMAD*RGAS*TBAR(1))
    MU=MUD*XLCD*PI/ASTAR
    S=CMPLX(LAMDA,MU)
    RETURN
ENDIF
IF(ID.EQ.7) THEN
C          CDIAM
    CAREA=0.25*PI*CDIAM**2
    ASTAR=SQRT(GAMMAD*RGAS*TBAR(1))
    DO 21 I=1,NVAL
        RHOBAR=PBAR(I)*GC/(RGAS*TBAR(I))
        UBARD=MBARD/(RHOBAR*CAREA)
        UBAR(I)=UBARD/ASTAR
21 CONTINUE
    RETURN
ENDIF
IF(ID.EQ.8) THEN

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C          TDIAM
TAREA=0.25*PI*TDIAM**2
ASTAR=SQRT(GAMMAD*RGAS*TBAR(1))
CSTARD=PBAR(NVAL)*TAREA*GC/MBARD
CSTAR=CSTARD/ASTAR
RETURN
ENDIF
IF(ID.EQ.9) THEN
C          XLCD
ASTAR=SQRT(GAMMAD*RGAS*TBAR(1))
TAU=TAUD*ASTAR/XLCD
DTAU=DTAUD*ASTAR/XLCD
TAUT=TAU+DTAU
LAMDA=LAMDAD*XLCD/ASTAR
MU=MUD*XLCD*PI/ASTAR
S=CMPLX(LAMDA,MU)
DO 22 I=1,NVAL
    XBAR(I)=XBARD(I)/XLCD
22 CONTINUE
RETURN
ENDIF
IF(ID.EQ.10) THEN
C          GAMMAD
GAMMA=GAMMAD
CAREA=0.25*PI*CDIAM**2
TAREA=0.25*PI*TDIAM**2
ASTAR=SQRT(GAMMAD*RGAS*TBAR(1))
TAU=TAUD*ASTAR/XLCD
DTAU=DTAUD*ASTAR/XLCD
TAUT=TAU+DTAU
LAMDA=LAMDAD*XLCD/ASTAR
MU=MUD*XLCD*PI/ASTAR
S=CMPLX(LAMDA,MU)
ULO=ULOD/ASTAR
DCSDR=DCSDRD/ASTAR
RHOB1=PBAR(1)*GC/(RGAS*TBAR(1))
MBAR=MBARD/(RHOB1*ASTAR*CAREA/XLCD)
CSTARD=PBAR(NVAL)*TAREA*GC/MBARD
CSTAR=CSTARD/ASTAR
DO 23 I=1,NVAL
    RHOBAR=PBAR(I)*GC/(RGAS*TBAR(I))
    UBARD=MBARD/(RHOBAR*CAREA)
    UBAR(I)=UBARD/ASTAR
23 CONTINUE
RETURN
ENDIF
IF(ID.EQ.11) THEN
C          RGAS
CAREA=0.25*PI*CDIAM**2
TAREA=0.25*PI*TDIAM**2
ASTAR=SQRT(GAMMAD*RGAS*TBAR(1))
TAU=TAUD*ASTAR/XLCD

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DTAU=DTAUD*ASTAR/XLCD
TAUT=TAU+DTAU
LAMDA=LAMDAD*XLCD/ASTAR
MU=MUD*XLCD*PI/ASTAR
S=CMPLX(LAMDA,MU)
ULO=ULOD/ASTAR
DCSDR=DCSDRD/ASTAR
RHOBI=PBAR(1)*GC/(RGAS*TBAR(1))
RHOLO=RHOLOD/RHOBI
MBAR=MBARD/(RHOBI*ASTAR*CAREA/XLCD)
CSTARD=PBAR(NVAL)*TAREA*GC/MBARD
CSTAR=CSTARD/ASTAR
DO 24 I=1,NVAL
    RHOBAR=PBAR(I)*GC/(RGAS*TBAR(I))
    UBARD=MBARD/(RHOBAR*CAREA)
    UBAR(I)=UBARD/ASTAR
24 CONTINUE
    RETURN
ENDIF
IF(ID.EQ.12) THEN
C          POOD
    POO=POOD/PCHMB
    RETURN
ENDIF
IF(ID.EQ.13) THEN
C          MBARD
    CAREA=0.25*PI*CDIAM**2
    TAREA=0.25*PI*TDIAM**2
    ASTAR=SQRT(GAMMAD*RGAS*TBAR(1))
    RHOBI=PBAR(1)*GC/(RGAS*TBAR(1))
    MBAR=MBARD/(RHOBI*ASTAR*CAREA/XLCD)
    CSTARD=PBAR(NVAL)*TAREA*GC/MBARD
    CSTAR=CSTARD/ASTAR
    DO 25 I=1,NVAL
        RHOBAR=PBAR(I)*GC/(RGAS*TBAR(I))
        UBARD=MBARD/(RHOBAR*CAREA)
        UBAR(I)=UBARD/ASTAR
25 CONTINUE
    RETURN
ENDIF
IF(ID.EQ.14) THEN
C          RBARD
    RBAR=RBARD
    RETURN
ENDIF
IF(ID.EQ.15) THEN
C          DCSDRD
    ASTAR=SQRT(GAMMAD*RGAS*TBAR(1))
    DCSDR=DCSDRD/ASTAR
    RETURN
ENDIF
IF(ID.EQ.16) THEN

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C          DHLDR=DHLDRD          DHLDRD
      DHLDR=DHLDRD
      RETURN
    ENDIF
    IF(ID.EQ.17) THEN
C          RHOLOD
      RHOB1=PBAR(1)*GC/(RGAS*TBAR(1))
      RHOLO=RHOLOD/RHOB1
      RETURN
    ENDIF
    IF(ID.EQ.18) THEN
C          ULOD
      ASTAR=SQRT(GAMMAD*RGAS*TBAR(1))
      ULO=ULOD/ASTAR
      RETURN
    ENDIF
    IF(ID.EQ.19) THEN
C          PCHMB
      CAREA=0.25*PI*CDIAM**2
      TAREA=0.25*PI*TDIAM**2
      ASTAR=SQRT(GAMMAD*RGAS*TBAR(1))
      FAC=PCHMB/PBAR(1)
      DO 26 I=1,NVAL
        PBAR(I)=FAC*PBAR(I)
        RHOBAR=PBAR(I)*GC/(RGAS*TBAR(I))
        UBARD=MBARD/(RHOBAR*CAREA)
        UBAR(I)=UBARD/ASTAR
26 CONTINUE
      CSTARD=PBAR(NVAL)*TAREA*GC/MBARD
      CSTAR=CSTARD/ASTAR
      RHOB1=PBAR(1)*GC/(RGAS*TBAR(1))
      RHOLO=RHOLOD/RHOB1
      MBAR=MBARD/(RHOB1*ASTAR*CAREA/XLCD)
      P00=P00D/PCHMB
      RETURN
    ENDIF
    IF(ID.EQ.20) THEN
C          TCHMB
      DO 27 I=1,NVAL
        TBAR(I)=FAC*TBAR(I)
27 CONTINUE
      CAREA=0.25*PI*CDIAM**2
      TAREA=0.25*PI*TDIAM**2
      ASTAR=SQRT(GAMMAD*RGAS*TBAR(1))
      FAC=TCHMB/TBAR(1)
      DO 28 I=1,NVAL
        RHOBAR=PBAR(I)*GC/(RGAS*TBAR(I))
        UBARD=MBARD/(RHOBAR*CAREA)
        UBAR(I)=UBARD/ASTAR
28 CONTINUE
      CSTARD=PBAR(NVAL)*TAREA*GC/MBARD
      CSTAR=CSTARD/ASTAR

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        RHOB1=PBAR(1)*GC/(RGAS*TBAR(1))
        RHOLO=RHOLOD/RHOB1
        MBAR=MBARD/(RHOB1*ASTAR*CAREA/XLCD)
    ENDIF
    RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE ZREAD(NAME,VALUE)
C    Reads input for input modification
    CHARACTER*1 NAME(8)
    CHARACTER*1 CARD(80),PLUS,MINUS,PERIOD,LE,E,NUMBER(10)
    CHARACTER*1 LEND(3),CEND(3),POUND,QUEST,BLK,COMMA
    CHARACTER*80 DCARD
    EQUIVALENCE (CARD(1),DCARD)
    DATA PLUS/'+'/,MINUS/'-'/,PERIOD/'.'/,LE/'e'/,E/'E'/,BLK/' '/
    DATA NUMBER/'0','1','2','3','4','5','6','7','8','9'/,COMMA/','/,
    DATA LEND/'e','n','d'/,CEND/'E','N','D'/,POUND/'#'/,QUEST/'?'/
1   FORMAT(A)
    DO 21 I=1,8
        NAME(I)=BLK
21  CONTINUE
    READ(*,1)DCARD
    IF(CARD(1).EQ.POUND) THEN
        NAME(1)=POUND
        RETURN
    ENDIF
    IF(CARD(1).EQ.QUEST) THEN
        NAME(1)=QUEST
        RETURN
    ENDIF
    DO 22 I=1,3
        IF(CARD(I).NE.LEND(I).AND.CARD(I).NE.CEND(I)) GO TO 23
        NAME(I)=CEND(I)
22  CONTINUE
    RETURN
23  CONTINUE
    DO 24 I=1,8
        II=I
        IF(CARD(I).EQ.BLK.OR.CARD(I).EQ.COMMA) GO TO 25
        NAME(I)=CARD(I)
24  CONTINUE
25  CONTINUE
    DO 26 I=II,80
        ID=I
        IF(CARD(I).NE.BLK.AND.CARD(I).NE.COMMA) GO TO 27
26  CONTINUE
    VALUE=0.0
    WRITE(*,*)'    No value given, ZERO assumed'
    RETURN
27  CONTINUE
    SIGN=1.0
    IF(CARD(ID).EQ.MINUS) THEN
        SIGN=-1.0

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```

        ID=ID+1
    ELSEIF(CARD(ID).EQ.PLUS) THEN
        ID=ID+1
    ENDIF
    WHOLE=0.0
    DO 30 I=ID,80
        II=I
        IF(CARD(I).EQ.PERIOD) GO TO 31
        IF(CARD(I).EQ.PLUS) GO TO 36
        IF(CARD(I).EQ.MINUS) GO TO 36
        IF(CARD(I).EQ.E.OR.CARD(I).EQ.LE) GO TO 35
        DO 28 J=1,10
            JJ=J-1
            IF(CARD(I).EQ.NUMBER(J)) GO TO 29
28 CONTINUE
            VALUE=SIGN*WHOLE
            IF(CARD(I).EQ.BLK) RETURN
            WRITE(*,*)' Input error, value set to ZERO'
            VALUE=0.0
            RETURN
29 CONTINUE
            WHOLE=WHOLE*10.0+JJ
30 CONTINUE
            VALUE=SIGN*WHOLE
            RETURN
31 CONTINUE
            ID=II+1
            FRACT=0.0
            ICOUNT=0
            DO 34 I=ID,80
                ICOUNT=ICOUNT+1
                II=I
                IF(CARD(I).EQ.PERIOD) THEN
                    WRITE(*,*)' Input error, value set to ZERO'
                    VALUE=0.0
                    RETURN
                ENDIF
                IF(CARD(I).EQ.PLUS) GO TO 36
                IF(CARD(I).EQ.MINUS) GO TO 36
                IF(CARD(I).EQ.E.OR.CARD(I).EQ.LE) GO TO 35
                DO 32 J=1,10
                    JJ=J-1
                    IF(CARD(I).EQ.NUMBER(J)) GO TO 33
32 CONTINUE
                    VALUE=SIGN*(WHOLE+FRACT)
                    IF(CARD(I).EQ.BLK) RETURN
                    WRITE(*,*)' Input error, value set to ZERO'
                    VALUE=0.0
                    RETURN
33 CONTINUE
                    FRACT=FRACT+JJ/10.0**ICOUNT
34 CONTINUE

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        VALUE=SIGN*(WHOLE+FRACT)
        RETURN
35 CONTINUE
    II=II+1
36 CONTINUE
    VALUE=SIGN*(WHOLE+FRACT)
    SIGN=1.0
    IF(CARD(II).EQ.MINUS) THEN
        SIGN=-1.0
        II=II+1
    ELSEIF(CARD(II).EQ.PLUS) THEN
        II=II+1
    ENDIF
    WHOLE=0.0
    DO 39 I=II,80
        DO 37 J=1,10
            JJ=J-1
            IF(CARD(I).EQ.NUMBER(J)) GO TO 38
37 CONTINUE
            VALUE=VALUE*10.0**(SIGN*WHOLE)
            IF(CARD(I).EQ.BLK) RETURN
            WRITE(*,*)' Input error, value set to ZERO'
            VALUE=0.0
            RETURN
38 CONTINUE
            WHOLE=WHOLE*10.0+JJ
39 CONTINUE
            VALUE=VALUE*10.0**(SIGN*WHOLE)
            RETURN
        END
    END

```